

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.4942, 6.6171, 3.7155)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.4942, 6.6171, 3.7155)
contains.

XYZ(12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(12.4454, 6.6004,
3.7500)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	910F33
RGB	145, 15, 51
RGB Percent	57%, 6%, 20%
CMY	0.4314, 0.9411, 0.8000
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.65, 0.43
HSL	343°, 81%, 31%
HSV	343°, 90%, 57%
XYZ	12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500
YIQ	57.9740, 65.9240, 38.7560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

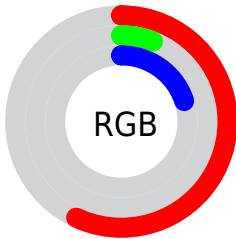
Format	Color
R_{YB}	145, 15, 51
Decimal	9506611
CIE Lab	30.88, 51.83, 15.76
CIE LCh	31, 54.174, 16.908
Yxy	6.6004, 0.5460, 0.2895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287696691 (0xFF910F33)
YUV	57.9740, -3.4382, 76.3218
Hunter-Lab	25.6912, 41.5096, 9.3297

Details

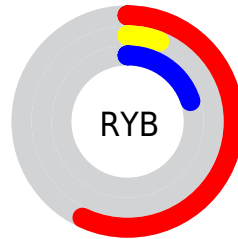
The XYZ color **12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **13.0837, 21.4568, 17.9242**, and the grayscale version is **4.0175, 4.2268, 4.6030**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.0589, 19.2910, 13.4485**, and **3.9634, 2.0394, 0.3570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.0744, 6.1876, 2.6116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.9845, 7.2661, 5.2019**.

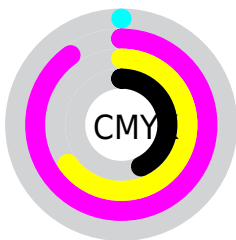
Distribution



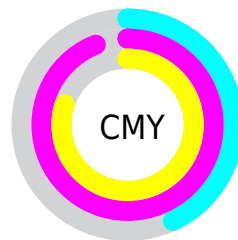
- Red (57%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (43%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 12.4454, 6.6004,
3.7500


 12.4454, 6.6004,
3.7500


201.0423,
164.3008, 145.4047


 7.1221, 3.2135,
1.4892


 29.9136, 19.1647,
13.4290

 3.5856, 1.2442,
0.2099

 42.7893, 29.1108,
21.6842


 1.4705, 0.0973,
0.0000

 58.9131, 42.0122,
32.7747

 0.3056, 0.0000,
0.0000

 78.6505, 58.2532,
47.1190

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 102.3667, 78.2181,
65.1356

 130.4272,

102.2914, 87.2431

163.1973,
130.8575, 113.8599

12.4454, 6.6004,
3.7500

12.4454, 6.6004,
3.7500

12.0744, 6.1876,
2.6116

12.9845, 7.2661,
5.2019

12.0624, 6.1739,
2.5760

13.7470, 8.2897,
7.0016

14.7566, 9.7142,
9.1715

16.0338, 11.5761,
11.7321

17.5968, 13.9077,
14.7022

■ 19.4623, 16.7384,
18.0993

■ 21.6454, 20.0950,
21.9398

■ 24.1605, 24.0024,
26.2393

■ 27.0209, 28.4841,
31.0127

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.5832, 6.6004, 10.9822



12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500



10.3906, 6.6004, 0.9564

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500



3.2631, 6.6004, 1.1449



5.1985, 6.6004, 32.4500

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500



13.0837, 21.4568, 17.9242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.4192, 6.6004, 23.7472



12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500



2.5305, 6.6004, 4.3852

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500



4.9175, 6.6004, 0.0984



2.5783, 6.6004, 12.2619



7.8583, 6.6004, 31.7745

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500



8.4679, 6.6004, 0.2382



2.5783, 6.6004, 12.2619



4.4953, 6.6004, 30.3596

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.4456, 6.6008, 3.7501



35.6204, 31.1483, 33.7786



11.4870, 5.5853, 27.2605



7.6810, 6.5575, 7.0805



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.4456, 6.6008, 3.7501



21.5372, 11.0306, 4.2711



12.6337, 7.7950, 1.2912



5.4664, 5.4471, 5.9542



10.3563, 5.2995, 2.2617



0.1074, 0.0540, 0.0656

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.4456, 6.6008, 3.7501



21.5372, 11.0306, 4.2711



11.6503, 14.8305, 29.0364



5.4664, 5.4471, 5.9542



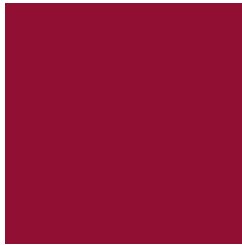
10.3563, 5.2995, 2.2617



0.1074, 0.0540, 0.0656

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

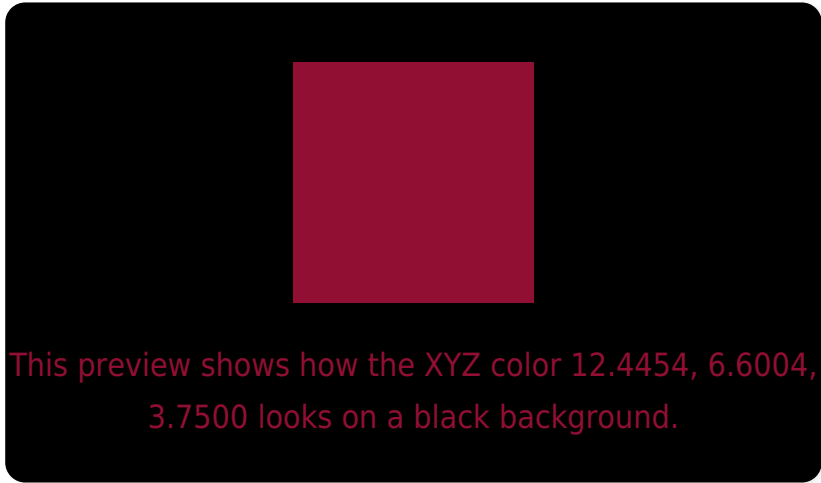
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

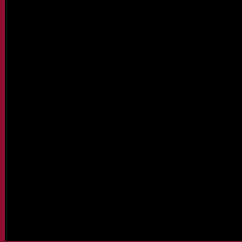
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.4454, 6.6004,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500

Protanopia

6.7326, 7.0631, 7.4870

Deuteranopia

7.0413, 6.9201, 3.4472



Tritanopia

11.9829, 6.6444, 1.4615

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500

Protanomaly

7.6233, 5.7063, 5.8539

Deuteranomaly

8.2525, 5.9524, 3.4033

Tritanomaly

12.0443, 6.5754, 2.0732

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500

Achromatopsia

4.0217, 4.2311, 4.6077

Achromatomaly

5.7340, 4.1054, 4.1046

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 15, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 15, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 15, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 15, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 15, 51) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 15, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 15, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 15, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 15, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 15,  
51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.4454, 6.6004, 3.7500 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 15, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 15,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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