

# Converting Colors

XYZ(120.6825, 100.0000,  
75.2328)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(120.6825, 100.0000, 75.2328)  
contains.

|  |    |
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# Color

**XYZ(79.5113, 78.7888,  
73.3044)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                     |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex         | FFDFD4                    |
| RGB         | 255, 223, 212             |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 87%, 83%            |
| CMY         | 0.0000, 0.1255, 0.1686    |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.13, 0.17, 0.00    |
| HSL         | 15°, 100%, 92%            |
| HSV         | 15°, 17%, 100%            |
| XYZ         | 79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044 |
| YIQ         | 231.3140, 22.6030, 3.3630 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

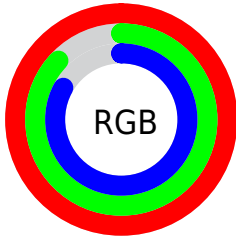
| Format                              | Color                         |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 255, 227, 212                 |
| Decimal                             | 16768980                      |
| CIE Lab                             | 91.14, 9.32, 9.43             |
| CIE LCh                             | 91, 13.259, 45.354            |
| Yxy                                 | 78.7888, 0.3433,<br>0.3402    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294959060<br>(0xFFFFDFD4)    |
| YUV                                 | 231.3140, -9.5218,<br>20.7726 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 88.7631, 4.5596,<br>13.1699   |

# Details

The XYZ color **79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **77.5512, 85.9159, 107.1038**, and the grayscale version is **76.2480, 80.2189, 87.3584**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.3771, 42.4454, 37.8048** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.7569, 68.0277, 56.0831**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.3456, 90.8961, 93.3939**.

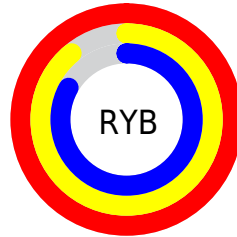
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (87%)

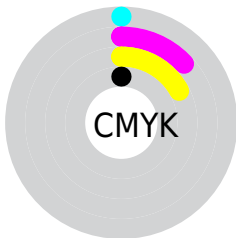
Blue (83%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (83%)

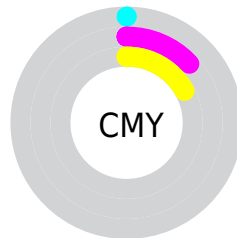


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)


Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 79.5113, 78.7888,  
73.3044

 79.5113, 78.7888,  
73.3044


482.0460,  
490.8416, 491.1682

 59.6234, 58.7222,  
53.7316


131.6326,  
131.6615, 125.6342

 43.3634, 42.3895,  
37.9954


164.5966,  
165.2364, 159.2282

 30.3661, 29.4064,  
25.6773


202.6501,  
204.0827, 198.3330

 20.2661, 19.3885,  
16.3588

246.1583,  
248.5851, 243.3672

 12.6980, 11.9513,  
9.6213

295.4866,  
299.1277, 294.7492

 7.2965, 6.7105,  
5.0463

351.0005,

 3.6962, 3.2817,

356.0951, 352.8977

2.2152

413.0651,  
419.8716, 418.2312

■ 1.5317, 1.2805,  
0.6831

■ 0.3473, 0.1261,  
0.0000

■ 79.5113, 78.7888,  
73.3044

■ 79.5113, 78.7888,  
73.3044

■ 71.7569, 68.0277,  
56.0831

■ 88.3456, 90.8961,  
93.3939

■ 65.0344, 58.5557,  
41.5937

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 59.3002, 50.3267,  
29.6958

■ 54.5056, 43.2878,  
20.2349

■ 50.5970, 37.3822,  
13.0396

■ 47.5156, 32.5480,  
7.9159

■ 45.1938, 28.7170,  
4.6369

■ 43.5508, 25.8115,  
2.9165

■ 43.1454, 25.0708,  
2.5651

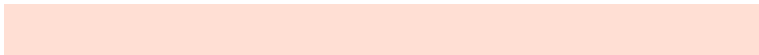
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.2803, 78.7888, 80.9887



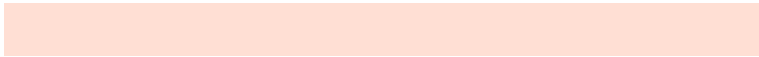
79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044



76.5292, 78.7888, 69.1271

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044



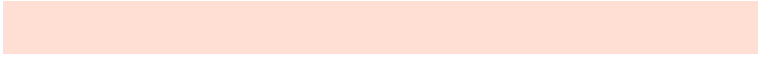
68.8174, 78.7888, 81.2009



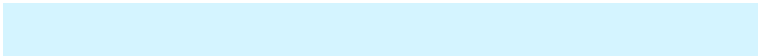
76.6073, 78.7888, 104.8631

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



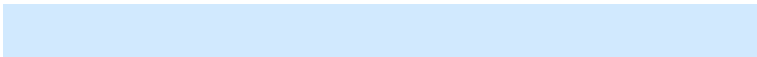
79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044



