

# Converting Colors

XYZ(120.5868, 84.9651,  
71.7374)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(120.5868, 84.9651, 71.7374)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(69.3191, 58.6057,  
69.2865)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFB4D3
RGB	255, 180, 211
RGB Percent	100%, 71%, 83%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2941, 0.1725
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.17, 0.00
HSL	335°, 100%, 85%
HSV	335°, 29%, 100%
XYZ	69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865
YIQ	205.9590, 34.7490, 25.5410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

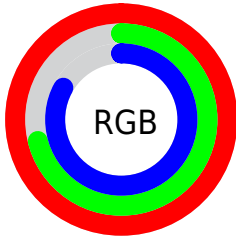
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 180, 211
Decimal	16757971
CIE Lab	81.07, 31.64, -4.66
CIE LCh	81, 31.981, 351.629
Yxy	58.6057, 0.3515, 0.2972
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294948051 (0xFFFFB4D3)
YUV	205.9590, 2.4852, 43.0090
Hunter-Lab	76.5544, 27.6596, -0.0731

# Details

The XYZ color **69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **68.0391, 86.6062, 83.6553**, and the grayscale version is **58.6104, 61.6627, 67.1507**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.2855, 88.4709, 106.9785**, and **36.5726, 29.2263, 35.6120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.8477, 48.5261, 58.3026**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.9149, 70.6542, 81.5079**.

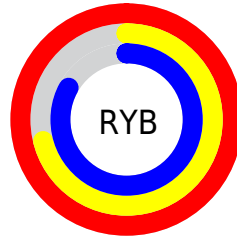
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (71%)

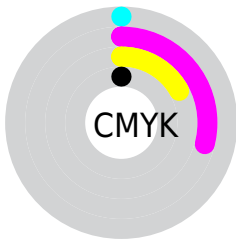
Blue (83%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (83%)

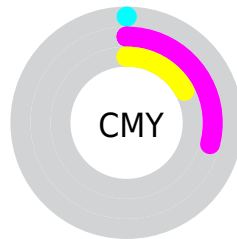


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



69.3191, 58.6057,  
69.2865

69.3191, 58.6057,  
69.2865

447.4594,  
419.4391, 476.7621

51.2492, 42.2958,  
50.4719

117.2688,  
102.8044, 119.8622

36.6288, 29.3330,  
35.4147

147.8793,  
131.4619, 152.4604

25.0926, 19.3329,  
23.6964

183.4008,  
165.0041, 190.4902

16.2752, 11.9110,  
14.8984

224.1985,  
203.8154, 234.3702

9.8112, 6.6831,  
8.6023

270.6379,  
248.2802, 284.5188

5.3352, 3.2647,  
4.3894

323.0843,

2.4820, 1.2715,

298.7828, 341.3546

1.8413

381.9030,  
355.7076, 405.2962

■ 0.8862, 0.1189,  
0.4550

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 69.3191, 58.6057,  
69.2865

■ 69.3191, 58.6057,  
69.2865

■ 62.8477, 48.5261,  
58.3026

■ 76.9149, 70.6542,  
81.5079

■ 57.4397, 40.3016,  
48.5103

■ 85.6834, 84.7616,  
95.0033

■ 53.0346, 33.8191,  
39.8659

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 49.5636, 28.9492,  
32.3208

■ 46.9486, 25.5446,  
25.8220

■ 45.0978, 23.4304,  
20.3107

■ 43.8722, 22.3390,  
15.7103

■ 43.8100, 22.2880,  
15.4632

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.3288, 58.6057, 89.3184



69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865



68.4398, 58.6057, 51.2559

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865



51.1264, 58.6057, 35.4900



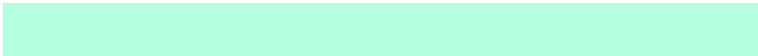
48.1446, 58.6057, 97.0013

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865



68.0391, 86.6062, 83.6553

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.6533, 58.6057, 78.2667



69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865



46.2772, 58.6057, 43.6916

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



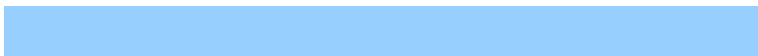
69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865



57.5832, 58.6057, 34.0321



43.9979, 58.6057, 58.6331



53.8641, 58.6057, 107.2743



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865



65.8058, 58.6057, 42.4656



43.9979, 58.6057, 58.6331



46.6910, 58.6057, 91.3268

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.3206, 58.6083, 69.2877



86.0680, 85.3843, 95.5834



65.0364, 55.6729, 101.9259



18.1314, 17.8055, 20.0196



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.3206, 58.6083, 69.2877



65.5671, 52.7361, 62.9966



67.0917, 59.7812, 51.1862



18.3207, 18.1116, 20.3058



22.9617, 11.6740, 8.4485



2.2885, 1.1578, 1.1006



# Inverse Universe

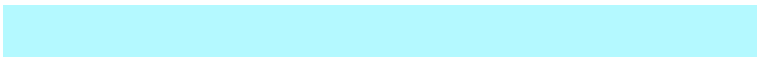
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.3206, 58.6083, 69.2877



65.5671, 52.7361, 62.9966



70.6725, 84.5213, 107.1971



18.3207, 18.1116, 20.3058



22.9617, 11.6740, 8.4485



2.2885, 1.1578, 1.1006



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

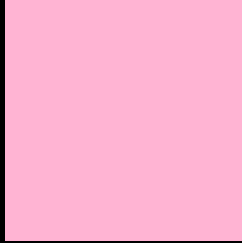
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.3191, 58.6057,

69.2865.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865

### Protanopia

57.5267, 58.7784, 78.1254

### Deuteranopia

60.0385, 58.9393, 67.8866



## Tritanopia

67.1998, 58.3241, 59.9404

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865

## Protanomaly

61.0696, 58.3145, 75.0549

## Deuteranomaly

62.8771, 58.4193, 68.2837

## Tritanomaly

67.9395, 58.3356, 62.9374

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865

## Achromatopsia

58.6655, 61.7207, 67.2138

## Achromatomaly

62.0919, 60.3339, 68.0475

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 180, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 180, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 180, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 180, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 180, 211) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 180, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 180, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 180, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 180, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 180,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.3191, 58.6057, 69.2865 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 180, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
180, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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