

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.6846, 6.6518, 35.3599)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.6846, 6.6518, 35.3599)
contains.

XYZ(12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(12.6914, 6.6712,
35.2691)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6623A3
RGB	102, 35, 163
RGB Percent	40%, 14%, 64%
CMY	0.6000, 0.8627, 0.3608
CMYK	0.37, 0.79, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	271°, 65%, 39%
HSV	271°, 79%, 64%
XYZ	12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691
YIQ	69.6250, -1.1560, 54.0120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

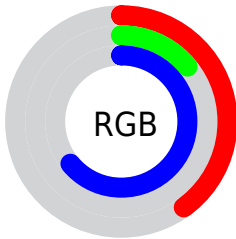
Format	Color
R_{YB}	102, 35, 163
Decimal	6693795
CIE _{Lab}	31.05, 52.77, -56.24
CIE _{LCh}	31, 77.124, 313.179
Yxy	6.6712, 0.2323, 0.1221
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284883875 (0xFF6623A3)
YUV	69.6250, 46.0339, 28.3929
Hunter-Lab	25.8287, 42.5092, -62.8806

Details

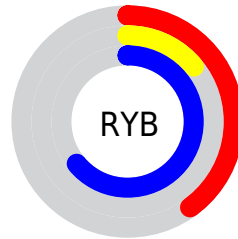
The XYZ color **12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **18.2243, 28.8026, 6.1891**, and the grayscale version is **5.6862, 5.9824, 6.5148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.3765, 19.3630, 69.1543**, and **3.8967, 1.6837, 14.8715** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.4790, 5.4922, 35.1056**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.2098, 8.3387, 35.5111**.

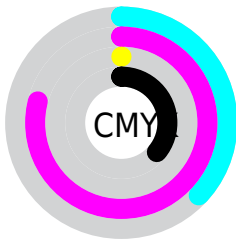
Distribution



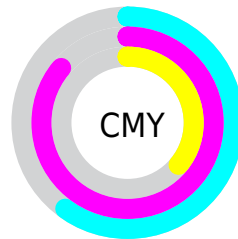
- Red (40%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.6914, 6.6712,
35.2691

12.6914, 6.6712,
35.2691

202.6081,
164.9030, 340.6948

7.2919, 3.2573,
23.5850

30.3543, 19.3086,
69.0587

3.6933, 1.2675,
14.8167

43.3484, 29.3010,
92.0014

1.5301, 0.1158,
8.5457

59.6048, 42.2550,
119.5339

0.3462, 0.0000,
4.3533

79.4888, 58.5550,
152.0750

0.0000, 0.0000,
1.8211

103.3658, 78.5854,
190.0431

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.4418

131.6011,

0.0000, 0.0000,

102.7306, 233.8567

0.0000

164.5601,
131.3750, 283.9344

■ 12.6914, 6.6712,
35.2691

■ 12.6914, 6.6712,
35.2691

■ 11.4790, 5.4922,
35.1056

■ 14.2098, 8.3387,
35.5111

■ 10.5179, 4.6972,
35.0028

■ 16.0626, 10.5498,
35.8402

■ 10.3866, 4.5908,
34.9892

■ 18.2757, 13.3527,
36.2646

■ 20.8719, 16.7898,
36.7912

■ 23.8717, 20.8998,
37.4264

■ 27.2944, 25.7178,
38.1760

■ 31.1577, 31.2768,
39.0453

■ 35.4782, 37.6074,
40.0396

■ 40.2717, 44.7387,
41.1634

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.1374, 6.6712, 51.8762



12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691



16.0928, 6.6712, 15.0604

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691



8.6731, 6.6712, 0.0000



1.5832, 6.6712, 13.0859

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691



18.2243, 28.8026, 6.1891

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.6309, 6.6712, 2.7665



12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691



4.8302, 6.6712, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691



13.2147, 6.6712, 0.0527



2.5669, 6.6712, 0.0000



2.3931, 6.6712, 32.6666

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691



16.6544, 6.6712, 6.1742



2.5669, 6.6712, 0.0000



1.5131, 6.6712, 8.4746

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.6918, 6.6714, 35.2693



45.1611, 40.7954, 67.5502



11.5665, 11.5266, 36.2657



9.6899, 8.5289, 15.0730



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.6918, 6.6714, 35.2693



19.2944, 8.7869, 62.7352



22.1267, 11.5572, 34.7213



7.0377, 7.0338, 8.8898



8.1251, 3.5951, 27.1955



0.2249, 0.1035, 0.5740

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8166, 9.8332, 12.0249



29.8713, 15.2976, 15.4288



14.1265, 26.6863, 6.1678



7.2077, 7.1395, 8.0803



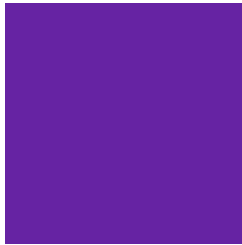
12.8213, 6.4846, 6.2495



0.2933, 0.1458, 0.2570

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

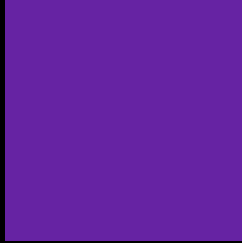
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

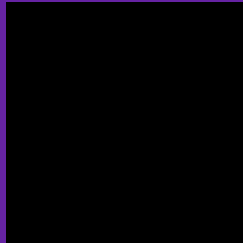
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.6914, 6.6712,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691

Protanopia

7.7583, 6.7085, 29.7401

Deuteranopia

6.6137, 6.7806, 22.0793



Tritanopia

7.1163, 6.7731, 7.5889

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691

Protanomaly

8.1924, 5.7860, 31.6954

Deuteranomaly

7.3142, 5.6838, 26.3028

Tritanomaly

8.4314, 6.2119, 14.6646

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691

Achromatopsia

5.8214, 6.1246, 6.6697

Achromatomaly

7.4415, 5.7196, 13.8085

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 35, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 35, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 35, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 35, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 35, 163) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 35, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 35, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 35, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 35, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 35,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.6914, 6.6712, 35.2691 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 35, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102, 35,  
163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor