

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.6052, 13.6493, 16.3837)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.6052, 13.6493, 16.3837)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.6358, 13.6941,
16.4452)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	60696D
RGB	96, 105, 109
RGB Percent	38%, 41%, 43%
CMY	0.6235, 0.5882, 0.5725
CMYK	0.12, 0.04, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	198°, 6%, 40%
HSV	198°, 12%, 43%
XYZ	12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452
YIQ	102.7650, -6.6480, -0.6640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

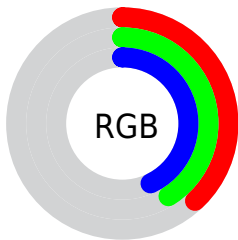
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 101, 109
Decimal	6318445
CIE _{Lab}	43.79, -2.53, -3.42
CIE _{LCh}	44, 4.257, 233.489
Yxy	13.6941, 0.2954, 0.3201
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284508525 (0xFF60696D)
YUV	102.7650, 3.0739, -5.9329
Hunter-Lab	37.0055, -3.8096, -0.4445

Details

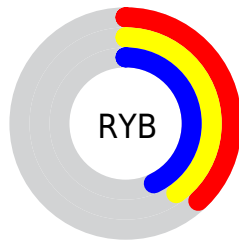
The XYZ color **12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **12.9753, 13.2101, 12.9326**, and the grayscale version is **12.8238, 13.4917, 14.6924**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.2663, 32.5180, 37.9391**, and **3.6979, 4.0520, 5.1446** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.2329, 12.4743, 16.2839**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.2120, 15.0240, 16.6190**.

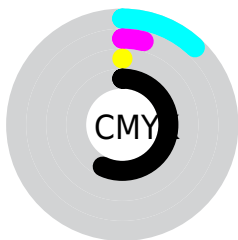
Distribution



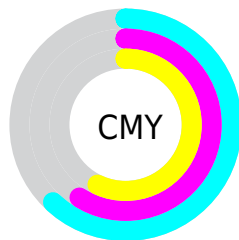
- Red (38%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.6358, 13.6941,
16.4452

■ 12.6358, 13.6941,
16.4452

202.2553,
215.3194, 243.8894

■ 7.2535, 7.9082,
9.6820

■ 30.2548, 32.5453,
38.1469

■ 3.6689, 4.0363,
5.0858

■ 43.2223, 46.3793,
53.9224

■ 1.5166, 1.6939,
2.2381

■ 59.4488, 63.6649,
73.5391

■ 0.3371, 0.4197,
0.6962

■ 79.2998, 84.7864,
97.4156

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

103.1406,
110.1282, 125.9703

131.3365,

140.0747, 159.6218

164.2530,
175.0103, 198.7886

■ 12.6358, 13.6941,
16.4452

■ 12.6358, 13.6941,
16.4452

■ 11.2329, 12.4743,
16.2839

■ 14.2120, 15.0240,
16.6190

■ 9.9955, 11.3591,
16.1339

■ 15.9666, 16.4657,
16.8048

■ 8.9168, 10.3454,
15.9951

■ 17.9059, 18.0231,
17.0032

■ 7.9892, 9.4288,
15.8670

■ 20.0357, 19.6993,
17.2145

■ 7.2044, 8.6049,
15.7494

■ 22.3613, 21.4973,
17.4390

■ 6.5531, 7.8686,
15.6416

■ 24.8879, 23.4200,
17.6769

■ 6.0251, 7.2145,
15.5431

■ 27.6205, 25.4702,
17.9286

■ 5.6079, 6.6357,
15.4534

■ 30.5640, 27.6506,
18.1944

■ 5.3088, 6.2011,
15.3853

■ 33.7230, 29.9637,
18.4743

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4331, 13.6941, 15.6591



12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452



12.9428, 13.6941, 16.8224

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452



13.6673, 13.6941, 15.1210



12.7604, 13.6941, 13.2796

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452



12.9753, 13.2101, 12.9326

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.0891, 13.6941, 13.1494



12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452



13.6164, 13.6941, 14.1863

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452



13.5412, 13.6941, 16.0369



13.4034, 13.6941, 13.4745



12.5042, 13.6941, 13.8382

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452



13.1669, 13.6941, 16.7801



13.4034, 13.6941, 13.4745



12.8659, 13.6941, 13.1853

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.6362, 13.6947, 16.4455



24.8050, 26.3654, 29.6889



12.5882, 14.3425, 14.1364



5.7314, 6.1011, 6.9043



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.6362, 13.6947, 16.4455



21.9799, 23.9662, 29.3747



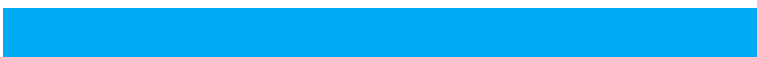
12.0085, 12.4393, 16.2363



3.1071, 3.3426, 3.9163



6.1876, 7.2094, 17.9877



30.7336, 35.1457, 91.3902

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.0397, 12.6372, 15.1172



22.8426, 21.7363, 26.5275



13.6136, 14.4867, 13.1454



3.1799, 3.1488, 3.6776



8.8701, 4.4002, 8.2102



44.7957, 22.2602, 39.7223

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

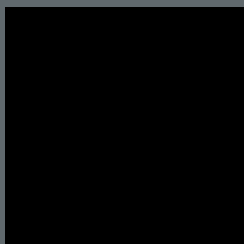
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

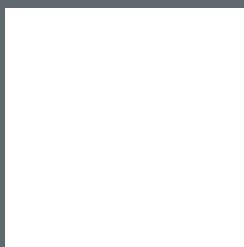
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.6358, 13.6941,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452

Protanopia

13.2659, 13.7263, 16.1376

Deuteranopia

13.8021, 13.5551, 16.6408



Tritanopia

12.8607, 13.6343, 17.5766

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452

Protanomaly

13.0239, 13.7500, 16.1549

Deuteranomaly

13.3915, 13.6318, 16.6772

Tritanomaly

12.8047, 13.6119, 17.2817

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452

Achromatopsia

12.8919, 13.5633, 14.7705

Achromatomaly

12.7556, 13.6299, 15.3231

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(96, 105, 109) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 105, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 105, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 105, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 105, 109) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 105, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 105, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 105, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 105, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 105,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.6358, 13.6941, 16.4452 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 105, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 105,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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