

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.2901, 16.2003, 8.1620)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.2901, 16.2003, 8.1620)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.3048, 16.1898,
8.1066)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D7845
RGB	93, 120, 69
RGB Percent	36%, 47%, 27%
CMY	0.6353, 0.5294, 0.7294
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.43, 0.53
HSL	92°, 27%, 37%
HSV	92°, 43%, 47%
XYZ	12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066
YIQ	106.1130, 0.2790, -21.5850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

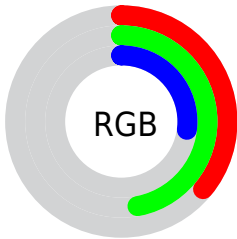
Format	Color
RYB	69, 120, 96
Decimal	6125637
CIELab	47.22, -19.57, 24.87
CIElCh	47, 31.645, 128.205
Yxy	16.1898, 0.3362, 0.4423
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284315717 (0xFF5D7845)
YUV	106.1130, -18.2967, -11.5001
Hunter-Lab	40.2366, -15.8266, 16.2202

Details

The XYZ color **12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **10.3429, 8.0996, 18.7885**, and the grayscale version is **13.7795, 14.4971, 15.7873**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.5241, 36.7423, 22.6754**, and **3.5003, 5.1303, 1.6699** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.3529, 15.7383, 6.3105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.3864, 16.7004, 10.3028**.

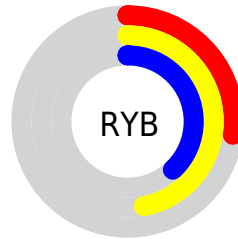
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (47%)

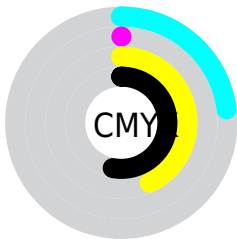
Blue (27%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (38%)

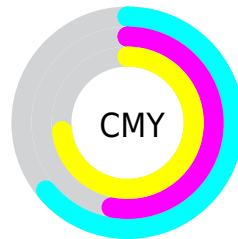


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.3048, 16.1898,
8.1066

■ 12.3048, 16.1898,
8.1066

200.1418,
230.4591, 186.5315

■ 7.0253, 9.6586,
4.0745

■ 29.6611, 36.9274,
22.7168

■ 3.5244, 5.1732,
1.6663

■ 42.4686, 51.9025,
34.1319

■ 1.4368, 2.3492,
0.3375

■ 58.5161, 70.4611,
48.8451

■ 0.2822, 0.7996,
0.0000

■ 78.1690, 92.9875,
67.2750

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 101.7927,
119.8661, 89.8400

129.7525,

151.4813, 116.9587

162.4137,
188.2175, 149.0497

■ 12.3048, 16.1898,
8.1066

■ 12.3048, 16.1898,
8.1066

■ 11.3529, 15.7383,
6.3105

■ 13.3864, 16.7004,
10.3028

■ 10.5235, 15.3414,
4.8892

■ 14.6018, 17.2703,
12.9203

■ 9.8106, 14.9969,
3.8165

■ 15.9566, 17.9024,
15.9797

■ 9.2072, 14.7019,
3.0619

■ 17.4555, 18.5987,
19.5003

■ 8.7049, 14.4529,
2.5893

■ 19.1031, 19.3613,
23.5001

■ 8.3739, 14.2879,
2.3165

■ 20.9038, 20.1919,
27.9962

■ 22.8616, 21.0924,
33.0048

■ 24.9805, 22.0644,
38.5413

■ 27.2645, 23.1096,
44.6207

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.6354, 16.1898, 6.3804



12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066



10.9277, 16.1898, 12.5201

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066



13.4822, 16.1898, 36.0714



21.3270, 16.1898, 15.5263

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066



10.3429, 8.0996, 18.7885

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.9215, 16.1898, 23.9646



12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066



16.1658, 16.1898, 37.6082

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066



11.5481, 16.1898, 28.9304



18.9473, 16.1898, 32.6536



19.9965, 16.1898, 9.7354

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066



10.6276, 16.1898, 17.1515



18.9473, 16.1898, 32.6536



21.3920, 16.1898, 18.1131

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.3052, 16.1905, 8.1070



27.8589, 31.3902, 27.6337



12.9444, 12.6710, 7.3939



6.4938, 7.3886, 6.3005



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.3052, 16.1905, 8.1070



20.0059, 27.6982, 11.1694



10.2720, 15.1393, 8.1505



4.1135, 4.5338, 4.2828



9.1187, 15.5781, 2.5263



42.5304, 73.8106, 12.0053

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.3429, 8.0996, 18.7885



16.0637, 11.4514, 32.6168



13.2133, 9.5853, 18.6547



3.9813, 3.9882, 5.0031



5.9558, 2.6431, 19.5816



27.4201, 12.0976, 93.3597

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.3048, 16.1898,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066

Protanopia

14.8036, 16.1193, 7.4854

Deuteranopia

16.2589, 16.0516, 8.3722



Tritanopia

14.9593, 16.2314, 21.0834

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066

Protanomaly

13.6994, 16.0462, 7.6854

Deuteranomaly

14.5393, 15.9652, 8.2765

Tritanomaly

13.7306, 16.0667, 15.2095

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066

Achromatopsia

13.6994, 14.4128, 15.6956

Achromatomaly

13.0271, 14.9259, 12.5503

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(93, 120, 69) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 120, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 120, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 120, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 120, 69) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 120, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 120, 69)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 120, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 120, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 120,  
69) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.3048, 16.1898, 8.1066 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 120, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 120,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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