

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.9299, 6.6345, 2.0104)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.9299, 6.6345, 2.0104)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.8522, 6.5938,
2.0342)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	960021
RGB	150, 0, 33
RGB Percent	59%, 0%, 13%
CMY	0.4118, 0.9999, 0.8706
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.78, 0.41
HSL	347°, 100%, 29%
HSV	347°, 100%, 59%
XYZ	12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342
YIQ	48.6120, 78.8070, 42.0630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

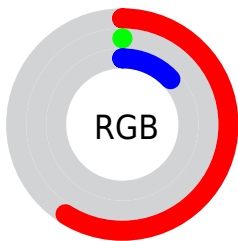
Format	Color
RYB	150, 0, 33
Decimal	9830433
CIELab	30.86, 54.64, 27.73
CIELCh	31, 61.271, 26.910
Yxy	6.5938, 0.5983, 0.3070
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288020513 (0xFF960021)
YUV	48.6120, -7.6967, 88.9173
Hunter-Lab	25.6784, 44.4032, 13.2780

Details

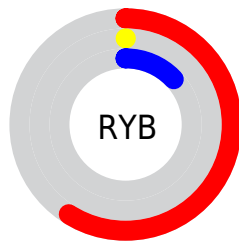
The XYZ color **12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **14.1185, 23.0975, 20.5494**, and the grayscale version is **2.8796, 3.0295, 3.2992**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.5861, 19.1498, 9.1054**, and **4.2164, 2.1737, 0.1973** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.8519, 6.5937, 2.0331**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.2166, 7.0134, 3.1097**.

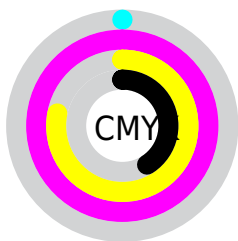
Distribution



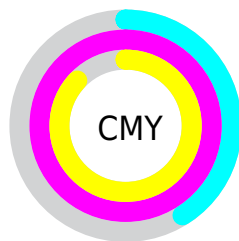
- Red (59%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.8522, 6.5938,
2.0342

12.8522, 6.5938,
2.0342

203.6251,
164.2445, 122.9056

7.4031, 3.2094,
0.5762

30.6416, 19.1513,
9.1341

3.7640, 1.2420,
0.0000

43.7126, 29.0931,
15.6628

1.5695, 0.0956,
0.0000

60.0550, 41.9895,
24.7354

0.3724, 0.0000,
0.0000

80.0342, 58.2250,
36.7704

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

104.0154, 78.1838,
52.1864


132.3640,


102.2504, 71.4019


 165.4455,
130.8092, 94.8354


 12.8522, 6.5938,
2.0342


 12.8522, 6.5938,
2.0342


 12.8519, 6.5937,
2.0331

 13.2166, 7.0134,
3.1097

 13.7661, 7.7030,
4.5546

 14.5633, 8.7808,
6.4129

 15.6353, 10.2940,
8.7148

 17.0053, 12.2828,
11.4872

■ 18.6940, 14.7830,
14.7551

■ 20.7204, 17.8267,
18.5414

■ 23.1018, 21.4436,
22.8677

■ 25.8543, 25.6612,
27.7542

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.8609, 6.5938, 8.0965



12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342



9.9249, 6.5938, 0.1314

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342



2.6006, 6.5938, 1.4447



5.9648, 6.5938, 38.9551

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342



14.1185, 23.0975, 20.5494

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.6408, 6.5938, 31.3982



12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342



2.1232, 6.5938, 6.3346

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342



4.0242, 6.5938, 0.0000



2.4332, 6.5938, 17.3988



9.2189, 6.5938, 33.8122

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342



7.6496, 6.5938, 0.0000



2.4332, 6.5938, 17.3988



5.0623, 6.5938, 37.7310

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.8523, 6.5942, 2.0343



36.3338, 31.1078, 32.2915



12.5760, 5.8475, 29.3199



7.7382, 6.4211, 6.5743



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.8523, 6.5942, 2.0343



22.6259, 11.6145, 3.2982



13.3370, 8.0026, 0.8423



5.8499, 5.8350, 6.3158



10.6696, 5.4729, 1.7412



0.1400, 0.0707, 0.0707

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.8523, 6.5942, 2.0343



22.6259, 11.6145, 3.2982



11.0817, 13.3550, 30.8477



5.8499, 5.8350, 6.3158



10.6696, 5.4729, 1.7412



0.1400, 0.0707, 0.0707

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

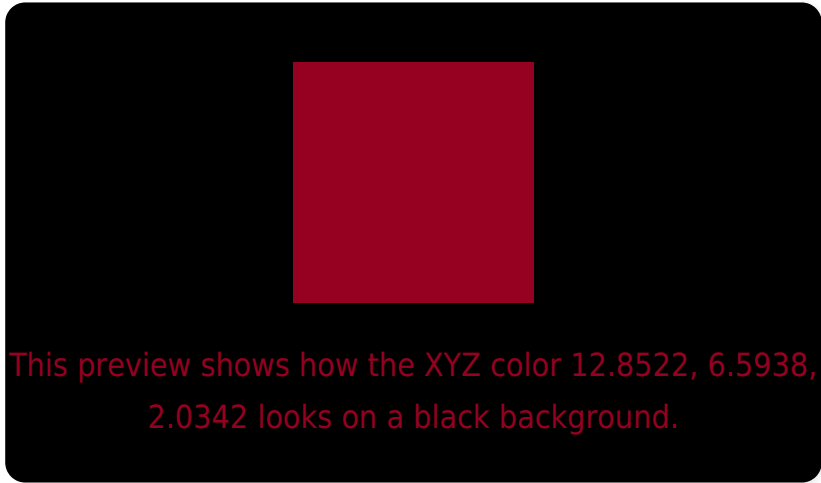
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.8522, 6.5938,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342

Protanopia

6.7274, 7.2382, 4.0601

Deuteranopia

7.1913, 7.1295, 1.8077



Tritanopia

12.7676, 6.8113, 0.8141

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342

Protanomaly

7.5750, 5.4216, 3.0301

Deuteranomaly

8.2451, 5.6780, 1.6983

Tritanomaly

12.7689, 6.7168, 1.1137

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342

Achromatopsia

2.9193, 3.0713, 3.3447

Achromatomaly

4.7638, 3.1328, 2.6391

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 0, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 0, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 0, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 0, 33) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 0, 33) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 0, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 0, 33)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 0, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 0, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 0, 33)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.8522, 6.5938, 2.0342 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 0, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150, 0,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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