

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.5190, 13.5046,
2.0617)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	786604
RGB	120, 102, 4
RGB Percent	47%, 40%, 2%
CMY	0.5294, 0.6000, 0.9843
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.97, 0.53
HSL	51°, 94%, 24%
HSV	51°, 97%, 47%
XYZ	12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617
YIQ	96.2100, 42.1860, -26.6620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

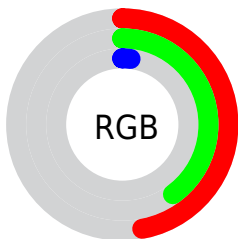
Format	Color
RYB	25, 120, 4
Decimal	7890436
CIELab	43.51, -2.13, 49.30
CIELCh	44, 49.349, 92.471
Yxy	13.5046, 0.4457, 0.4808
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286080516 (0xFF786604)
YUV	96.2100, -45.4595, 20.8638
Hunter-Lab	36.7486, -3.5012, 22.3977

Details

The XYZ color **12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **3.7272, 1.9558, 17.9501**, and the grayscale version is **11.2696, 11.8565, 12.9118**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.1652, 32.3604, 9.2137**, and **3.7289, 4.0216, 0.5797** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.4365, 13.3748, 1.9261**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.7760, 13.9040, 2.5008**.

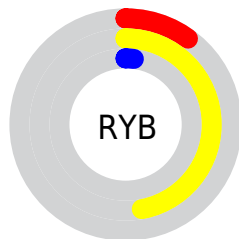
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (40%)

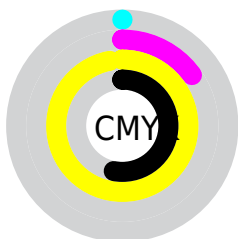
Blue (2%)



Red (10%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (2%)

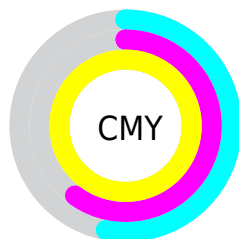


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (97%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (98%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.5190, 13.5046,
2.0617

12.5190, 13.5046,
2.0617

201.5121,
214.1268, 123.3276

7.1729, 7.7769,
0.5928

30.0456, 32.2074,
9.2088

3.6177, 3.9525,
0.0000

42.9568, 45.9513,
15.7698

1.4882, 1.6470,
0.0000

59.1204, 63.1361,
24.8804

0.3178, 0.3890,
0.0000

78.9018, 84.1461,
36.9593


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


102.6663,
109.3658, 52.4249


130.7793,


139.1795, 71.6958


 163.6061,
173.9717, 95.1905


 12.5190, 13.5046,
2.0617


 12.5190, 13.5046,
2.0617


 12.4365, 13.3748,
1.9261

 12.7760, 13.9040,
2.5008

 13.0812, 14.3288,
3.1752

 13.4480, 14.7848,
4.1530

 13.8824, 15.2746,
5.4661

 14.3898, 15.8004,
7.1427

■ 14.9749, 16.3640,
9.2078

■ 15.6421, 16.9673,
11.6843

■ 16.3955, 17.6119,
14.5932

■ 17.2387, 18.2994,
17.9543

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.5731, 13.5046, 2.7738



12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617



9.2553, 13.5046, 3.0857

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617



7.5455, 13.5046, 29.2881



20.5891, 13.5046, 26.8512

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617



3.7272, 1.9558, 17.9501

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.2376, 13.5046, 40.8475



12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617



9.7072, 13.5046, 42.6817

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617



6.7661, 13.5046, 15.6379



13.1577, 13.5046, 47.7153



21.7502, 13.5046, 13.8084

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617



7.8117, 13.5046, 5.1970



13.1577, 13.5046, 47.7153



19.6523, 13.5046, 31.7839

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.5193, 13.5053, 2.0620



27.1385, 29.5118, 19.1439



7.9472, 4.1432, 1.2093



6.3343, 6.9061, 4.1755



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.5193, 13.5053, 2.0620



21.7959, 23.3681, 3.3617



10.1604, 15.2057, 2.5145



4.2573, 4.5331, 4.2751



13.5594, 14.5748, 2.0986



64.1738, 68.5111, 9.8416

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.7272, 1.9558, 17.9501



6.2921, 3.0438, 31.5090



4.4161, 1.9495, 17.9126



3.8432, 3.9848, 5.0098



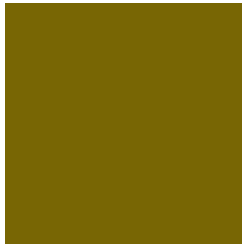
3.9379, 1.9583, 19.5557



18.3731, 8.5188, 93.1457

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

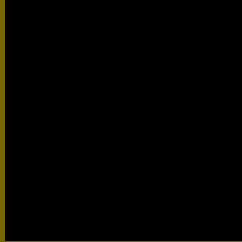
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617.

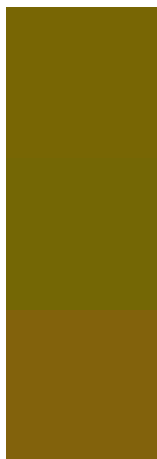


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.5190, 13.5046,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617

Protanopia

12.0801, 13.4245, 2.0981

Deuteranopia

13.6400, 13.5077, 2.2362



Tritanopia

15.0947, 13.5793, 14.3959

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617

Protanomaly

12.2138, 13.4934, 2.1043

Deuteranomaly

13.1153, 13.3790, 2.1496

Tritanomaly

13.6632, 13.4138, 7.0232

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617

Achromatopsia

11.1181, 11.6971, 12.7381

Achromatomaly

11.0906, 12.0975, 6.4531

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 102, 4)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 102, 4)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 102, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 102, 4) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 102, 4) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 102, 4) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 102, 4)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 102, 4); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 102, 4);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 102,  
4) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.5190, 13.5046, 2.0617 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 102, 4) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
102, 4) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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