

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.7249, 12.1076, 9.3389)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.7249, 12.1076, 9.3389)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.7463, 12.0850,
9.2503)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	765C50
RGB	118, 92, 80
RGB Percent	46%, 36%, 31%
CMY	0.5373, 0.6392, 0.6863
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.32, 0.54
HSL	19°, 19%, 39%
HSV	19°, 32%, 46%
XYZ	12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503
YIQ	98.4060, 19.3480, 1.7800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

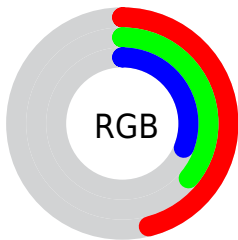
Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 98, 80
Decimal	7756880
CIE Lab	41.35, 8.73, 10.96
CIE LCh	41, 14.009, 51.472
Yxy	12.0850, 0.3740, 0.3546
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285946960 (0xFF765C50)
YUV	98.4060, -9.0742, 17.1839
Hunter-Lab	34.7635, 4.6123, 8.5578

Details

The XYZ color **12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **11.7322, 13.3212, 19.0924**, and the grayscale version is **11.7295, 12.3403, 13.4386**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.4300, 29.5889, 24.8763**, and **3.7346, 3.3405, 2.0381** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.6856, 10.6012, 6.9314**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.9587, 13.7497, 11.9979**.

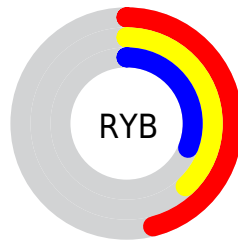
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (36%)

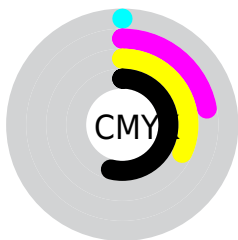
Blue (31%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (31%)

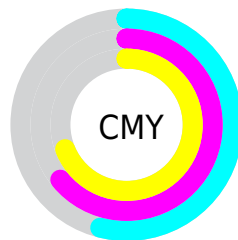


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.7463, 12.0850,
9.2503

■ 12.7463, 12.0850,
9.2503

202.9559,
204.9672, 195.5206

■ 7.3299, 6.8016,
4.8058

■ 30.4525, 29.6498,
24.9609

■ 3.7174, 3.3383,
2.0770

■ 43.4729, 42.7000,
37.0640

■ 1.5435, 1.3108,
0.6020

■ 59.7587, 59.1079,
52.5571

■ 0.3552, 0.1496,
0.0000

■ 79.6752, 79.2580,
71.8587

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 103.5879,
103.5345, 95.3873

131.8620,

132.3220, 123.5614

164.8629,
166.0048, 156.7997

■ 12.7463, 12.0850,
9.2503

■ 12.7463, 12.0850,
9.2503

■ 11.6856, 10.6012,
6.9314

■ 13.9587, 13.7497,
11.9979

■ 10.7695, 9.2902,
5.0186

■ 15.3280, 15.5995,
15.1938

■ 9.9913, 8.1461,
3.4883

■ 16.8598, 17.6406,
18.8573

■ 9.3437, 7.1618,
2.3142

■ 18.5597, 19.8784,
23.0061

■ 8.8185, 6.3295,
1.4665

■ 20.4327, 22.3181,
27.6574

■ 8.4062, 5.6409,
0.9100

■ 22.4836, 24.9647,
32.8271

■ 8.1412, 5.1916,
0.5730

■ 24.7170, 27.8229,
38.5308

■ 27.1375, 30.8975,
44.7832

■ 29.7493, 34.1929,
51.5984

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.4013, 12.0850, 11.2157



12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503



11.7785, 12.0850, 8.3663

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503



9.6614, 12.0850, 12.3464



12.2162, 12.0850, 19.0795

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503



11.7322, 13.3212, 19.0924

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.1993, 12.0850, 19.5006



12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503



9.7633, 12.0850, 15.3137

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503



10.0255, 12.0850, 9.9732



10.3124, 12.0850, 18.0366



13.0829, 12.0850, 16.9587

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503



11.1024, 12.0850, 8.4033



10.3124, 12.0850, 18.0366



11.8792, 12.0850, 19.4358

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.7466, 12.0856, 9.2505



27.4550, 28.1035, 27.9085



12.9728, 10.6422, 15.1703



6.2470, 6.3740, 6.2617



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.7466, 12.0856, 9.2505



20.9410, 19.1959, 13.0342



14.5384, 15.6692, 9.8478



3.7697, 3.8723, 3.8910



8.7972, 5.5957, 0.6164



42.1795, 25.8875, 2.7737

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.7322, 13.3212, 19.0924



18.8437, 21.7369, 33.3395



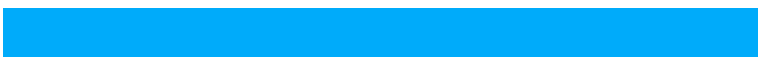
10.0354, 9.9276, 18.5268



3.6904, 3.9695, 4.6619



6.6879, 7.7154, 19.6793



31.7967, 36.0099, 95.6350

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.7463, 12.0850,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503

Protanopia

11.4295, 12.0575, 9.9085

Deuteranopia

12.2607, 12.0953, 9.2778



Tritanopia

13.5596, 12.1685, 12.9433

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503

Protanomaly

11.7995, 11.9818, 9.6735

Deuteranomaly

12.4325, 12.0527, 9.2606

Tritanomaly

13.2372, 12.1594, 11.5469

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503

Achromatopsia

11.6093, 12.2139, 13.3009

Achromatomaly

11.8969, 12.1243, 11.6107

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 92, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 92, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 92, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 92, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 92, 80) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 92, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 92, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 92, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 92, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 92,  
80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.7463, 12.0850, 9.2503 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 92, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118, 92,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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