

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.6650, 7.2973, 2.1662)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.6650, 7.2973, 2.1662)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.6724, 7.3085,
2.1816)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	922121
RGB	146, 33, 33
RGB Percent	57%, 13%, 13%
CMY	0.4275, 0.8706, 0.8706
CMYK	0.00, 0.77, 0.77, 0.43
HSL	0°, 63%, 35%
HSV	0°, 77%, 57%
XYZ	12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816
YIQ	66.7870, 67.3480, 23.9560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

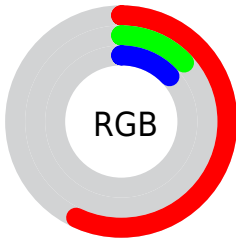
Format	Color
R_{YB}	146, 33, 33
Decimal	9576737
CIE _{Lab}	32.50, 46.38, 29.30
CIE _{LCh}	32, 54.863, 32.278
Yxy	7.3085, 0.5718, 0.3298
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287766817 (0xFF922121)
YUV	66.7870, -16.6570, 69.4698
Hunter-Lab	27.0342, 36.3626, 14.1394

Details

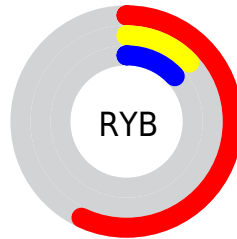
The XYZ color **12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **16.0929, 22.9536, 30.7762**, and the grayscale version is **5.3200, 5.5971, 6.0952**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.2369, 20.4883, 9.5687**, and **4.0245, 2.0747, 0.1883** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.1894, 6.6019, 1.2214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.4202, 8.4030, 3.6679**.

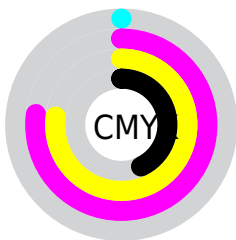
Distribution



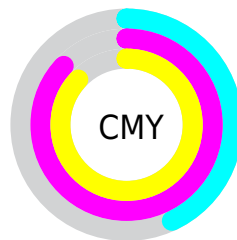
- Red (57%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.6724, 7.3085,
2.1816

■ 12.6724, 7.3085,
2.1816

202.4876,
170.2030, 125.1358

■ 7.2788, 3.6558,
0.6637

■ 30.3203, 20.5912,
9.5316

■ 3.6849, 1.4829,
0.0000

■ 43.3053, 30.9899,
16.2309

■ 1.5255, 0.2767,
0.0000

■ 59.5515, 44.4062,
25.5045

■ 0.3431, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 79.4243, 61.2242,
37.7710


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 103.2889, 81.8286,
53.4488


■ 131.5107,


106.6036, 72.9565


 164.4552,
135.9336, 96.7127


 12.6724, 7.3085,
2.1816


 12.6724, 7.3085,
2.1816


 12.1894, 6.6019,
1.2214


 13.4202, 8.4030,
3.6679


 11.9161, 6.2020,
0.6782

 14.4628, 9.9287,
5.7404

 11.8541, 6.1112,
0.5548

 15.8267, 11.9245,
8.4517

 17.5353, 14.4246,
11.8483

 19.6098, 17.4602,
15.9723

■ 22.0697, 21.0598,
20.8625

■ 24.9332, 25.2498,
26.5551

■ 28.2172, 30.0552,
33.0837

■ 31.9378, 35.4994,
40.4803

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.9697, 7.3085, 7.3513



12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816



9.8139, 7.3085, 0.5221

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816



3.1428, 7.3085, 2.6690



7.1662, 7.3085, 36.1113

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816



16.0929, 22.9536, 30.7762

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.7003, 7.3085, 31.4349



12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816



2.7895, 7.3085, 8.5966

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816



4.4161, 7.3085, 0.6745



3.2726, 7.3085, 19.5953



10.2956, 7.3085, 29.9048

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816



7.7076, 7.3085, 0.1166



3.2726, 7.3085, 19.5953



6.2372, 7.3085, 35.7570

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.6726, 7.3089, 2.1817



36.2175, 33.1774, 31.4041



17.5861, 9.2740, 28.0570



7.7565, 6.9410, 6.3889



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.6726, 7.3089, 2.1817



21.1327, 11.1037, 1.4173



15.7426, 13.4490, 3.2050



5.8008, 5.8155, 6.0572



10.4318, 5.3779, 0.4882



0.1277, 0.0658, 0.0060

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.0929, 22.9536, 30.7762



27.4521, 40.0088, 54.2492



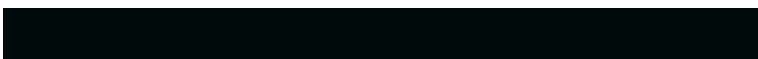
9.4296, 9.6269, 28.5550



5.9641, 6.5622, 7.4220



13.6098, 19.9143, 27.0576



0.1666, 0.2438, 0.3312

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

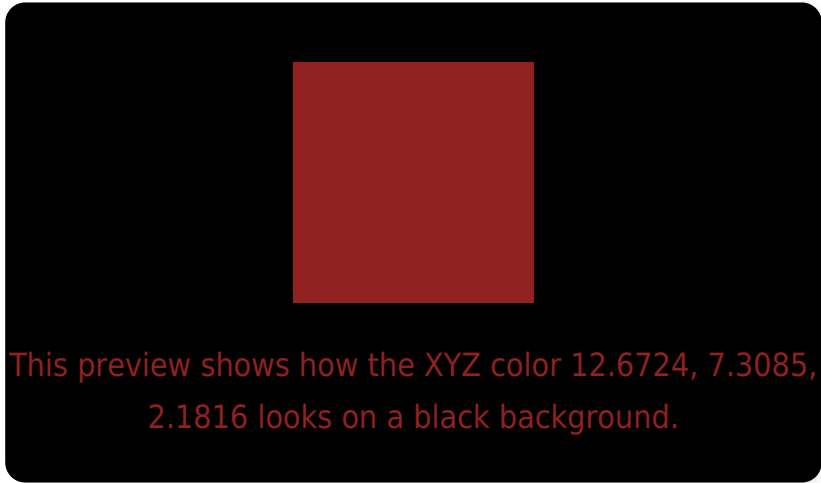
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.6724, 7.3085,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816

Protanopia

6.9638, 7.5773, 3.6803

Deuteranopia

7.6613, 7.5644, 1.9760



Tritanopia

12.6866, 7.3142, 2.2565

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816

Protanomaly

8.1863, 6.7311, 2.9656

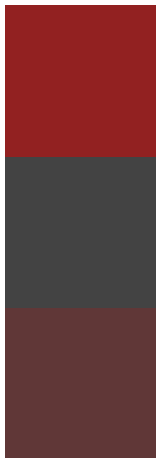
Deuteranomaly

8.8438, 6.8566, 1.9559

Tritanomaly

12.6866, 7.3142, 2.2565

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816

Achromatopsia

5.3350, 5.6128, 6.1124

Achromatomaly

6.8796, 5.4950, 4.3125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 33, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 33, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 33, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 33, 33) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 33, 33) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 33, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 33, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 33, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 33, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 33,  
33) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.6724, 7.3085, 2.1816 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 33, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146, 33,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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