

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.2201, 12.3035, 15.3658)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.2201, 12.3035, 15.3658)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.2430, 12.3567,
15.3755)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	65616A
RGB	101, 97, 106
RGB Percent	40%, 38%, 42%
CMY	0.6039, 0.6196, 0.5843
CMYK	0.05, 0.08, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	267°, 4%, 40%
HSV	267°, 8%, 42%
XYZ	12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755
YIQ	99.2220, -0.5050, 3.6470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

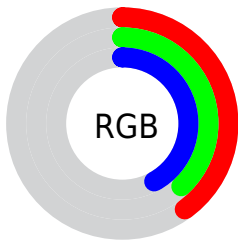
Format	Color
R_{YB}	101, 97, 106
Decimal	6644074
CIE Lab	41.78, 3.47, -4.53
CIE LCh	42, 5.710, 307.468
Yxy	12.3567, 0.3063, 0.3091
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284834154 (0xFF65616A)
YUV	99.2220, 3.3416, 1.5593
Hunter-Lab	35.1521, 0.6530, -1.3269

Details

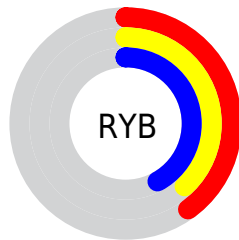
The XYZ color **12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **12.7918, 13.9963, 13.3373**, and the grayscale version is **11.9079, 12.5280, 13.6430**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.6246, 30.2895, 36.1834**, and **3.4946, 3.4677, 4.6228** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.6923, 10.1994, 15.0410**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.9726, 14.8012, 15.7564**.

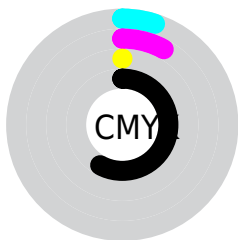
Distribution



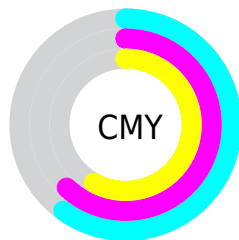
- Red (40%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.2430, 12.3567,
15.3755

■ 12.2430, 12.3567,
15.3755

199.7447,
206.7526, 237.3465

■ 6.9828, 6.9871,
8.9338

■ 29.5499, 30.1431,
36.2622

■ 3.4976, 3.4540,
4.6018

■ 42.3274, 43.3287,
51.5442

■ 1.4220, 1.3731,
1.9610

■ 58.3412, 59.8884,
70.6101

■ 0.2718, 0.1968,
0.5311

■ 77.9569, 80.2067,
93.8784

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

101.5397,
104.6678, 121.7677

129.4551,

133.6563, 154.6964

162.0683,
167.5564, 193.0831

■ 12.2430, 12.3567,
15.3755

■ 12.2430, 12.3567,
15.3755

■ 10.6923, 10.1994,
15.0410

■ 13.9726, 14.8012,
15.7564

■ 9.3133, 8.3170,
14.7504

■ 15.8859, 17.5416,
16.1845

■ 8.0998, 6.6985,
14.5019

■ 17.9888, 20.5881,
16.6617

■ 7.0449, 5.3314,
14.2936

■ 20.2865, 23.9500,
17.1895

■ 6.1411, 4.2025,
14.1234

■ 22.7841, 27.6361,
17.7693

■ 5.3803, 3.2971,
13.9887

■ 25.4866, 31.6550,
18.4026

■ 4.7533, 2.5989,
13.8870

■ 28.3987, 36.0149,
19.0907

■ 4.2501, 2.0893,
13.8152

■ 31.5249, 40.7237,
19.8348

■ 3.8371, 1.7034,
13.7624

■ 34.8696, 45.7890,
20.6362

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.8500, 12.3567, 15.8812



12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755



12.5068, 12.3567, 14.3606

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755



12.0570, 12.3567, 11.4284



10.9617, 12.3567, 13.7573

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755



12.7918, 13.9963, 13.3373

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.0142, 12.3567, 12.5871



12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755



11.6400, 12.3567, 11.2882

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755



12.3976, 12.3567, 12.0954



11.2601, 12.3567, 11.7003



11.1151, 12.3567, 14.9114

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755



12.5704, 12.3567, 13.5568



11.2601, 12.3567, 11.7003



10.9559, 12.3567, 13.3524

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.2434, 12.3572, 15.3758



23.0882, 23.9421, 27.3354



12.2930, 13.1049, 15.5175



5.3601, 5.5401, 6.3927



52.6788, 55.4222, 60.3547



5.6320, 5.9254, 6.4527

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.2434, 12.3572, 15.3758



20.9779, 20.9737, 26.8737



12.7494, 12.6181, 15.3995



3.0642, 3.0848, 3.8688



4.6506, 2.0245, 17.0679



22.7278, 9.8162, 86.9230

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.6173, 12.5735, 14.3331



21.7669, 21.4300, 24.6694



12.3061, 13.7460, 13.3146



3.1635, 3.1423, 3.5915



8.3361, 4.1865, 5.3982



42.0334, 21.1553, 25.1764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

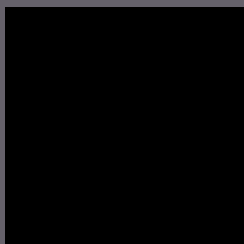
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

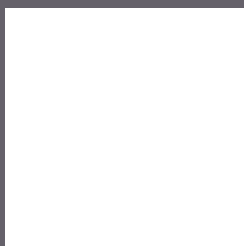
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.2430, 12.3567,

15.3755.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755

Protanopia

12.0585, 12.3936, 15.6666

Deuteranopia

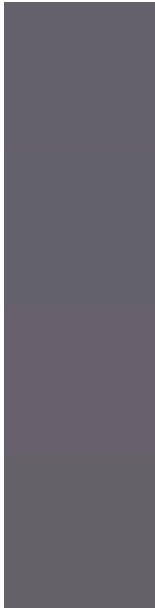
12.6101, 12.4096, 15.3663



Tritanopia

12.1913, 12.3360, 15.1031

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755

Protanomaly

12.1671, 12.4496, 15.6716

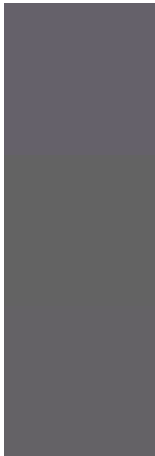
Deuteranomaly

12.4933, 12.3494, 15.3609

Tritanomaly

12.1913, 12.3360, 15.1031

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755

Achromatopsia

11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877

Achromatomaly

12.0215, 12.4040, 14.3310

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 97, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 97, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 97, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 97, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 97, 106) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 97, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 97, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 97, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 97, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 97,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.2430, 12.3567, 15.3755 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 97, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101, 97,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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