

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.8538, 6.3466, 13.2430)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.8538, 6.3466, 13.2430)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.8795, 6.3626,
13.1196)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A0066
RGB	138, 0, 102
RGB Percent	54%, 0%, 40%
CMY	0.4588, 0.9999, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.26, 0.46
HSL	316°, 100%, 27%
HSV	316°, 100%, 54%
XYZ	12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196
YIQ	52.8900, 49.5060, 60.9780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

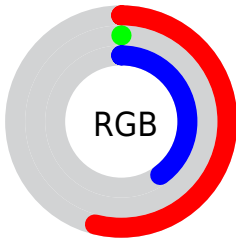
Format	Color
R_{YB}	138, 0, 102
Decimal	9044070
CIE _{Lab}	30.31, 57.21, -18.94
CIE _{LCh}	30, 60.261, 341.682
Yxy	6.3626, 0.3980, 0.1966
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287234150 (0xFF8A0066)
YUV	52.8900, 24.2112, 74.6415
Hunter-Lab	25.2242, 46.9999, -13.1810

Details

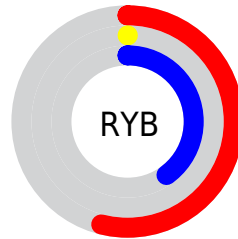
The XYZ color **12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **9.4074, 18.3046, 4.7077**, and the grayscale version is **3.3392, 3.5131, 3.8257**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.6380, 18.6671, 32.1253**, and **4.2569, 2.1148, 3.7983** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.8793, 6.3625, 13.1186**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.2166, 6.7447, 14.1323**.

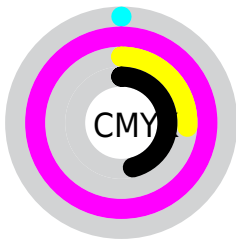
Distribution



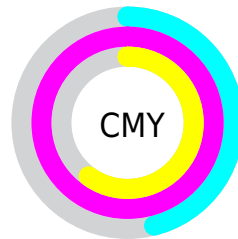
- Red (54%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.8795, 6.3626,
13.1196

12.8795, 6.3626,
13.1196

203.7972,
162.2571, 222.9174

7.4220, 3.0668,
7.3793

30.6903, 18.6789,
32.2128

3.7761, 1.1667,
3.6184

43.7743, 28.4683,
46.4028

1.5763, 0.0343,
1.4184

60.1313, 41.1909,
64.2463

0.3769, 0.0000,
0.1560


80.1265, 57.2312,
86.1621


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

104.1254, 76.9736,
112.5685


132.4932,


100.8024, 143.8842


 165.5954,
129.1021, 180.5276


 12.8795, 6.3626,
13.1196


 12.8795, 6.3626,
13.1196

 12.8793, 6.3625,
13.1186

 13.2166, 6.7447,
14.1323

 13.6586, 7.3242,
15.2186

 14.2581, 8.2059,
16.3966

 15.0335, 9.4265,
17.6729

 16.0007, 11.0176,
19.0533

■ 17.1735, 13.0069,
20.5427

■ 18.5646, 15.4195,
22.1459

■ 20.1856, 18.2785,
23.8672

■ 22.0473, 21.6053,
25.7105

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4698, 6.3626, 26.4869



12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196



13.1530, 6.3626, 4.2124

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196



5.0049, 6.3626, 0.0000



2.8099, 6.3626, 23.4700

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196



9.4074, 18.3046, 4.7077

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.1133, 6.3626, 10.6139



12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196



3.0875, 6.3626, 0.5070

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196



7.9373, 6.3626, 0.0000



2.1957, 6.3626, 3.0748



4.4842, 6.3626, 35.0362

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196



12.0082, 6.3626, 1.5236



2.1957, 6.3626, 3.0748



2.4815, 6.3626, 18.8631

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.8797, 6.3629, 13.1197



32.5510, 26.8783, 38.8453



5.2643, 2.1842, 24.1890



7.0932, 5.6665, 8.4784



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.8797, 6.3629, 13.1197



22.6351, 11.1882, 22.7710



10.7776, 5.5221, 2.0502



5.1791, 5.1071, 6.0314



11.8146, 5.8360, 12.0602



0.0845, 0.0412, 0.1117

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.8797, 6.3629, 13.1197



22.6351, 11.1882, 22.7710



11.5623, 19.1665, 16.0551



5.1791, 5.1071, 6.0314



11.8146, 5.8360, 12.0602



0.0845, 0.0412, 0.1117

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

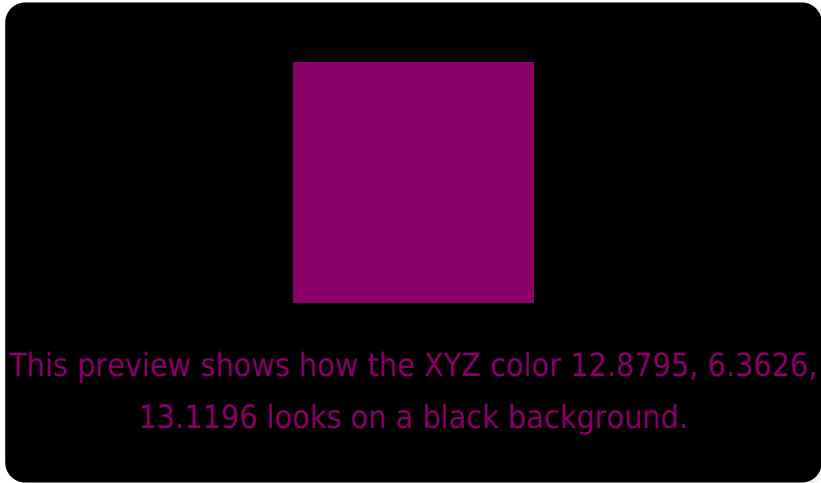
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

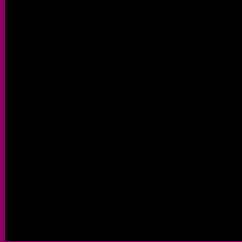
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196

Protanopia

7.9933, 6.9704, 27.7122

Deuteranopia

7.0466, 6.9309, 11.7929



Tritanopia

11.0082, 6.7531, 2.9138

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196

Protanomaly

7.4652, 4.8411, 21.3098

Deuteranomaly

7.9009, 5.2687, 12.1558

Tritanomaly

11.2647, 6.2163, 5.4566

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196

Achromatopsia

3.3839, 3.5601, 3.8770

Achromatomaly

5.3655, 3.4838, 6.3509

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 0, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 0, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 0, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 0, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 0, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 0, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 0, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 0, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 0, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 0,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.8795, 6.3626, 13.1196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 0, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138, 0,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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