

# Converting Colors

XYZ(12.6206, 14.0021, 17.4909)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(12.6206, 14.0021, 17.4909)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(12.5960, 13.9606,  
17.3600)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C6B70
RGB	92, 107, 112
RGB Percent	36%, 42%, 44%
CMY	0.6392, 0.5804, 0.5608
CMYK	0.18, 0.04, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	195°, 10%, 40%
HSV	195°, 18%, 44%
XYZ	12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600
YIQ	103.0850, -10.5450, -1.6250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

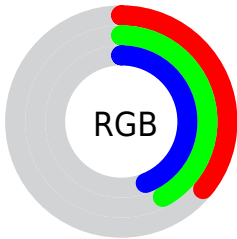
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	92, 101, 112
Decimal	6056816
CIE Lab	44.18, -4.46, -4.70
CIE LCh	44, 6.479, 226.467
Yxy	13.9606, 0.2868, 0.3179
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284246896 (0xFF5C6B70)
YUV	103.0850, 4.3951, -9.7215
Hunter-Lab	37.3639, -5.2114, -1.3926

# Details

The XYZ color **12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **12.8887, 12.7668, 11.9105**, and the grayscale version is **12.9057, 13.5778, 14.7862**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.0830, 32.8848, 39.8838**, and **3.6680, 4.1827, 5.4645** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.2718, 12.8521, 17.2160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.0959, 15.1745, 17.5155**.

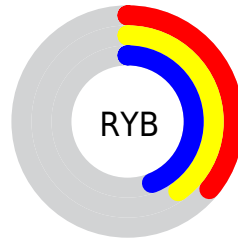
# Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (42%)

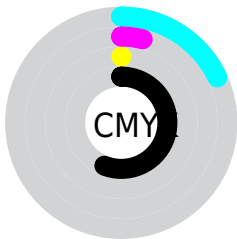
Blue (44%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (44%)

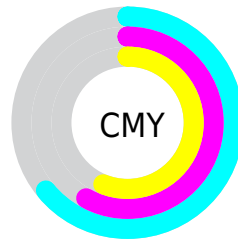


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 12.5960, 13.9606,  
17.3600

■ 12.5960, 13.9606,  
17.3600

202.0024,  
216.9856, 249.3523

■ 7.2260, 8.0933,  
10.3268

■ 30.1836, 33.0191,  
39.7428

■ 3.6514, 4.1547,  
5.5078

■ 43.1319, 46.9791,  
55.9295

■ 1.5069, 1.7605,  
2.4843

■ 59.3370, 64.4054,  
76.0045

■ 0.3305, 0.4624,  
0.8318

■ 79.1643, 85.6824,  
100.3863

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

102.9791,  
111.1945, 129.4934

131.1469,

141.3262, 163.7444

164.0328,  
176.4617, 203.5579

■ 12.5960, 13.9606,  
17.3600

■ 12.5960, 13.9606,  
17.3600

■ 11.2718, 12.8521,  
17.2160

■ 14.0959, 15.1745,  
17.5155

■ 10.1148, 11.8433,  
17.0823

■ 15.7771, 16.4956,  
17.6819

■ 9.1175, 10.9305,  
16.9587

■ 17.6467, 17.9281,  
17.8598

■ 8.2715, 10.1094,  
16.8448

■ 19.7106, 19.4753,  
18.0497

■ 7.5672, 9.3749,  
16.7401

■ 21.9749, 21.1402,  
18.2517

■ 6.9944, 8.7215,  
16.6442

■ 24.4451, 22.9260,  
18.4662

■ 6.5410, 8.1429,  
16.5564

■ 27.1266, 24.8354,  
18.6934

■ 6.1726, 7.6211,  
16.4751

■ 30.0246, 26.8714,  
18.9337

■ 6.0958, 7.5120,  
16.4581

■ 33.1442, 29.0366,  
19.1872

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.3383, 13.9606, 16.0223



12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600



13.0378, 13.9606, 18.1407

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600



14.2595, 13.9606, 15.8769



12.9893, 13.9606, 12.6302

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600



12.8887, 12.7668, 11.9105

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.5032, 13.9606, 12.5969



12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600



14.2457, 13.9606, 14.4078

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600



14.0031, 13.9606, 17.2476



13.9658, 13.9606, 13.2284



12.5613, 13.9606, 13.3225



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600



13.3814, 13.9606, 18.2094



13.9658, 13.9606, 13.2284



13.1575, 13.9606, 12.5432

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.5964, 13.9612, 17.3603



25.5355, 27.2710, 30.8477



12.3502, 14.7208, 13.4187



6.0973, 6.5220, 7.4073



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.5964, 13.9612, 17.3603



21.2339, 23.7854, 30.4017



11.6441, 12.0566, 17.0429



3.4078, 3.6809, 4.2851



7.0286, 8.6475, 19.0203



34.3032, 41.6583, 94.5120



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.1634, 12.1609, 15.5641



22.4171, 20.1004, 26.6375



13.8371, 14.6637, 12.2266



3.4805, 3.4399, 4.0571



9.5660, 4.7188, 10.0566



47.2947, 23.3632, 48.2113



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

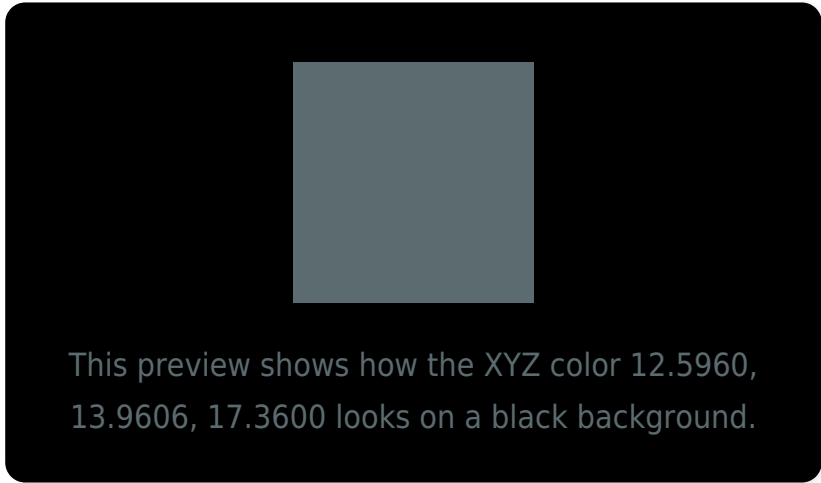
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

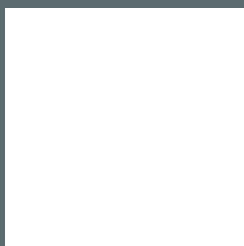
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.5960, 13.9606,

17.3600.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600

### Protanopia

13.4737, 13.9695, 16.7381

### Deuteranopia

14.0647, 13.8146, 17.5480



## Tritanopia

12.8664, 14.0804, 18.2593

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600

## Protanomaly

13.1763, 13.9602, 17.0390

## Deuteranomaly

13.4244, 13.7763, 17.5743

## Tritanomaly

12.8092, 14.0575, 17.9578

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600

## Achromatopsia

12.8919, 13.5633, 14.7705

## Achromatomaly

12.6974, 13.5939, 15.5903

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(92, 107, 112) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 107, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 107, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 107, 112) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 107, 112) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 107, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 107, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 107, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 107, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 107,  
112) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.5960, 13.9606, 17.3600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 107, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 107,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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