

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.6047, 16.0554, 2.4347)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.6047, 16.0554, 2.4347)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.6628, 16.1450,
2.4489)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C7600
RGB	108, 118, 0
RGB Percent	42%, 46%, 0%
CMY	0.5765, 0.5372, 1.0000
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 1.00, 0.54
HSL	65°, 100%, 23%
HSV	65°, 100%, 46%
XYZ	12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489
YIQ	101.5580, 31.9180, -38.8180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

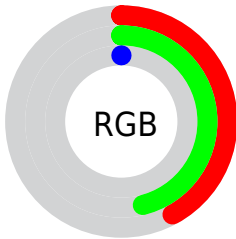
Format	Color
RYB	0, 118, 10
Decimal	7108096
CIELab	47.16, -16.89, 52.45
CIELCh	47, 55.102, 107.851
Yxy	16.1450, 0.4051, 0.5165
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285298176 (0xFF6C7600)
YUV	101.5580, -50.0681, 5.6496
Hunter-Lab	40.1808, -14.0631, 24.5130

Details

The XYZ color **12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **3.3956, 1.3728, 17.2265**, and the grayscale version is **12.6350, 13.2930, 14.4761**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.3762, 36.8949, 10.2231**, and **3.8210, 5.2211, 0.8064** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.6630, 16.1457, 2.4490**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.8507, 16.2349, 2.7980**.

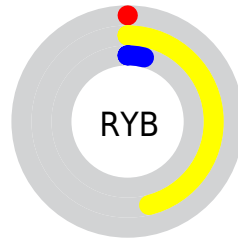
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (46%)

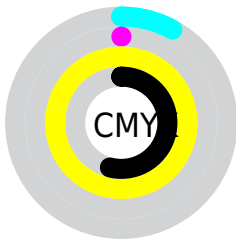
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (4%)

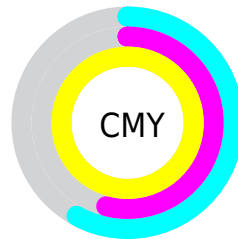


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.6628, 16.1450,
2.4489

■ 12.6628, 16.1450,
2.4489

202.4267,
230.1958, 128.9984

■ 7.2722, 9.6268,
0.8129

■ 30.3031, 36.8497,
10.2353

■ 3.6807, 5.1522,
0.0000

■ 43.2836, 51.8051,
17.2305

■ 1.5231, 2.3369,
0.0000

■ 59.5246, 70.3416,
26.8518

■ 0.3415, 0.7931,
0.0000

■ 79.3916, 92.8437,
39.5177


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 103.2500,
119.6958, 55.6468


■ 131.4651,


151.2823, 75.6575


 164.4022,
187.9875, 99.9686


 12.6628, 16.1450,
2.4489


 12.6628, 16.1450,
2.4489


 12.6630, 16.1457,
2.4490

 12.8507, 16.2349,
2.7980

 13.0701, 16.3370,
3.3074

 13.3439, 16.4610,
4.0961

 13.6784, 16.6094,
5.1964

 14.0787, 16.7843,
6.6366

■ 14.5497, 16.9876,
8.4413

■ 15.0957, 17.2211,
10.6332

■ 15.7205, 17.4863,
13.2330

■ 16.4278, 17.7847,
16.2600

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3909, 16.1450, 2.2689



12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489



9.4223, 16.1450, 5.0646

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489



9.9037, 16.1450, 45.7114



26.3747, 16.1450, 23.8141

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489



3.3956, 1.3728, 17.2265

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.3414, 16.1450, 42.2533



12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489



13.4668, 16.1450, 58.6953

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489



8.0756, 16.1450, 27.0929



18.3823, 16.1450, 57.1740



26.0321, 16.1450, 10.6027

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489



8.2323, 16.1450, 9.3160



18.3823, 16.1450, 57.1740



25.6936, 16.1450, 29.6804

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.6632, 16.1457, 2.4492



26.4646, 30.2459, 18.3807



7.5785, 4.0654, 0.3855



6.0093, 6.9219, 3.9206



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.6632, 16.1457, 2.4492



22.2114, 28.3605, 4.3035



7.7538, 13.6149, 2.2195



3.9375, 4.2513, 3.9553



13.6938, 17.4638, 2.6491



66.3766, 84.9202, 12.8928

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.3956, 1.3728, 17.2265



5.9153, 2.3853, 30.2856



5.7131, 2.5675, 17.3350



3.5268, 3.6033, 4.5999



3.6676, 1.4820, 18.6353



17.5528, 7.0573, 90.7973

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.6628, 16.1450,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489

Deuteranopia

16.2561, 16.0178, 2.8511

Tritanopia

16.1821, 16.2418, 19.4216

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489

Deuteranomaly

14.6956, 15.8455, 2.6318

Tritanomaly

14.1146, 15.8957, 8.9809

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489

Achromatopsia

12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Achromatomaly

12.0256, 14.0498, 7.0791

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 118, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 118, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 118, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 118, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 118, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 118, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 118, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 118, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 118, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 118,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.6628, 16.1450, 2.4489 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 118, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
118, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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