

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.7386, 16.2775, 32.6075)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.7386, 16.2775, 32.6075)
contains.

XYZ(12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**XYZ(12.7093, 16.2190,
32.5977)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007A99
RGB	0, 122, 153
RGB Percent	0%, 48%, 60%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5216, 0.4000
CMYK	1.00, 0.20, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	192°, 100%, 30%
HSV	192°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977
YIQ	89.0560, -82.6630, -16.2230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

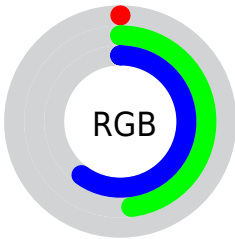
Format	Color
RYB	0, 68, 153
Decimal	31385
CIELab	47.26, -16.99, -24.72
CIELCh	47, 30.002, 235.498
Yxy	16.2190, 0.2066, 0.2636
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221465 (0xFF007A99)
YUV	89.0560, 31.5244, -78.1021
Hunter-Lab	40.2728, -14.1464, -19.7996

Details

The XYZ color **12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **13.6277, 7.7535, 0.7790**, and the grayscale version is **9.4552, 9.9476, 10.8329**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.4302, 37.1434, 64.5970**, and **4.7808, 5.7244, 13.4233** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.7090, 16.2183, 32.5979**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.2987, 17.0973, 32.7365**.

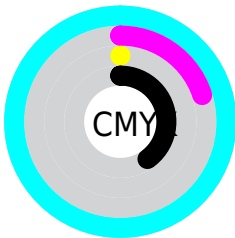
Distribution



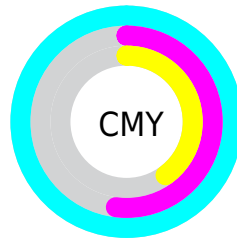
- Red (0%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.7093, 16.2190,
32.5977

■ 12.7093, 16.2190,
32.5977

202.7216,
230.6305, 328.4093

■ 7.3043, 9.6793,
21.5498

■ 30.3863, 36.9780,
64.8557

■ 3.7011, 5.1868,
13.3314

■ 43.3890, 51.9660,
86.9029

■ 1.5345, 2.3573,
7.5237

■ 59.6550, 70.5389,
113.4536

■ 0.3491, 0.8038,
3.7084

■ 79.5496, 93.0811,
144.9265

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.4668

■ 103.4383,
119.9770, 181.7399

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.1930

■ 131.6862,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

151.6109, 224.3125

0.0000

164.6589,
188.3673, 273.0628

■ 12.7093, 16.2190,
32.5977

■ 12.7093, 16.2190,
32.5977

■ 12.7090, 16.2183,
32.5979

■ 13.2987, 17.0973,
32.7365

■ 14.0492, 18.0766,
32.8860

■ 15.0301, 19.1930,
33.0498

■ 16.2690, 20.4610,
33.2292

■ 17.7895, 21.8928,
33.4254

■ 19.6124, 23.4993,
33.6394

■ 21.7566, 25.2904,
33.8721

■ 24.2393, 27.2752,
34.1244

■ 27.0766, 29.4620,
34.3970

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.2638, 16.2190, 24.7054



12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977



15.0197, 16.2190, 36.5359

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977



21.0652, 16.2190, 18.8284



13.3273, 16.2190, 7.5016

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977



13.6277, 7.7535, 0.7790

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.8185, 16.2190, 6.7514



12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977



20.4798, 16.2190, 12.0998

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977



20.0009, 16.2190, 27.2673



18.4813, 16.2190, 8.1667



11.5910, 16.2190, 10.6245

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977



16.8157, 16.2190, 35.7542



18.4813, 16.2190, 8.1667



14.0956, 16.2190, 7.0101

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.7099, 16.2196, 32.5981



38.7129, 45.0872, 60.6343



11.6340, 22.8798, 5.0732



8.2093, 9.6759, 13.3524



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.7099, 16.2196, 32.5981



22.6259, 28.7762, 58.3338



6.7238, 4.2475, 30.6028



6.2783, 6.8139, 7.9133



10.5275, 13.4517, 26.9493



0.1814, 0.2491, 0.4109

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.6502, 8.1781, 19.1139



29.7496, 14.6176, 33.8706



18.4060, 17.3102, 2.3718



6.4076, 6.3022, 7.5263



13.7726, 6.7633, 15.8592



0.2180, 0.1060, 0.3009

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977.

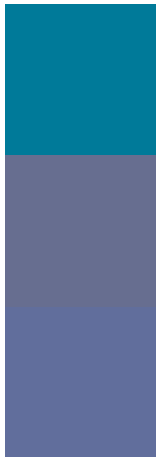


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.7093, 16.2190,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977

Protanopia

16.2035, 16.0490, 28.6293

Deuteranopia

16.5064, 16.0935, 33.6889

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977

Protanomaly

13.5305, 15.2995, 29.8437

Deuteranomaly

13.9203, 15.4253, 33.2541

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977

Achromatopsia

9.4954, 9.9899, 10.8790

Achromatomaly

9.2657, 11.3471, 17.0311

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 122, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 122, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 122, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 122, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 122, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 122, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 122, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 122, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 122, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 122,  
153) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.7093, 16.2190, 32.5977 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 122, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 122,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor