

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.4527, 7.1706, 32.2232)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.4527, 7.1706, 32.2232)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.4572, 7.1791,
32.1816)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	662E9C
RGB	102, 46, 156
RGB Percent	40%, 18%, 61%
CMY	0.6000, 0.8196, 0.3882
CMYK	0.35, 0.71, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	271°, 54%, 40%
HSV	271°, 71%, 61%
XYZ	12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816
YIQ	75.2840, -1.9340, 46.0820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

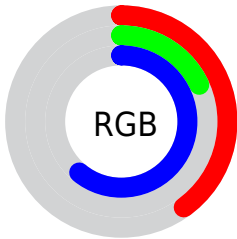
Format	Color
R_{YB}	102, 46, 156
Decimal	6696604
CIE _{Lab}	32.21, 46.17, -50.10
CIE _{LCh}	32, 68.131, 312.663
Yxy	7.1791, 0.2404, 0.1385
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284886684 (0xFF662E9C)
YUV	75.2840, 39.7930, 23.4299
Hunter-Lab	26.7938, 36.1004, -52.4565

Details

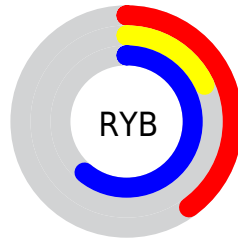
The XYZ color **12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **17.6373, 26.6836, 6.8059**, and the grayscale version is **6.6700, 7.0174, 7.6419**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.8454, 20.2370, 63.9611**, and **3.6710, 1.6038, 13.2128** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.1267, 5.7472, 31.9755**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.0900, 9.0957, 32.4656**.

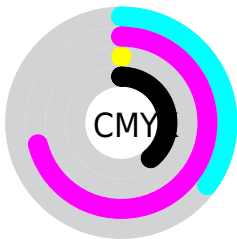
Distribution



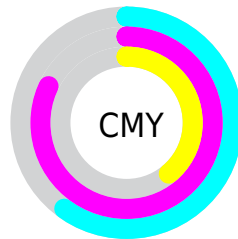
- Red (40%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.4572, 7.1791,
32.1816

12.4572, 7.1791,
32.1816

201.1177,
169.1437, 326.4639

7.1303, 3.5744,
21.2343

29.9348, 20.3326,
64.1969

3.5908, 1.4384,
13.1025

42.8162, 30.6502,
86.1019

1.4733, 0.2448,
7.3676

58.9464, 43.9741,
112.4966

0.3076, 0.0000,
3.6111

78.6908, 60.6889,
143.7995

0.0000, 0.0000,
1.4145

102.4148, 81.1788,
180.4291

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.1530

130.4837,

0.0000, 0.0000,

105.8283, 222.8041

0.0000

163.2629,
135.0218, 271.3428

■ 12.4572, 7.1791,
32.1816

■ 12.4572, 7.1791,
32.1816

■ 11.1267, 5.7472,
31.9755

■ 14.0900, 9.0957,
32.4656

■ 10.0700, 4.7475,
31.8382

■ 16.0477, 11.5404,
32.8343

■ 9.2602, 4.0806,
31.7522

■ 18.3517, 14.5525,
33.2943

■ 21.0211, 18.1673,
33.8513

■ 24.0732, 22.4170,
34.5107

■ 27.5246, 27.3317,
35.2775

■ 31.3905, 32.9393,
36.1561

■ 35.6853, 39.2662,
37.1509

■ 40.4227, 46.3373,
38.2661

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.4031, 7.1791, 45.5655



12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816



15.4442, 7.1791, 15.0573

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816



9.0252, 7.1791, 0.0000



2.1466, 7.1791, 12.8330

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816



17.6373, 26.6836, 6.8059

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.2128, 7.1791, 3.3742



12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816



5.4554, 7.1791, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816



13.0442, 7.1791, 0.6547



3.2110, 7.1791, 0.3801



2.9825, 7.1791, 29.4179

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816



15.9631, 7.1791, 6.9573



3.2110, 7.1791, 0.3801



2.0753, 7.1791, 8.7444

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.4575, 7.1793, 32.1818



43.1932, 39.9689, 62.5650



11.7814, 12.2888, 33.2036



9.1835, 8.3451, 13.6971



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.4575, 7.1793, 32.1818



18.9696, 9.2321, 57.9089



20.6882, 11.4224, 32.5670



6.5905, 6.5929, 8.3319



7.6677, 3.3819, 26.1559



0.1859, 0.0856, 0.4700

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.9877, 9.9422, 13.0804



28.5177, 15.0511, 17.8406



13.5085, 24.5552, 6.6126



6.7620, 6.6977, 7.5976



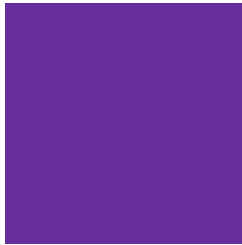
12.4018, 6.2653, 6.3667



0.2431, 0.1206, 0.2261

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

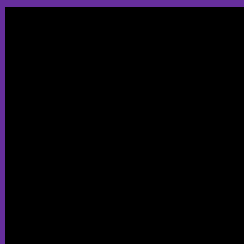
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.4572, 7.1791,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816

Protanopia

8.4495, 7.2979, 32.4158

Deuteranopia

7.1683, 7.2264, 24.3096



Tritanopia

7.6230, 7.2110, 8.1978

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816

Protanomaly

8.5971, 6.4604, 32.2464

Deuteranomaly

7.6691, 6.2729, 26.7932

Tritanomaly

8.7927, 6.8709, 14.4985

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816

Achromatopsia

6.6877, 7.0360, 7.6622

Achromatomaly

8.0784, 6.5976, 13.9444

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 46, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 46, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 46, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 46, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 46, 156) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 46, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 46, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 46, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 46, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 46,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.4572, 7.1791, 32.1816 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 46, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102, 46,  
156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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