

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079)
contains.

XYZ(12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(12.9008, 20.4587,
18.3079)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D8D6F
RGB	29, 141, 111
RGB Percent	11%, 55%, 44%
CMY	0.8863, 0.4470, 0.5647
CMYK	0.79, 0.00, 0.21, 0.45
HSL	164°, 66%, 33%
HSV	164°, 79%, 55%
XYZ	12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079
YIQ	104.0920, -57.1220, -33.0740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

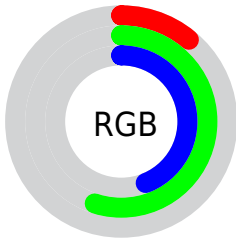
Format	Color
R_{YB}	29, 94, 141
Decimal	1936751
CIE _{Lab}	52.35, -37.66, 7.46
CIE _{LCh}	52, 38.394, 168.796
Yxy	20.4587, 0.2497, 0.3960
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280126831 (0xFF1D8D6F)
YUV	104.0920, 3.4056, -65.8557
Hunter-Lab	45.2313, -28.2433, 7.6636

Details

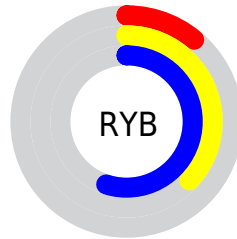
The XYZ color **12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **12.2139, 6.8577, 4.8183**, and the grayscale version is **13.1854, 13.8721, 15.1067**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.6402, 44.0017, 41.5286**, and **4.5534, 7.6712, 5.9433** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.3863, 20.2175, 17.2214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.6076, 20.7991, 19.4503**.

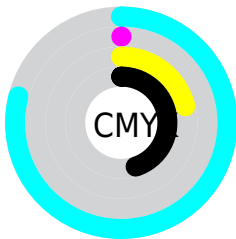
Distribution



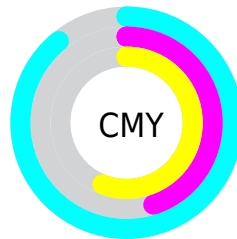
- Red (11%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.9008, 20.4587,
18.3079

■ 12.9008, 20.4587,
18.3079

■ 203.9314,
254.3876, 254.8950

■ 7.4368, 12.7289,
10.9995

■ 30.7283, 44.1849,
41.3823

■ 3.7855, 7.2421,
5.9524

■ 43.8225, 60.9501,
57.9854

■ 1.5815, 3.6140,
2.7478

■ 60.1908, 81.4959,
78.5238

■ 0.3803, 1.4601,
0.9674

■ 80.1986, 106.2067,
103.4162

■ 0.0000, 0.2604,
0.0000

■ 104.2111,
135.4669, 133.0809

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 132.5939,

169.6608, 167.9366

165.7122,
209.1729, 208.4018

■ 12.9008, 20.4587,
18.3079

■ 12.9008, 20.4587,
18.3079

■ 12.3863, 20.2175,
17.2214

■ 13.6076, 20.7991,
19.4503

■ 12.0060, 20.0440,
16.1860

■ 14.5274, 21.2476,
20.6486

■ 11.9851, 20.0344,
16.1284

■ 15.6797, 21.8150,
21.9048

■ 17.0814, 22.5100,
23.2203

■ 18.7478, 23.3404,
24.5962

■ 20.6931, 24.3134,
26.0337

■ 22.9301, 25.4357,
27.5340

■ 25.4712, 26.7137,
29.0981

■ 28.3278, 28.1532,
30.7270

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.2682, 20.4587, 10.7918



12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079



13.1000, 20.4587, 30.0531

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079



21.9991, 20.4587, 49.8970



24.8954, 20.4587, 9.5826

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079



12.2139, 6.8577, 4.8183

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.5664, 20.4587, 15.9717



12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079



25.7441, 20.4587, 39.9162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079



18.0054, 20.4587, 51.1854



27.8965, 20.4587, 26.7798



20.9602, 20.4587, 7.0173

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079



14.1018, 20.4587, 38.8912



27.8965, 20.4587, 26.7798



25.9925, 20.4587, 11.2299

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.9014, 20.4595, 18.3084



35.2216, 42.6210, 45.2976



11.6554, 20.1230, 4.4325



7.6282, 9.4002, 9.9379



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.9014, 20.4595, 18.3084



21.6790, 35.9769, 29.4226



11.6453, 14.8456, 27.4520



5.4994, 6.0920, 6.5959



10.9345, 18.2697, 14.7412



0.1137, 0.1783, 0.1893

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.2139, 6.8577, 4.8183



20.4825, 10.6249, 4.7001



12.4922, 8.3226, 2.1106



5.4645, 5.4463, 5.9442



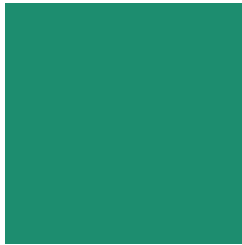
10.3374, 5.2920, 2.1620



0.1070, 0.0539, 0.0636

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

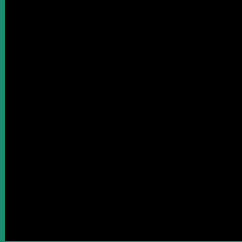
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.9008, 20.4587,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079

Protanopia

18.9660, 20.1999, 15.4697

Deuteranopia

20.5163, 20.1829, 19.3374



Tritanopia

15.4359, 20.4187, 30.7314

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079

Protanomaly

15.1485, 19.3649, 16.3040

Deuteranomaly

15.9020, 19.3059, 18.8079

Tritanomaly

14.3878, 20.4118, 25.7358

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079

Achromatopsia

13.1579, 13.8432, 15.0752

Achromatomaly

12.0757, 15.3619, 16.2386

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 141, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 141, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 141, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 141, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 141, 111) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 141, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 141, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 141, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 141, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 141,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.9008, 20.4587, 18.3079 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 141, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 141,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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