

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.2015, 11.4171,
15.1963)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A5A6A
RGB	106, 90, 106
RGB Percent	42%, 35%, 42%
CMY	0.5843, 0.6470, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	300°, 8%, 38%
HSV	300°, 15%, 42%
XYZ	12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963
YIQ	96.6080, 4.4000, 8.3680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

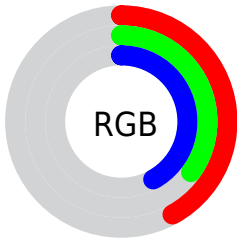
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 90, 106
Decimal	6969962
CIE Lab	40.27, 9.67, -6.72
CIE LCh	40, 11.772, 325.205
Yxy	11.4171, 0.3144, 0.2941
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285160042 (0xFF6A5A6A)
YUV	96.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368
Hunter-Lab	33.7892, 5.3264, -3.0125

Details

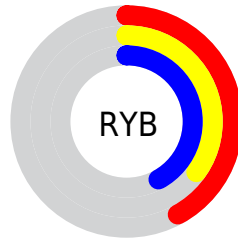
The XYZ color **12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **11.2164, 13.2202, 11.6341**, and the grayscale version is **11.2548, 11.8409, 12.8948**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.3685, 28.3586, 35.8242**, and **3.4937, 3.0469, 4.5417** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.3705, 9.7550, 14.9195**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.1607, 13.3352, 15.5162**.

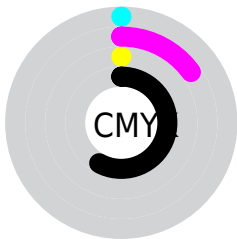
Distribution



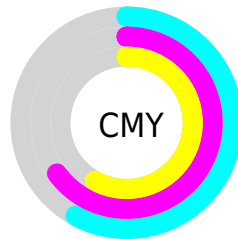
- Red (42%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.2015, 11.4171,
15.1963

■ 12.2015, 11.4171,
15.1963

199.4775,
200.5072, 236.2329

■ 6.9542, 6.3481,
8.8091

■ 29.4752, 28.4289,
35.9443

■ 3.4796, 3.0579,
4.5218

■ 42.2324, 41.1405,
51.1423

■ 1.4122, 1.1620,
1.9157

■ 58.2237, 57.1685,
70.1142

■ 0.2649, 0.0304,
0.5027

■ 77.8143, 76.8972,
93.2787

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 101.3696,
100.7110, 121.0543

129.2550,

128.9944, 153.8595

161.8359,
162.1316, 192.1128

■ 12.2015, 11.4171,
15.1963

■ 12.2015, 11.4171,
15.1963

■ 11.3705, 9.7550,
14.9195

■ 13.1607, 13.3352,
15.5162

■ 10.6614, 8.3368,
14.6831

■ 14.2521, 15.5180,
15.8800

■ 10.0687, 7.1513,
14.4855

■ 15.4809, 17.9756,
16.2895

■ 9.5861, 6.1863,
14.3247

■ 16.8516, 20.7169,
16.7464

■ 9.2070, 5.4280,
14.1983

■ 18.3685, 23.7507,
17.2521

■ 8.9237, 4.8615,
14.1039

■ 20.0358, 27.0853,
17.8078

■ 8.7277, 4.4695,
14.0385

■ 21.8575, 30.7286,
18.4150

■ 8.6017, 4.2176,
13.9966

■ 23.8373, 34.6883,
19.0750

■ 8.5453, 4.1047,
13.9777

■ 25.9791, 38.9718,
19.7889

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.5385, 11.4171, 16.9913



12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963



12.5034, 11.4171, 12.8134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963



10.9842, 11.4171, 8.4454



9.4839, 11.4171, 14.4596

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963



11.2164, 13.2202, 11.6341

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.3521, 11.4171, 12.0569



12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963



10.1926, 11.4171, 8.7702

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963



11.7784, 11.4171, 9.0733



9.6051, 11.4171, 10.0238



9.9748, 11.4171, 16.5297

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963



12.4488, 11.4171, 11.2818



9.6051, 11.4171, 10.0238



9.3972, 11.4171, 13.6563

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.2018, 11.4176, 15.1965



23.0889, 23.3870, 27.2283



10.4972, 10.5723, 15.1232



5.3873, 5.4359, 6.3711



52.6788, 55.4222, 60.3547



5.6320, 5.9254, 6.4527

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.2018, 11.4176, 15.1965



20.8929, 18.9951, 26.4963



11.8176, 11.2639, 13.1731



3.2176, 3.1639, 3.8760



10.6048, 5.0940, 17.3466



54.0358, 25.9561, 88.3882

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.4459, 11.1152, 11.2157



19.3030, 18.3591, 18.1238



11.5629, 13.3588, 13.4589



3.0998, 3.1168, 3.2557



7.3765, 3.8027, 0.3453



37.5865, 19.3765, 1.7591

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

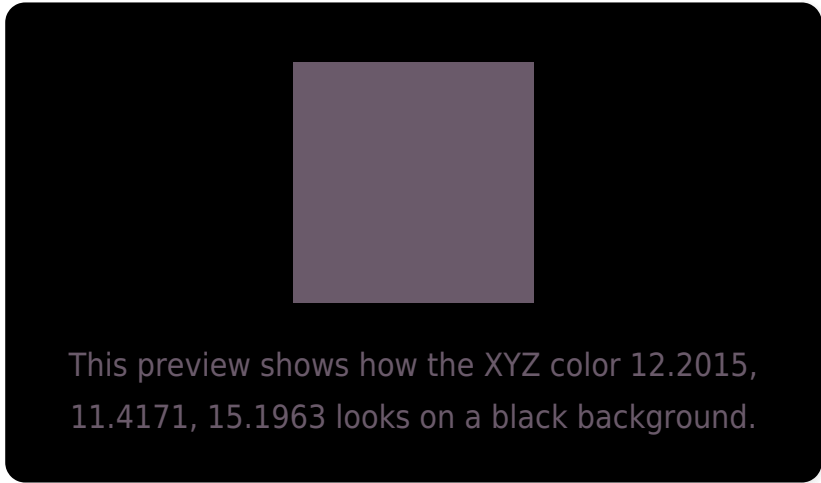
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.2015, 11.4171,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963

Protanopia

11.2772, 11.4367, 16.0811

Deuteranopia

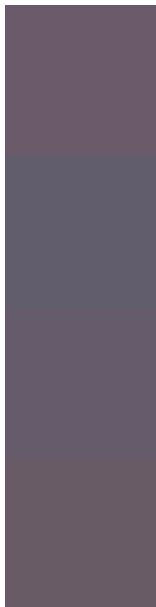
11.5743, 11.3475, 15.2159



Tritanopia

11.7714, 11.3673, 13.1290

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963

Protanomaly

11.6581, 11.5081, 15.7942

Deuteranomaly

11.8221, 11.3476, 15.2029

Tritanomaly

11.9157, 11.4250, 13.8891

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963

Achromatopsia

11.3621, 11.9538, 13.0177

Achromatomaly

11.5585, 11.6348, 13.6931

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 90, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 90, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 90, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 90, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 90, 106) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 90, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 90, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 90, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 90, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 90,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.2015, 11.4171, 15.1963 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 90, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106, 90,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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