

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.9931, 12.2852, 12.3334)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.9931, 12.2852, 12.3334)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.0050, 12.2817,
12.2748)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	735D5E
RGB	115, 93, 94
RGB Percent	45%, 36%, 37%
CMY	0.5490, 0.6353, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.18, 0.55
HSL	357°, 11%, 41%
HSV	357°, 19%, 45%
XYZ	13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748
YIQ	99.6920, 12.7910, 4.9750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

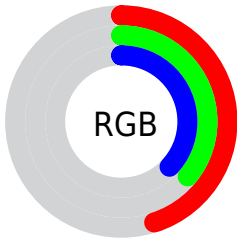
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 93, 94
Decimal	7560542
CIE Lab	41.66, 9.11, 2.80
CIE LCh	42, 9.532, 17.073
Yxy	12.2817, 0.3462, 0.3270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285750622 (0xFF735D5E)
YUV	99.6920, -2.8062, 13.4251
Hunter-Lab	35.0453, 4.9107, 3.7650

Details

The XYZ color **13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **13.6828, 15.8039, 18.2498**, and the grayscale version is **12.0396, 12.6666, 13.7940**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.7929, 29.8740, 30.5289**, and **3.7968, 3.4047, 3.2534** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.6124, 10.2296, 9.5505**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.6202, 14.6666, 15.4193**.

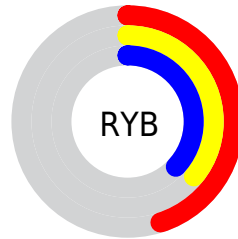
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (36%)

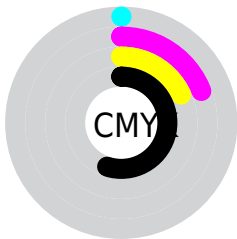
Blue (37%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (37%)

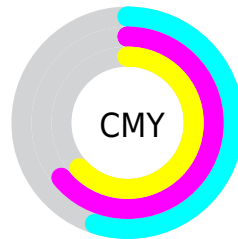


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.0050, 12.2817,
12.2748

■ 13.0050, 12.2817,
12.2748

204.5867,
206.2614, 217.2582

■ 7.5090, 6.9358,
6.8063

■ 30.9140, 30.0071,
30.6665

■ 3.8316, 3.4220,
3.2647

■ 44.0577, 43.1555,
44.4267

■ 1.6073, 1.3558,
1.2313

■ 60.4814, 59.6735,
61.7880

■ 0.3972, 0.1838,
0.0045

■ 80.5504, 79.9454,
83.1688

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

104.6301,
104.3558, 108.9877

133.0858,

133.2890, 139.6632

166.2828,
167.1294, 175.6139

■ 13.0050, 12.2817,
12.2748

■ 13.0050, 12.2817,
12.2748

■ 11.6124, 10.2296,
9.5505

■ 14.6202, 14.6666,
15.4193

■ 10.4318, 8.4940,
7.2280

■ 16.4660, 17.3963,
19.0000

■ 9.4529, 7.0596,
5.2885

■ 18.5514, 20.4846,
23.0330

■ 8.6645, 5.9092,
3.7113

■ 20.8847, 23.9436,
27.5332

■ 8.0543, 5.0239,
2.4741

■ 23.4734, 27.7851,
32.5149

■ 7.6082, 4.3827,
1.5517

■ 26.3252, 32.0203,
37.9919

■ 7.3103, 3.9611,
0.9158

■ 29.4470, 36.6600,
43.9773

■ 7.1150, 3.6802,
0.5126

■ 32.8458, 41.7146,
50.4837

■ 7.0989, 3.6563,
0.4814

■ 36.5282, 47.1940,
57.5235

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.0321, 12.2817, 14.2518



13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748



12.6123, 12.2817, 10.7492

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748



10.7173, 12.2817, 10.9202



11.3755, 12.2817, 17.4832

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748



13.6828, 15.8039, 18.2498

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.7823, 12.2817, 16.3917



13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748



10.4126, 12.2817, 12.5305

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748



11.2835, 12.2817, 10.0223



10.4359, 12.2817, 14.5342



12.0722, 12.2817, 17.3972

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748



12.2045, 12.2817, 10.1335



10.4359, 12.2817, 14.5342



11.1579, 12.2817, 17.2376

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.0053, 12.2823, 12.2751



27.1179, 27.6495, 29.4329



13.9357, 12.6378, 17.9247



6.4327, 6.5419, 6.9504



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.0053, 12.2823, 12.2751



22.1238, 20.2764, 19.7058



13.8867, 14.1163, 12.3494



3.6901, 3.7033, 3.8946



8.1132, 4.1790, 0.5384



39.4509, 20.3305, 2.1717

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.0053, 12.2823, 12.2751



22.1238, 20.2764, 19.7058



12.6710, 13.6890, 18.1943



3.6901, 3.7033, 3.8946



8.1132, 4.1790, 0.5384



39.4509, 20.3305, 2.1717

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

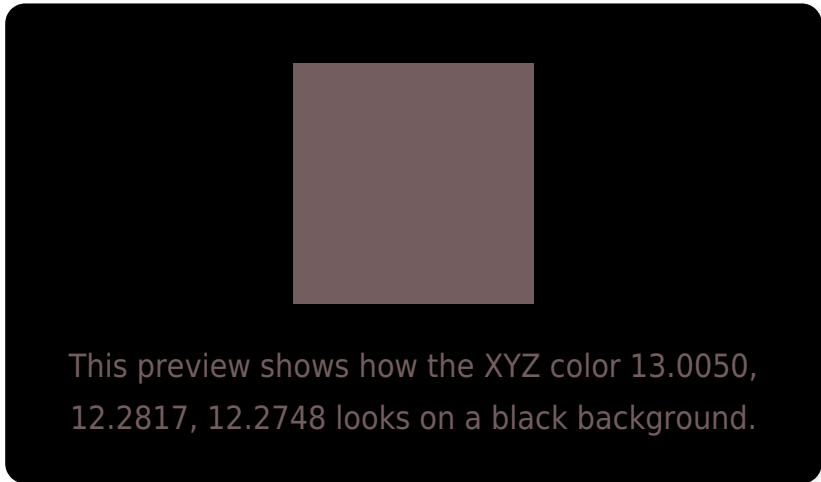
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.0050, 12.2817,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748

Protanopia

11.8922, 12.3651, 13.0692

Deuteranopia

12.5430, 12.3076, 12.3042



Tritanopia

13.2817, 12.2681, 13.4723

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748

Protanomaly

12.2380, 12.2744, 12.7905

Deuteranomaly

12.7052, 12.2583, 12.2861

Tritanomaly

13.1873, 12.2304, 12.9749

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748

Achromatopsia

12.1130, 12.7438, 13.8780

Achromatomaly

12.3050, 12.4345, 13.3068

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 93, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 93, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 93, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 93, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 93, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 93, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 93, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 93, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 93, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 93,  
94) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.0050, 12.2817, 12.2748 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 93, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 93,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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