

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.5930, 9.0658, 18.3663)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.5930, 9.0658, 18.3663)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.6133, 9.1042,
18.2320)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	754376
RGB	117, 67, 118
RGB Percent	46%, 26%, 46%
CMY	0.5412, 0.7372, 0.5373
CMYK	0.01, 0.43, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	299°, 28%, 36%
HSV	299°, 43%, 46%
XYZ	12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320
YIQ	87.7640, 13.4290, 26.4610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

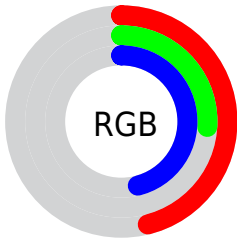
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 67, 118
Decimal	7684982
CIE _{Lab}	36.18, 30.10, -20.26
CIE _{LCh}	36, 36.288, 326.055
Yxy	9.1042, 0.3157, 0.2279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285875062 (0xFF754376)
YUV	87.7640, 14.9063, 25.6400
Hunter-Lab	30.1732, 21.8154, -14.7045

Details

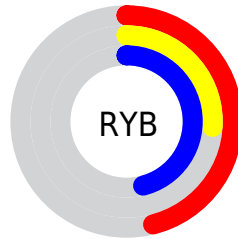
The XYZ color **12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **9.8757, 14.5912, 7.6065**, and the grayscale version is **9.1912, 9.6699, 10.5305**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.1946, 24.1709, 41.1042**, and **3.6391, 2.1233, 5.8483** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.9511, 7.8257, 18.0202**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.4192, 10.6695, 18.4918**.

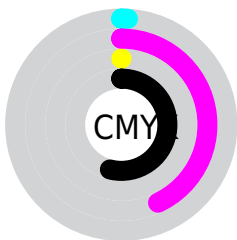
Distribution



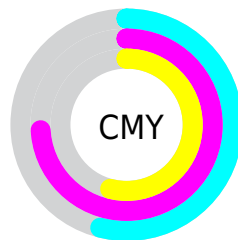
- Red (46%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.6133, 9.1042,
18.2320

12.6133, 9.1042,
18.2320

202.1124,
184.1533, 254.4554

7.2380, 4.8092,
10.9455

30.2146, 24.0964,
41.2515

3.6590, 2.1358,
5.9165

43.1712, 35.5623,
57.8216

1.5111, 0.6846,
2.7264

59.3856, 50.1874,
78.3234

0.3334, 0.0000,
0.9567

79.2232, 68.3560,
103.1753

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

103.0493, 90.4525,
132.7959

131.2293,

116.8613, 167.6037

164.1286,
147.9668, 208.0174

■ 12.6133, 9.1042,
18.2320

■ 12.6133, 9.1042,
18.2320

■ 11.9511, 7.8257,
18.0202

■ 13.4192, 10.6695,
18.4918

■ 11.4229, 6.8152,
17.8531

■ 14.3758, 12.5365,
18.8017

■ 11.0193, 6.0539,
17.7274

■ 15.4909, 14.7203,
19.1645

■ 10.7293, 5.5196,
17.6395

■ 16.7714, 17.2348,
19.5823

■ 10.5388, 5.1841,
17.5848

■ 18.2238, 20.0930,
20.0575

■ 10.4311, 4.9997,
17.5549

■ 19.8543, 23.3072,
20.5919

■ 21.6687, 26.8892,
21.1877

■ 23.6727, 30.8501,
21.8466

■ 25.8715, 35.2007,
22.5705

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6263, 9.1042, 25.0640



12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320



13.5399, 9.1042, 10.7612

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320



8.9446, 9.1042, 2.1160



5.4098, 9.1042, 16.1697

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320



9.8757, 14.5912, 7.6065

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.1115, 9.1042, 9.1105



12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320



6.9410, 9.1042, 2.5703

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320



11.2088, 9.1042, 2.9206



5.6232, 9.1042, 4.6105



6.5190, 9.1042, 23.5636

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320



13.3342, 9.1042, 6.9520



5.6232, 9.1042, 4.6105



5.2203, 9.1042, 13.6139

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.6136, 9.1046, 18.2322



27.2158, 25.8395, 33.6901



7.6948, 6.7211, 18.0314



6.1713, 5.7721, 7.7178



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.6136, 9.1046, 18.2322



21.0059, 13.7446, 31.6828



11.5080, 8.6779, 11.7056



3.8199, 3.7545, 4.6136



11.2837, 5.4083, 18.9918



54.8971, 26.3090, 92.5450

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.5220, 8.2836, 6.5134



16.8184, 12.1034, 8.1062



10.6732, 14.9022, 12.1666



3.6866, 3.7019, 3.8763



8.0959, 4.1721, 0.4475



39.4153, 20.3163, 1.9846

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

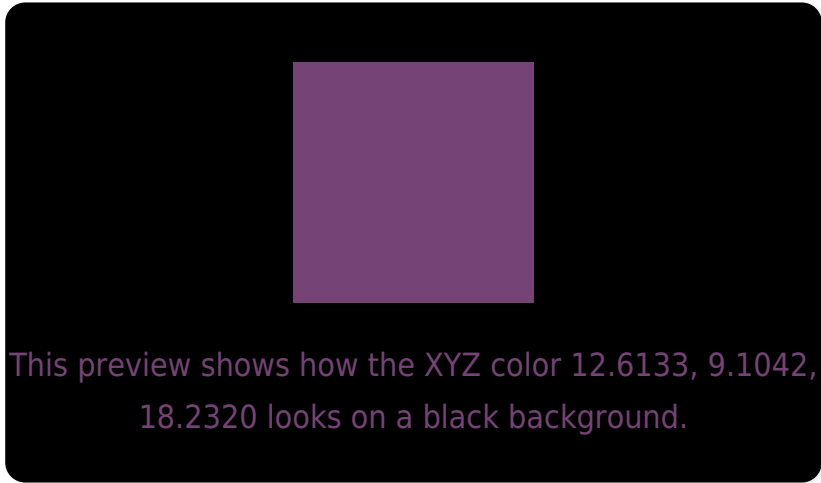
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

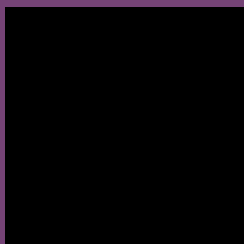
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.6133, 9.1042,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320

Protanopia

9.7191, 9.2355, 23.1002

Deuteranopia

9.4067, 9.1982, 17.4993



Tritanopia

10.6834, 9.0710, 8.9724

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320

Protanomaly

10.3929, 8.9595, 21.2603

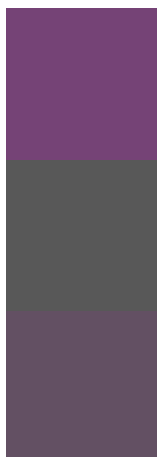
Deuteranomaly

10.2904, 8.9850, 17.7149

Tritanomaly

11.2772, 9.0203, 11.7364

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320

Achromatopsia

9.2757, 9.7587, 10.6273

Achromatomaly

10.2664, 9.2908, 13.0566

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 67, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 67, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 67, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 67, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 67, 118) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 67, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 67, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 67, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 67, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 67,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.6133, 9.1042, 18.2320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 67, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117, 67,  
118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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