

# Converting Colors

XYZ(12.2383, 25.8870, 14.9067)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(12.2383, 25.8870, 14.9067)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(15.2958, 27.3591,  
15.0643)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A45E
RGB	0, 164, 94
RGB Percent	0%, 64%, 37%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3569, 0.6314
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.43, 0.36
HSL	154°, 100%, 32%
HSV	154°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643
YIQ	106.9840, -75.2740, -56.5380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

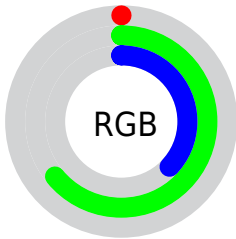
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 104, 164
Decimal	42078
CIELab	59.31, -52.63, 26.40
CIELCh	59, 58.874, 153.363
Yxy	27.3591, 0.2650, 0.4740
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278232158 (0xFF00A45E)
YUV	106.9840, -6.4011, -93.8250
Hunter-Lab	52.3059, -39.3367, 19.5384

# Details

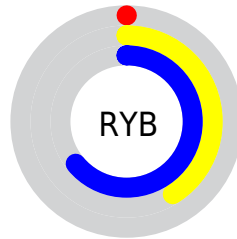
The XYZ color **15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **16.4161, 8.3352, 6.5387**, and the grayscale version is **14.0035, 14.7328, 16.0440**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.9205, 55.4044, 35.6417**, and **6.1776, 11.5661, 4.4917** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.2964, 27.3601, 15.0646**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.8457, 27.6054, 16.8057**.

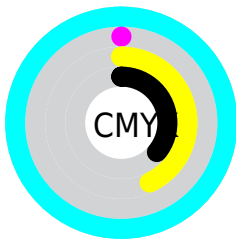
# Distribution



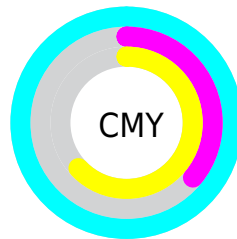
- Red (0%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (36%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (63%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 15.2958, 27.3591,  
15.0643


 15.2958, 27.3591,  
15.0643

218.5028,  
289.3916, 235.4093


 9.1149, 17.8431,  
8.7174

 34.9387, 55.4596,  
35.7098


 4.8739, 10.8374,  
4.4630


 49.1314, 74.8128,  
50.8456


 2.2075, 5.9576,  
1.8826

 66.7254, 98.2140,  
69.7480

 0.7467, 2.8193,  
0.4817

 88.0861, 126.0474,  
92.8356

 0.0000, 1.0381,  
0.0000

 113.5788,  
158.6975, 120.5270

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 143.5690,

196.5486, 153.2407

178.4218,  
239.9852, 191.3953

■ 15.2958, 27.3591,  
15.0643

■ 15.2958, 27.3591,  
15.0643

■ 15.2964, 27.3601,  
15.0646

■ 15.8457, 27.6054,  
16.8057

■ 16.6038, 27.9549,  
18.7087

■ 17.6472, 28.4479,  
20.7813

■ 19.0092, 29.1018,  
23.0286

■ 20.7187, 29.9311,  
25.4552

■ 22.8010, 30.9489,  
28.0658

■ 25.2789, 32.1669,  
30.8645

■ 28.1733, 33.5959,  
33.8556

■ 31.5037, 35.2457,  
37.0428

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.9729, 27.3591, 7.1436



15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643



14.2819, 27.3591, 32.2303

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643



26.8429, 27.3591, 91.3190



39.7027, 27.3591, 12.5991

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643



16.4161, 8.3352, 6.5387

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.8414, 27.3591, 27.4749



15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643



34.5875, 27.3591, 78.0715

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643



20.1620, 27.3591, 82.6778



40.8134, 27.3591, 51.9017



32.8778, 27.3591, 6.2648



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643



15.0572, 27.3591, 48.9222



40.8134, 27.3591, 51.9017



41.2766, 27.3591, 16.4359

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.2965, 27.3602, 15.0649



45.6090, 58.2508, 55.7252



15.8797, 27.8942, 4.5473



9.5631, 12.5340, 11.7322



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.2965, 27.3602, 15.0649



27.6581, 49.6188, 26.7836



18.1038, 25.4858, 39.0884



7.1477, 7.9599, 8.3894



11.7523, 20.9873, 11.6779



0.2699, 0.4502, 0.3665



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.4161, 8.3352, 6.5387



29.6968, 15.0890, 11.3420



15.4294, 8.1307, 0.7563



7.1934, 7.1338, 8.0048



12.6095, 6.3998, 5.1340



0.2884, 0.1439, 0.2314



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.2958, 27.3591,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643

### Protanopia

24.8303, 26.9704, 12.4915

### Deuteranopia

27.5153, 26.9829, 16.0699



## Tritanopia

20.6527, 27.2305, 41.2133

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643



## Protanomaly

17.8134, 25.1699, 13.1519



## Deuteranomaly

18.6678, 24.6278, 15.3250



## Tritanomaly

17.8339, 26.7889, 29.4301

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643



## Achromatopsia

13.9749, 14.7027, 16.0113



## Achromatomaly

12.5013, 17.6266, 15.3138

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 164, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 164, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 164, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 164, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 164, 94) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 164, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 164, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 164, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 164, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 164, 94)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.2958, 27.3591, 15.0643 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 164, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 164,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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