

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236)
contains.

XYZ(12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(12.5648, 9.0867,
13.9236)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B4267
RGB	123, 66, 103
RGB Percent	48%, 26%, 40%
CMY	0.5176, 0.7412, 0.5961
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.16, 0.52
HSL	321°, 30%, 37%
HSV	321°, 46%, 48%
XYZ	12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236
YIQ	87.2610, 22.0950, 23.5910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

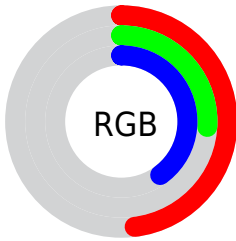
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 66, 103
Decimal	8077927
CIE _{Lab}	36.15, 29.92, -10.85
CIE _{LCh}	36, 31.826, 340.074
Yxy	9.0867, 0.3532, 0.2554
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286268007 (0xFF7B4267)
YUV	87.2610, 7.7593, 31.3431
Hunter-Lab	30.1442, 21.6508, -6.2852

Details

The XYZ color **12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **11.0099, 15.9964, 11.3122**, and the grayscale version is **9.0961, 9.5698, 10.4215**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.2096, 24.1710, 33.6451**, and **3.6192, 2.1290, 3.9616** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.7109, 7.7166, 12.5976**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.5850, 10.7712, 15.3604**.

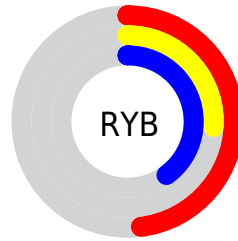
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (26%)

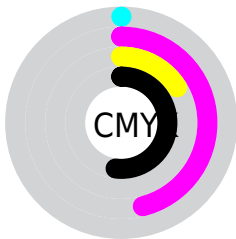
Blue (40%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (40%)

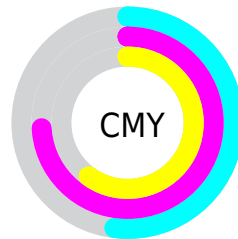


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.5648, 9.0867,
13.9236

12.5648, 9.0867,
13.9236

201.8039,
184.0234, 228.1669

7.2045, 4.7978,
7.9294

30.1277, 24.0629,
33.6686

3.6378, 2.1291,
3.9627

43.0610, 35.5189,
48.2564

1.4993, 0.6809,
1.6049

59.2493, 50.1328,
66.5459

0.3254, 0.0000,
0.2943

79.0580, 68.2889,
88.9556

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

102.8525, 90.3716,
115.9040

130.9980,

116.7653, 147.8097

163.8600,
147.8544, 185.0911

■ 12.5648, 9.0867,
13.9236

■ 12.5648, 9.0867,
13.9236

■ 11.7109, 7.7166,
12.5976

■ 13.5850, 10.7712,
15.3604

■ 11.0124, 6.6397,
11.3777

■ 14.7800, 12.7873,
16.9114

■ 10.4580, 5.8339,
10.2593

■ 16.1585, 15.1521,
18.5803

■ 10.0350, 5.2735,
9.2374

■ 17.7287, 17.8815,
20.3707

■ 9.7183, 4.9092,
8.3027

■ 19.4980, 20.9902,
22.2858

■ 9.6105, 4.7878,
7.9760

■ 21.4735, 24.4922,
24.3286

■ 23.6619, 28.4006,
26.5023

■ 26.0698, 32.7281,
28.8095

■ 28.7031, 37.4869,
31.2531

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.2200, 9.0867, 20.3071



12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236



12.7753, 9.0867, 8.1676

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236



8.0107, 9.0867, 2.7360



6.1227, 9.0867, 18.3156

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236



11.0099, 15.9964, 11.3122

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.5049, 9.0867, 11.8477



12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236



6.4837, 9.0867, 3.8355

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236



9.9481, 9.0867, 2.9390



5.6266, 9.0867, 6.7280



7.4458, 9.0867, 23.4221

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236



12.2160, 9.0867, 5.5078



5.6266, 9.0867, 6.7280



5.8352, 9.0867, 16.1476

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.5651, 9.0871, 13.9238



29.4686, 28.0553, 33.8943



9.3570, 7.3031, 19.6555



6.8258, 6.4094, 7.8491



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.5651, 9.0871, 13.9238



20.8287, 13.5945, 22.3235



11.3716, 8.6098, 7.6392



4.0976, 4.0548, 4.7115



9.9393, 4.9519, 8.2372



46.9967, 23.4550, 37.1085

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.5651, 9.0871, 13.9238



20.8287, 13.5945, 22.3235



12.3930, 16.5496, 18.5957



4.0976, 4.0548, 4.7115



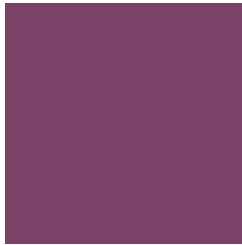
9.9393, 4.9519, 8.2372



46.9967, 23.4550, 37.1085

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

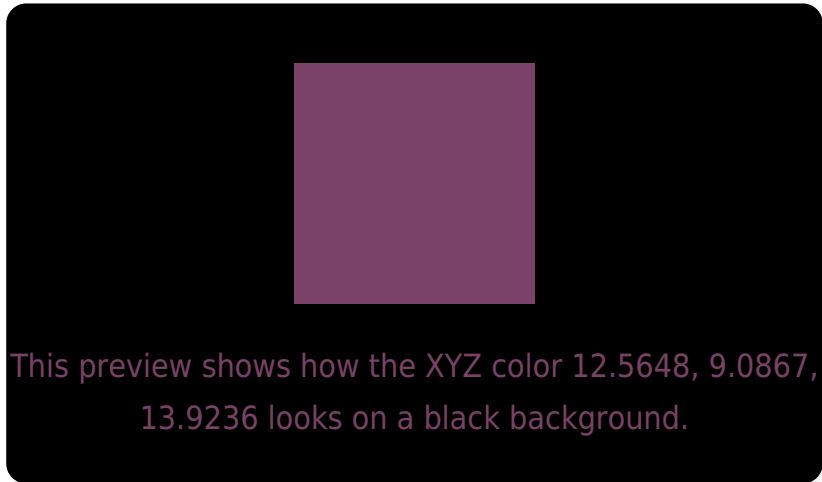
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

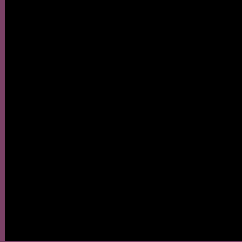
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.5648, 9.0867,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236

Protanopia

9.3032, 9.1381, 17.7965

Deuteranopia

9.3240, 9.1328, 13.3280



Tritanopia

11.3385, 9.0354, 8.1676

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236

Protanomaly

10.0373, 8.7826, 16.2051

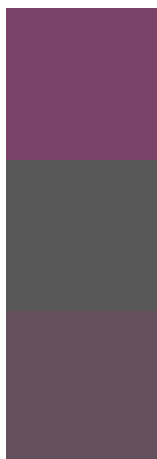
Deuteranomaly

10.2584, 8.9567, 13.5001

Tritanomaly

11.6930, 8.9931, 9.9236

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236

Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790

Achromatomaly

10.0273, 9.0916, 11.5823

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 66, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 66, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 66, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 66, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 66, 103) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 66, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 66, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 66, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 66, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 66,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.5648, 9.0867, 13.9236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 66, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123, 66,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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