

# Converting Colors

XYZ(12.8595, 20.0443, 1.1468)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(12.8595, 20.0443, 1.1468)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(13.1621, 20.0650,  
3.1792)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A8900
RGB	90, 137, 0
RGB Percent	35%, 54%, 0%
CMY	0.6471, 0.4627, 1.0000
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 1.00, 0.46
HSL	81°, 100%, 27%
HSV	81°, 100%, 54%
XYZ	13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792
YIQ	107.3290, 15.9650, -52.5710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

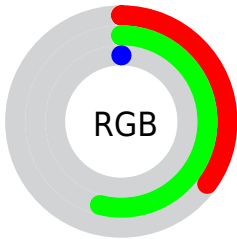
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 137, 47
Decimal	5933312
CIELab	51.91, -34.04, 55.50
CIELCh	52, 65.107, 121.519
Yxy	20.0650, 0.3615, 0.5511
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284123392 (0xFF5A8900)
YUV	107.3290, -52.9132, -15.1975
Hunter-Lab	44.7940, -25.9397, 27.1477

# Details

The XYZ color **13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **5.6886, 2.4111, 23.8337**, and the grayscale version is **14.2068, 14.9467, 16.2770**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.3210, 43.6866, 12.0918**, and **4.1711, 7.2097, 1.1718** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.1622, 20.0657, 3.1793**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.7116, 20.3400, 3.6085**.

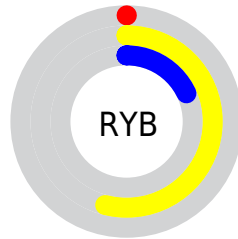
# Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (54%)

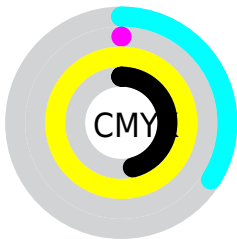
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (18%)

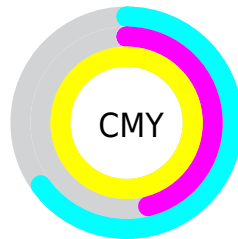


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 13.1621, 20.0650,  
3.1792

■ 13.1621, 20.0650,  
3.1792

205.5706,  
252.2668, 138.6113

■ 7.6180, 12.4423,  
1.1868

■ 31.1935, 43.5261,  
12.0675

■ 3.9013, 7.0457,  
0.0000

■ 44.4116, 60.1334,  
19.8006

■ 1.6464, 3.4907,  
0.0000

■ 60.9184, 80.5042,  
30.2842

■ 0.4224, 1.3929,  
0.0000

■ 81.0793, 105.0231,  
43.9371


■ 0.0000, 0.2115,  
0.0000


■ 105.2596,  
134.0744, 61.1777


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 133.8247,


168.0425, 82.4246


 167.1399,  
207.3118, 108.0962


 13.1621, 20.0650,  
3.1792


 13.1621, 20.0650,  
3.1792


 13.1622, 20.0657,  
3.1793

 13.7116, 20.3400,  
3.6085

 14.3382, 20.6486,  
4.2918

 15.0690, 21.0022,  
5.3675

 15.9135, 21.4049,  
6.8835

 16.8801, 21.8600,  
8.8807

■ 17.9761, 22.3705,  
11.3954

■ 19.2081, 22.9390,  
14.4603

■ 20.5823, 23.5682,  
18.1056

■ 22.1045, 24.2603,  
22.3592

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.7358, 20.0650, 1.9141



13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792



9.9301, 20.0650, 8.6691

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792



13.6237, 20.0650, 72.0892



34.8302, 20.0650, 20.8954

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792



5.6886, 2.4111, 23.8337

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.5858, 20.0650, 44.2424



13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792



19.4105, 20.0650, 82.2826

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792



10.1500, 20.0650, 46.9752



26.5274, 20.0650, 69.9690



32.1061, 20.0650, 7.7965



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792



9.0507, 20.0650, 16.9012



26.5274, 20.0650, 69.9690



34.6294, 20.0650, 27.6751

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.1626, 20.0659, 3.1796



34.2411, 41.0062, 25.4956



11.2814, 7.2473, 0.8045



7.4952, 9.1123, 5.2504



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.1626, 20.0659, 3.1796



23.3905, 35.8397, 5.6850



9.2959, 18.0725, 2.9987



5.2672, 5.7605, 5.3867



12.2730, 18.6970, 2.9620



0.0973, 0.1323, 0.0204



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.6886, 2.4111, 23.8337



10.0258, 4.2344, 42.6721



11.4774, 5.3953, 24.1046



4.9259, 4.9702, 6.3056



5.3102, 2.2516, 22.2004



0.0498, 0.0225, 0.1482



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.1621, 20.0650,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792

### Protanopia

17.8551, 19.9043, 2.9008

### Deuteranopia

20.0653, 19.7657, 3.7349



## Tritanopia

17.8857, 19.9568, 26.9541

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792

## Protanomaly

15.7354, 19.7655, 2.9858

## Deuteranomaly

16.6689, 19.2811, 3.3734

## Tritanomaly

15.0233, 19.5898, 12.2219

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792

## Achromatopsia

13.9749, 14.7027, 16.0113

## Achromatomaly

12.8886, 16.1409, 7.9050

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 137, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 137, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 137, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 137, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 137, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 137, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 137, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 137, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 137, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 137, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.1621, 20.0650, 3.1792 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 137, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 137,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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