

# Converting Colors

XYZ(124.5168, 132.1028,  
35.0528)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(124.5168, 132.1028, 35.0528)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(80.0945, 94.0178,  
30.1455)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFF73
RGB	255, 255, 115
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 45%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.55, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 73%
HSV	60°, 55%, 100%
XYZ	80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455
YIQ	239.0400, 44.9400, -43.5400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

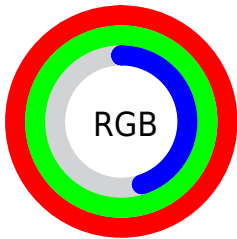
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	115, 255, 115
Decimal	16777075
CIE Lab	97.64, -17.55, 65.58
CIE LCh	98, 67.886, 104.985
Yxy	94.0178, 0.3921, 0.4603
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967155 (0xFFFFFFFF73)
YUV	239.0400, -61.1517, 13.9969
Hunter-Lab	96.9628, -22.2379, 49.4408

# Details

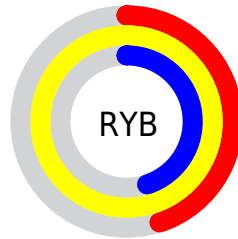
The XYZ color **80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF66**. A complement of this color would be **31.2520, 23.1276, 97.4246**, and the grayscale version is **82.5110, 86.8080, 94.5339**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.3507, 95.7203, 52.5582**, and **43.7485, 52.4397, 11.9538** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.8242, 93.5096, 23.4573**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.7707, 94.6883, 38.9732**.

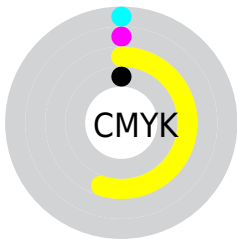
# Distribution



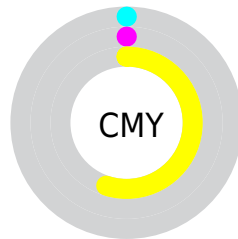
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (55%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 80.0945, 94.0178,  
30.1455

 80.0945, 94.0178,  
30.1455


483.9829,  
541.0158, 316.8105


 60.1049, 71.3178,  
19.6961


 132.4484,  
152.9070, 60.9559

 43.7529, 52.6016,  
11.9924


 165.5434,  
189.8649, 82.1540

 30.6734, 37.4848,  
6.6160

 203.7375,  
232.3442, 107.7720

 20.5009, 25.5831,  
3.1484

247.3962,  
280.7293, 138.2286

 12.8700, 16.5120,  
1.1709

296.8847,  
335.4046, 173.9421

 7.4155, 9.8872,  
0.0000


352.5684,


 3.7719, 5.3242,


396.7546, 215.3313


0.0000


414.8127,  
465.1635, 262.8145


 1.5739, 2.4387,  
0.0000


 0.3753, 0.8457,  
0.0000


 80.0945, 94.0178,  
30.1455


 80.0945, 94.0178,  
30.1455


 78.8242, 93.5096,  
23.4573


 81.7707, 94.6883,  
38.9732


 77.9253, 93.1501,  
18.7238


 83.8832, 95.5333,  
50.0970


 77.3577, 92.9231,  
15.7354

 86.4595, 96.5638,  
63.6634

 77.0723, 92.8089,  
14.2327

 89.5249, 97.7899,  
79.8053

 76.9996, 92.7798,  
13.8500

 93.1028, 99.2211,  
98.6465

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

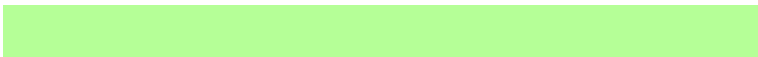
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.3367, 94.0178, 30.1520



80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455



65.5852, 94.0178, 44.0452

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455



65.5738, 94.0178, 197.5196



130.2651, 94.0178, 132.4857

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455



31.2520, 23.1276, 97.4246

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



118.2836, 94.0178, 197.5816



80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455



80.0768, 94.0178, 243.3743

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455



58.0607, 94.0178, 132.4208



99.3162, 94.0178, 243.4004



130.2716, 94.0178, 77.2476



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455



59.7435, 94.0178, 63.6444



99.3162, 94.0178, 243.4004



127.4359, 94.0178, 154.2792

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.0946, 94.0178, 30.1467



89.1631, 97.6452, 77.9003



50.4660, 34.7603, 20.2705



18.9432, 20.8435, 15.9292



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

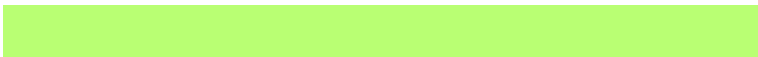
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.0946, 94.0178, 30.1467



78.7078, 93.4631, 22.8445



58.8628, 83.0724, 29.1531



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2340, 48.4795, 7.2369



3.9174, 4.7203, 0.7046



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.2520, 23.1276, 97.4246



25.3365, 15.9998, 96.3606



44.1893, 29.7970, 98.0301



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657

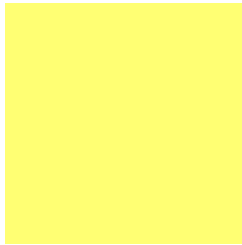


0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

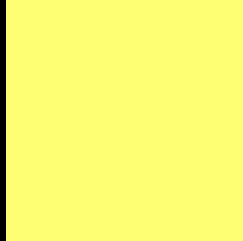
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

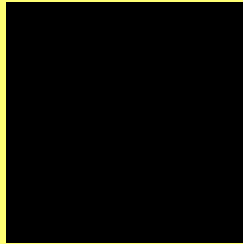
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.0945, 94.0178,



# Color Blindness Simulation

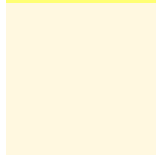
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



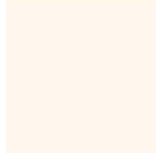
### Original Color

80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455



### Protanopia

88.2619, 93.7766, 83.9698



### Deuteranopia

89.9334, 93.9546, 94.2840



## Tritanopia

91.3050, 93.5299, 104.5076

# Trichromacy



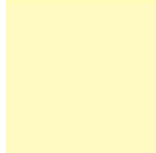
## Original Color

80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455



## Protanomaly

84.3889, 93.7151, 58.9884



## Deuteranomaly

85.0512, 93.4815, 64.0131



## Tritanomaly

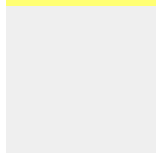
85.7764, 93.2756, 69.3602

# Monochromacy



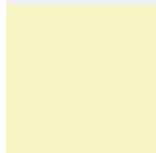
## Original Color

80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455



## Achromatopsia

82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978



## Achromatomaly

80.0462, 88.6123, 63.9239

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.0945, 94.0178, 30.1455 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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