

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.1997, 8.8792, 16.8298)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.1997, 8.8792, 16.8298)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.1902, 8.9196,
16.7019)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	744371
RGB	116, 67, 113
RGB Percent	45%, 26%, 44%
CMY	0.5451, 0.7372, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.03, 0.55
HSL	304°, 27%, 36%
HSV	304°, 42%, 45%
XYZ	12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019
YIQ	86.8950, 14.4380, 24.6940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

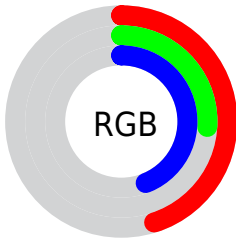
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 67, 113
Decimal	7619441
CIE _{Lab}	35.83, 28.75, -17.70
CIE _{LCh}	36, 33.762, 328.380
Yxy	8.9196, 0.3224, 0.2359
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285809521 (0xFF744371)
YUV	86.8950, 12.8698, 25.5251
Hunter-Lab	29.8657, 20.5929, -12.2510

Details

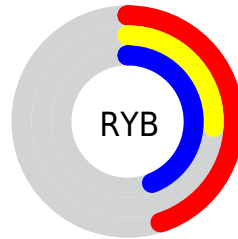
The XYZ color **12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **9.6660, 14.1265, 8.0121**, and the grayscale version is **9.0079, 9.4770, 10.3204**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.3991, 23.6424, 38.6112**, and **3.4511, 2.0402, 5.2129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.5287, 7.6602, 16.2850**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.9907, 10.4563, 17.1669**.

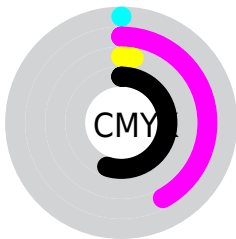
Distribution



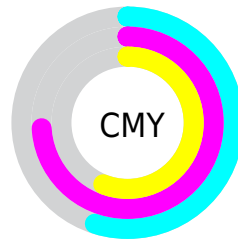
- Red (45%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.1902, 8.9196,
16.7019

12.1902, 8.9196,
16.7019

199.4047,
182.7770, 245.4341

6.9465, 4.6888,
9.8625

29.4549, 23.7425,
38.5961

3.4747, 2.0658,
5.2035

42.2066, 35.1033,
54.4880

1.4095, 0.6453,
2.3063

58.1916, 49.6096,
74.2345

0.2630, 0.0000,
0.7347

77.7754, 67.6458,
98.2540

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

101.3232, 89.5962,
126.9652

129.2005,

115.8453, 160.7866

161.7725,
146.7774, 200.1367

■ 12.1902, 8.9196,
16.7019

■ 12.1902, 8.9196,
16.7019

■ 11.5287, 7.6602,
16.2850

■ 12.9907, 10.4563,
17.1669

■ 10.9971, 6.6603,
15.9128

■ 13.9371, 12.2842,
17.6820

■ 10.5866, 5.9019,
15.5825

■ 15.0366, 14.4180,
18.2496

■ 10.2866, 5.3641,
15.2906

■ 16.2959, 16.8708,
18.8721

■ 10.0848, 5.0223,
15.0330

■ 17.7211, 19.6550,
19.5514

■ 9.9573, 4.8149,
14.8438

■ 19.3182, 22.7823,
20.2896

■ 21.0927, 26.2641,
21.0885

■ 23.0500, 30.1109,
21.9499

■ 25.1951, 34.3329,
22.8755

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4392, 8.9196, 22.9731



12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019



12.9296, 8.9196, 10.0264

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019



8.5869, 8.9196, 2.3408



5.5258, 8.9196, 15.9402

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019



9.6660, 14.1265, 8.0121

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.1868, 8.9196, 9.4041



12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019



6.7789, 8.9196, 2.8896

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019



10.6569, 8.9196, 3.0305



5.6079, 8.9196, 5.0083



6.6181, 8.9196, 22.4251

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019



12.6736, 8.9196, 6.6379



5.6079, 8.9196, 5.0083



5.3283, 8.9196, 13.6130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.1905, 8.9200, 16.7021



26.2074, 24.9083, 31.9661



7.6463, 6.5575, 17.3858



6.1643, 5.7716, 7.5812



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.1905, 8.9200, 16.7021



20.2599, 13.4547, 28.6224



11.0152, 8.4499, 10.5131



3.8174, 3.7543, 4.5653



11.1719, 5.4025, 16.6452



54.3261, 26.2806, 80.5037

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.1905, 8.9200, 16.7021



20.2599, 13.4547, 28.6224



10.5786, 14.4915, 12.8179



3.8174, 3.7543, 4.5653



11.1719, 5.4025, 16.6452



54.3261, 26.2806, 80.5037

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

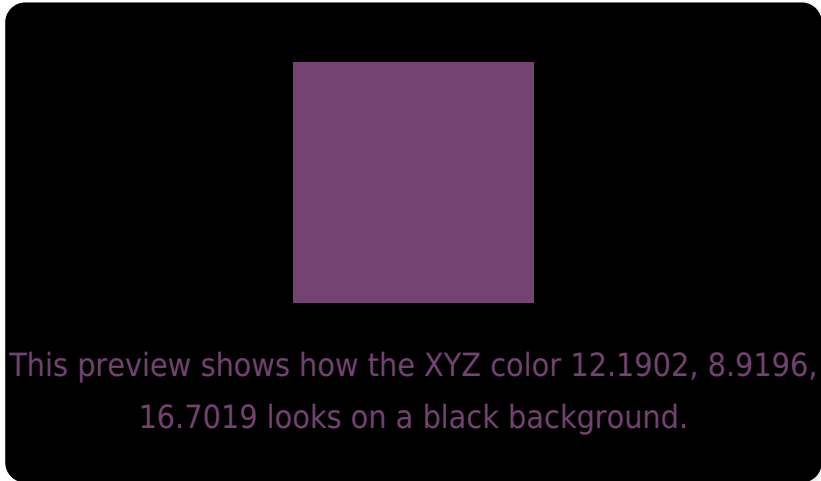
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.1902, 8.9196,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019

Protanopia

9.3849, 8.9950, 20.9802

Deuteranopia

9.1322, 8.9746, 16.0028



Tritanopia

10.5788, 8.9215, 8.7539

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019

Protanomaly

10.0355, 8.7145, 19.2423

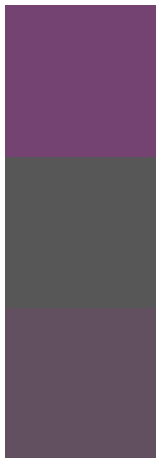
Deuteranomaly

9.9368, 8.7308, 16.2004

Tritanomaly

10.9951, 8.7899, 11.2423

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019

Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790

Achromatomaly

10.0170, 9.1785, 12.3100

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 67, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 67, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 67, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 67, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 67, 113) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 67, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 67, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 67, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 67, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 67,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.1902, 8.9196, 16.7019 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 67, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116, 67,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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