

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.8837, 7.2983, 1.9301)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.8837, 7.2983, 1.9301)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.9114, 7.3182,
1.9603)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	941E1E
RGB	148, 30, 30
RGB Percent	58%, 12%, 12%
CMY	0.4196, 0.8823, 0.8824
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.80, 0.42
HSL	0°, 66%, 35%
HSV	0°, 80%, 58%
XYZ	12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603
YIQ	65.2820, 70.3280, 25.0160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

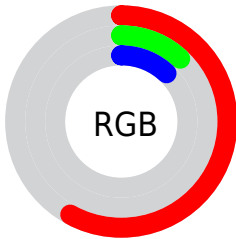
Format	Color
R_{YB}	148, 30, 30
Decimal	9707038
CIE _{Lab}	32.52, 47.89, 31.24
CIE _{LCh}	33, 57.176, 33.117
Yxy	7.3182, 0.5819, 0.3298
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287897118 (0xFF941E1E)
YUV	65.2820, -17.3940, 72.5437
Hunter-Lab	27.0522, 37.8528, 14.6401

Details

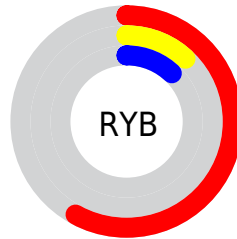
The XYZ color **12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **16.4690, 23.5908, 31.7024**, and the grayscale version is **5.0865, 5.3514, 5.8277**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.8923, 20.7189, 9.0276**, and **4.1198, 2.1238, 0.1928** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.4742, 6.6786, 1.0911**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.6136, 8.3460, 3.3559**.

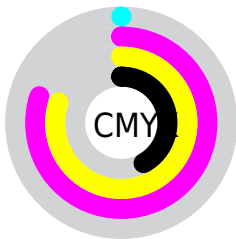
Distribution



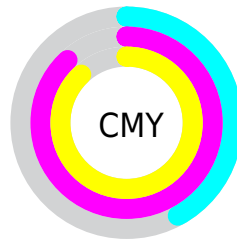
- Red (58%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.9114, 7.3182,
1.9603

■ 12.9114, 7.3182,
1.9603

203.9982,
170.2821, 121.7572

■ 7.4441, 3.6619,
0.5307

■ 30.7472, 20.6105,
8.9320

■ 3.7902, 1.4863,
0.0000

■ 43.8464, 31.0154,
15.3729

■ 1.5841, 0.2790,
0.0000

■ 60.2204, 44.4385,
24.3419

■ 0.3820, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 80.2344, 61.2642,
36.2575

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 104.2538, 81.8771,
51.5383

■ 132.6440,

106.6614, 70.6029

165.7703,
136.0016, 93.8696

12.9114, 7.3182,
1.9603

12.9114, 7.3182,
1.9603

12.4742, 6.6786,
1.0911

13.6136, 8.3460,
3.3559

12.2194, 6.3057,
0.5846

14.6131, 9.8086,
5.3428

12.2128, 6.2961,
0.5716

15.9382, 11.7476,
7.9769

17.6137, 14.1994,
11.3076

19.6620, 17.1966,
15.3796

■ 22.1038, 20.7696,
20.2337

■ 24.9579, 24.9460,
25.9078

■ 28.2424, 29.7521,
32.4373

■ 31.9739, 35.2123,
39.8556

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.3486, 7.3182, 7.1126



12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603



9.8673, 7.3182, 0.3547

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603



3.0073, 7.3182, 2.6285



7.2705, 7.3182, 37.9483

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603



16.4690, 23.5908, 31.7024

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.6819, 7.3182, 33.2291



12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603



2.6729, 7.3182, 8.8900

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603



4.2813, 7.3182, 0.5720



3.1882, 7.3182, 20.6425



10.5612, 7.3182, 30.9804

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603



7.6621, 7.3182, 0.0000



3.1882, 7.3182, 20.6425



6.2942, 7.3182, 37.6840

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.9116, 7.3186, 1.9604



36.8662, 33.5230, 31.4573



18.0223, 9.3625, 28.8742



8.1030, 7.1949, 6.5592



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.9116, 7.3186, 1.9604



21.6739, 11.2920, 1.2569



16.0194, 13.5343, 2.9964



5.8008, 5.8155, 6.0572



10.4318, 5.3780, 0.4882



0.1277, 0.0658, 0.0060

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.4690, 23.5908, 31.7024



28.2093, 41.1861, 55.8975



9.4531, 9.5589, 29.3637



5.9641, 6.5622, 7.4220



13.6096, 19.9140, 27.0575



0.1666, 0.2438, 0.3312

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

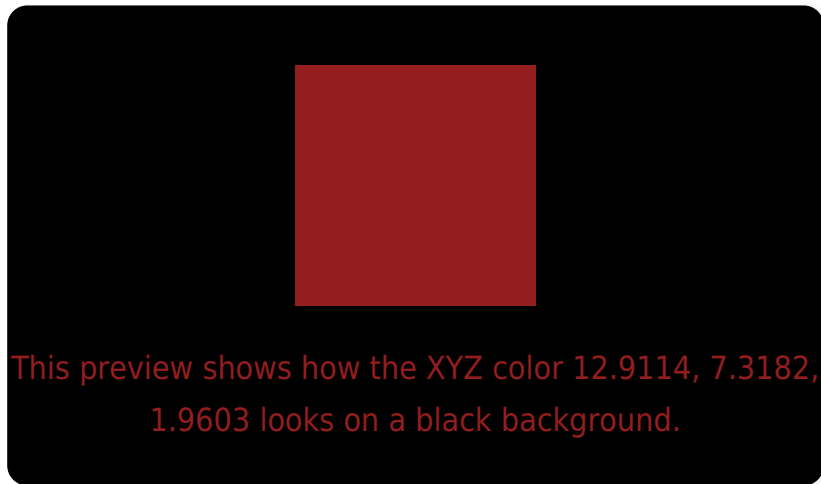
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.9114, 7.3182,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603

Protanopia

6.9982, 7.6016, 3.3839

Deuteranopia

7.6120, 7.5447, 1.7169



Tritanopia

12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603

Protanomaly

8.3253, 6.7286, 2.6937

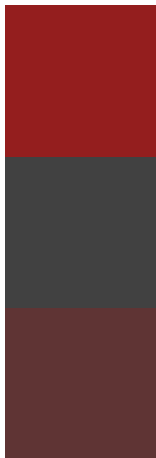
Deuteranomaly

8.8804, 6.8051, 1.7096

Tritanomaly

12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603

Achromatopsia

5.0244, 5.2861, 5.7565

Achromatomaly

6.5671, 5.1368, 3.8942

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 30, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 30, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 30, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 30, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 30, 30) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 30, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 30, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 30, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 30, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 30,  
30) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.9114, 7.3182, 1.9603 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 30, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148, 30,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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