77.5512, 85.9159, 107.1038

# Split Complementary

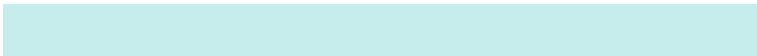
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.2672, 78.7888, 104.9306



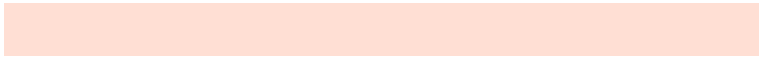
79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044



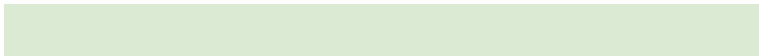
68.8369, 78.7888, 90.7724

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044



70.3904, 78.7888, 73.4497



70.4444, 78.7888, 99.6132



79.5699, 78.7888, 99.4351

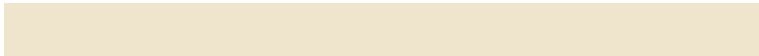


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044



74.2862, 78.7888, 68.6780



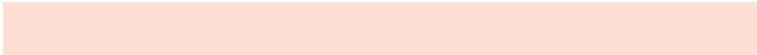
70.4444, 78.7888, 99.6132



75.4898, 78.7888, 105.5261

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.5132, 78.7922, 73.3060



90.1125, 93.3016, 97.4610



81.1511, 74.8947, 95.9664



19.1441, 19.7749, 20.5295



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

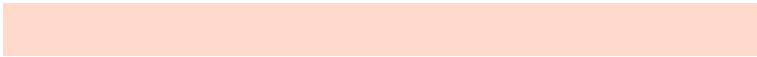


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.5132, 78.7922, 73.3060



76.9655, 75.2724, 67.5992



85.5500, 90.8657, 75.3183



18.3872, 18.7425, 18.7929



22.6449, 13.3010, 1.3738

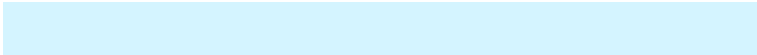


2.2881, 1.4616, 0.1615

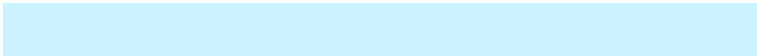


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.5512, 85.9159, 107.1038



74.6884, 83.5304, 106.7942



71.5231, 73.8598, 105.0944



18.1382, 19.6480, 23.0864



19.1497, 23.2090, 52.9051

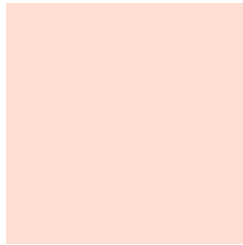


1.9523, 2.4353, 5.1804



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

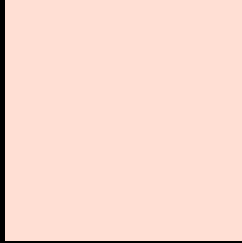
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

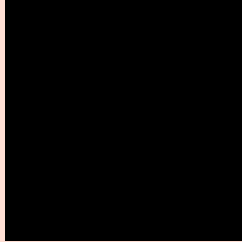
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

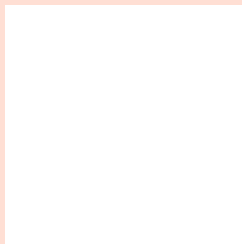
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044.



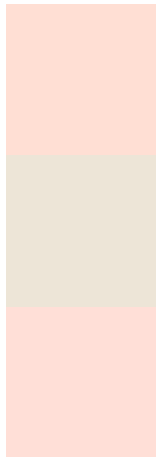
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.5113, 78.7888,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044

### Protanopia

75.2101, 78.9494, 75.5647

### Deuteranopia

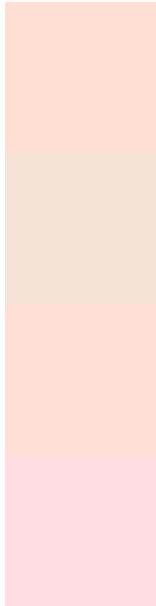
79.8934, 78.9416, 75.3164



## Tritanopia

82.2368, 79.0290, 90.2767

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044

## Protanomaly

76.9149, 79.0263, 74.8181

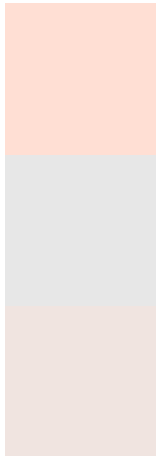
## Deuteranomaly

79.7653, 78.8904, 74.6416

## Tritanomaly

81.2264, 79.0486, 83.6499

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044

## Achromatopsia

75.9547, 79.9103, 87.0223

## Achromatomaly

77.1331, 79.3939, 81.7802

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 223, 212) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 223, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 223, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 223, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 223, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 223, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 223, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 223, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 223, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 223,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.5113, 78.7888, 73.3044 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 223, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
223, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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