

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.5936, 5.6405, 39.0713)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.5936, 5.6405, 39.0713)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.6062, 5.6496,
38.9541)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6400AB
RGB	100, 0, 171
RGB Percent	39%, 0%, 67%
CMY	0.6078, 1.0000, 0.3294
CMYK	0.42, 1.00, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	275°, 100%, 34%
HSV	275°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541
YIQ	49.3940, 4.7090, 74.3810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

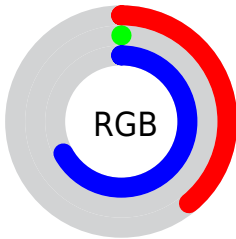
Format	Color
R_{YB}	100, 0, 171
Decimal	6553771
CIE _{Lab}	28.51, 63.13, -65.24
CIE _{LCh}	29, 90.783, 314.060
Yxy	5.6496, 0.2203, 0.0988
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284743851 (0xFF6400AB)
YUV	49.3940, 59.9518, 44.3815
Hunter-Lab	23.7689, 53.0747, -80.5303

Details

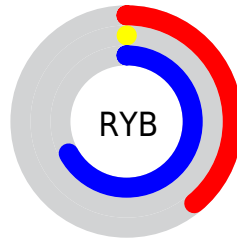
The XYZ color **12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **17.1613, 30.4654, 4.9759**, and the grayscale version is **2.8983, 3.0493, 3.3207**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.2943, 17.2509, 75.1318**, and **4.0102, 1.6964, 16.9457** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.6066, 5.6498, 38.9543**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.6285, 6.4765, 39.0600**.

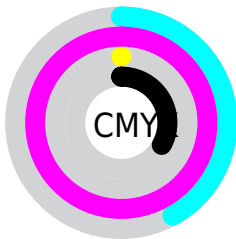
Distribution



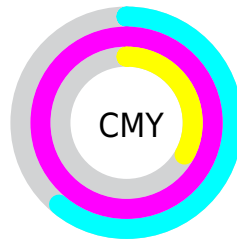
- Red (39%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.6062, 5.6496,
38.9541

12.6062, 5.6496,
38.9541

202.0672,
155.9179, 357.1154

7.2331, 2.6332,
26.4165

30.2018, 17.1997,
74.7878

3.6559, 0.9434,
16.9069

43.1551, 26.5021,
98.9209

1.5094, 0.0000,
10.0069

59.3657, 38.6688,
127.7562

0.3322, 0.0000,
5.2979

79.1990, 54.0839,
161.7123

0.0000, 0.0000,
2.3613

103.0205, 73.1320,
201.2078

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7652

131.1955, 96.1975,

0.0000, 0.0000,

246.6611

0.0000

164.0893,
123.6646, 298.4908

12.6062, 5.6496,
38.9541

12.6062, 5.6496,
38.9541

12.6066, 5.6498,
38.9543

13.6285, 6.4765,
39.0600

14.8943, 7.6868,
39.2269

16.4753, 9.4211,
39.4783

18.4048, 11.7435,
39.8249

20.7113, 14.7089,
40.2757

■ 23.4201, 18.3655,
40.8387

■ 26.5539, 22.7569,
41.5212

■ 30.1338, 27.9229,
42.3296

■ 34.1791, 33.9005,
43.2702

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.4426, 5.6496, 60.9236



12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541



16.5399, 5.6496, 14.3056

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541



7.7470, 5.6496, 0.0000



0.8502, 5.6496, 13.1250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541



17.1613, 30.4654, 4.9759

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.8693, 5.6496, 1.8929



12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541



3.7227, 5.6496, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541



12.9212, 5.6496, 0.0000



1.6219, 5.6496, 0.0000



1.5435, 5.6496, 37.2458

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541



17.1267, 5.6496, 4.7317



1.6219, 5.6496, 0.0000



0.7894, 5.6496, 7.8301

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.6066, 5.6498, 38.9543



47.2391, 40.3050, 74.2917



9.6199, 7.4786, 39.4647



10.0048, 8.2402, 16.4509



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.6066, 5.6498, 38.9543



22.3309, 9.9912, 69.7534



22.8591, 11.0837, 32.7211



8.0107, 7.9798, 10.0707



9.5644, 4.2905, 29.3686



0.3264, 0.1505, 0.8198

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.9319, 9.1128, 6.7746



32.0148, 16.2805, 11.6054



14.6439, 29.1583, 5.2807



8.1380, 8.0684, 9.0374



13.5430, 6.8797, 5.2387



0.4044, 0.2025, 0.2914

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

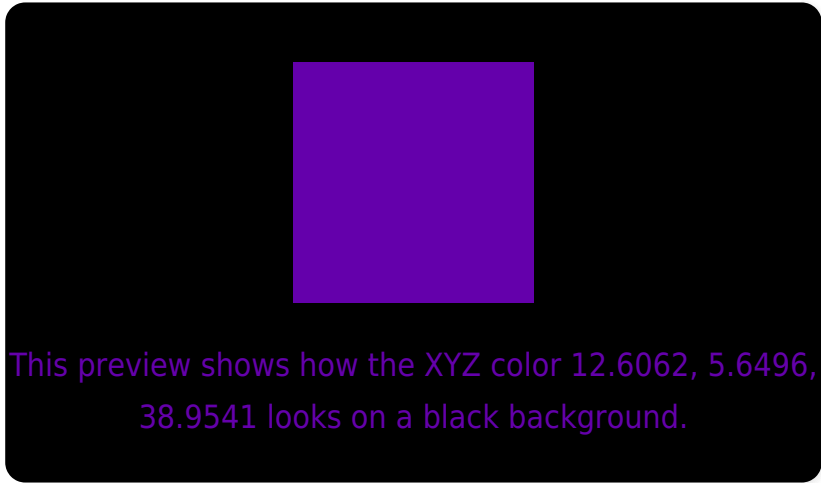
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

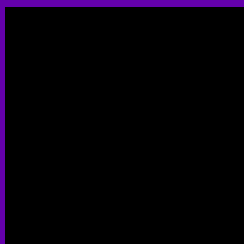
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.6062, 5.6496,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541

Protanopia

6.9496, 6.0872, 26.3999

Deuteranopia

5.8302, 6.0399, 19.2709



Tritanopia

6.3187, 6.1019, 6.9756

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541



Protanomaly

7.3412, 4.4027, 30.5999



Deuteranomaly

6.4382, 4.2225, 25.2866



Tritanomaly

7.4084, 4.7889, 14.7212

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541



Achromatopsia

2.9193, 3.0713, 3.3447



Achromatomaly

4.8497, 2.9992, 10.6792

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 0, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 0, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 0, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 0, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 0, 171) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 0, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 0, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 0, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 0, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 0,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.6062, 5.6496, 38.9541 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 0, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100, 0,  
171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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