

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.4457, 6.3870, 1.8929)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.4457, 6.3870, 1.8929)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.4601, 6.3948,
1.8739)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94001F
RGB	148, 0, 31
RGB Percent	58%, 0%, 12%
CMY	0.4196, 0.9999, 0.8784
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.79, 0.42
HSL	347°, 100%, 29%
HSV	347°, 100%, 58%
XYZ	12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739
YIQ	47.7860, 78.2570, 41.0170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

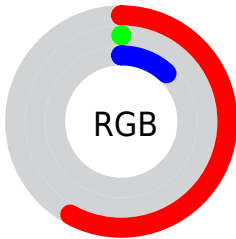
Format	Color
R_{YB}	148, 0, 31
Decimal	9699359
CIE _{Lab}	30.39, 54.05, 28.34
CIE _{LCh}	30, 61.032, 27.670
Yxy	6.3948, 0.6011, 0.3085
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287889439 (0xFF94001F)
YUV	47.7860, -8.2755, 87.8877
Hunter-Lab	25.2879, 43.6982, 13.3080

Details

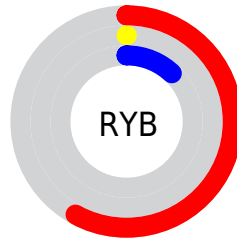
The XYZ color **12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **13.8021, 22.4647, 20.4438**, and the grayscale version is **2.7899, 2.9352, 3.1964**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.8819, 18.6980, 8.6907**, and **4.0245, 2.0747, 0.1883** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.4599, 6.3947, 1.8729**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.8116, 6.8046, 2.8951**.

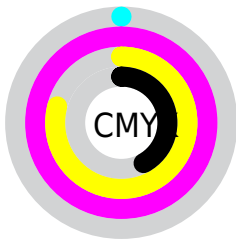
Distribution



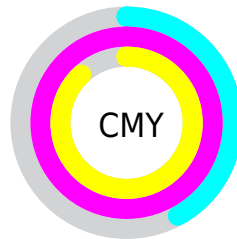
- Red (58%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.4601, 6.3948,
1.8739

12.4601, 6.3948,
1.8739

201.1362,
162.5358, 120.3869

7.1323, 3.0866,
0.4761

29.9400, 18.7449,
8.6931

3.5920, 1.1771,
0.0000

42.8228, 28.5556,
15.0293

1.4740, 0.0429,
0.0000

58.9546, 41.3026,
23.8746

0.3081, 0.0000,
0.0000


78.7007, 57.3703,
35.6476


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

102.4266, 77.1431,
50.7668


130.4976,


101.0053, 69.6507

 163.2790,
129.3414, 92.7179


 12.4601, 6.3948,
1.8739


 12.4601, 6.3948,
1.8739


 12.4599, 6.3947,
1.8729

 12.8116, 6.8046,
2.8951

 13.3427, 7.4754,
4.2795

 14.1155, 8.5231,
6.0715

 15.1561, 9.9935,
8.3014

 16.4872, 11.9256,
10.9961

■ 18.1291, 14.3540,
14.1806

■ 20.1002, 17.3100,
17.8779

■ 22.4173, 20.8221,
22.1096

■ 25.0963, 24.9171,
26.8960

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.5079, 6.3948, 7.6314



12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739



9.5671, 6.3948, 0.0574

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739



2.4838, 6.3948, 1.4438



5.8545, 6.3948, 38.1205

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739



13.8021, 22.4647, 20.4438

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.5609, 6.3948, 30.9838



12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739



2.0405, 6.3948, 6.3346

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739



3.8425, 6.3948, 0.0000



2.3612, 6.3948, 17.2980



9.0464, 6.3948, 32.7707

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739



7.3458, 6.3948, 0.0000



2.3612, 6.3948, 17.2980



4.9653, 6.3948, 37.0298

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.4602, 6.3952, 1.8740



35.2362, 30.1963, 31.1195



12.5396, 5.8472, 28.4846



7.7267, 6.4165, 6.5136



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.4602, 6.3952, 1.8740



21.9325, 11.2623, 3.0290



13.0389, 7.9480, 0.8474



5.8475, 5.8341, 6.3033



10.6513, 5.4656, 1.6449



0.1394, 0.0705, 0.0676

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.4602, 6.3952, 1.8740



21.9325, 11.2623, 3.0290



10.5069, 12.4611, 29.8684



5.8475, 5.8341, 6.3033



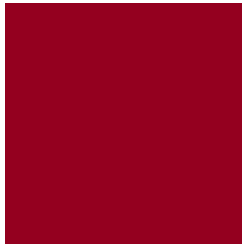
10.6513, 5.4656, 1.6449



0.1394, 0.0705, 0.0676

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

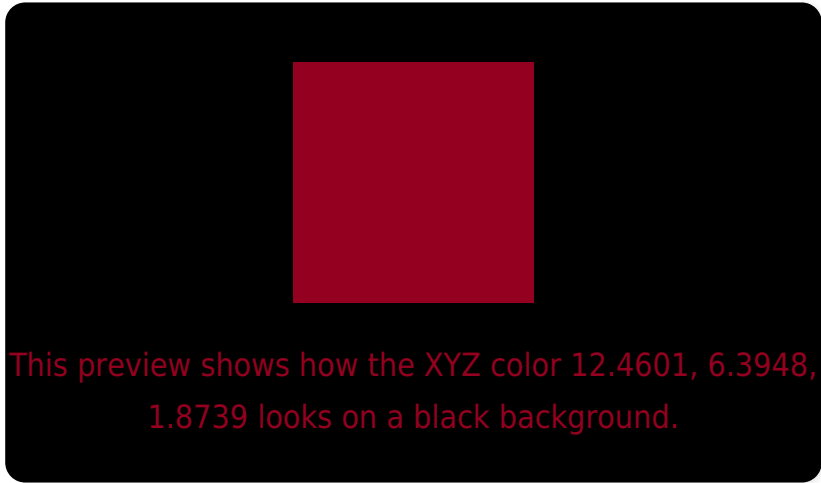
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.4601, 6.3948,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739

Protanopia

6.5293, 7.0394, 3.8109

Deuteranopia

7.0047, 6.9403, 1.6799



Tritanopia

12.3731, 6.5903, 0.7061

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739

Protanomaly

7.4187, 5.3452, 2.8312

Deuteranomaly

8.0533, 5.5244, 1.5616

Tritanomaly

12.3722, 6.4986, 0.9830

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739

Achromatopsia

2.8094, 2.9557, 3.2187

Achromatomaly

4.5641, 3.0320, 2.5352

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 0, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 0, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 0, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 0, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 0, 31) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 0, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 0, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 0, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 0, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 0, 31)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.4601, 6.3948, 1.8739 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 0, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148, 0,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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