

# Converting Colors

XYZ(127.8013, 191.4014,  
60.1798)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(127.8013, 191.4014, 60.1798)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(78.4719, 92.8746,  
43.9277)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3FF99
RGB	243, 255, 153
RGB Percent	95%, 100%, 60%
CMY	0.0471, 0.0000, 0.4000
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	67°, 100%, 80%
HSV	67°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277
YIQ	239.7840, 25.5900, -34.2660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

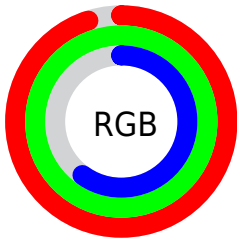
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 255, 165
Decimal	15990681
CIE Lab	97.18, -18.77, 47.35
CIE LCh	97, 50.935, 111.624
Yxy	92.8746, 0.3645, 0.4314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294180761 (0xFFFF3FF99)
YUV	239.7840, -42.7845, 2.8204
Hunter-Lab	96.3715, -23.3038, 40.4347

# Details

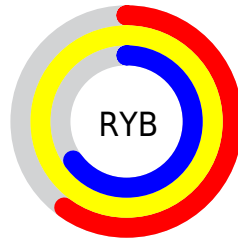
The XYZ color **78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **44.9594, 38.0031, 99.5735**, and the grayscale version is **82.9646, 87.2852, 95.0536**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.5086, 97.3834, 74.4536**, and **42.5019, 51.6226, 19.7807** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.5587, 91.5907, 33.9474**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.8525, 94.3474, 56.2815**.

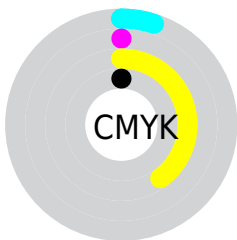
# Distribution



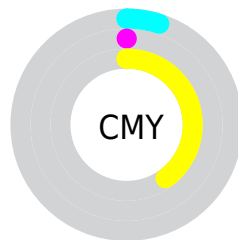
- Red (95%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 78.4719, 92.8746,  
43.9277

 78.4719, 92.8746,  
43.9277


478.5833,  
537.3381, 378.4459

 58.7658, 70.3673,  
30.2769


 130.1770,  
151.3250, 82.4103

 42.6703, 51.8260,  
19.7950


 162.9067,  
188.0368, 108.0791

 29.8199, 36.8664,  
12.0635


200.7084,  
230.2523, 138.5910

 19.8493, 25.1041,  
6.6639

243.9474,  
278.3559, 174.3646

 12.3932, 16.1546,  
3.1776

292.9890,  
332.7318, 215.8183

 7.0861, 9.6336,  
1.1860

348.1986,

 3.5628, 5.1567,

393.7646, 263.3707

0.0000

409.9416,  
461.8385, 317.4404

■ 1.4579, 2.3395,  
0.0000

■ 0.2969, 0.7945,  
0.0000

■ 78.4719, 92.8746,  
43.9277

■ 78.4719, 92.8746,  
43.9277

■ 75.5587, 91.5907,  
33.9474

■ 81.8525, 94.3474,  
56.2815

■ 73.0834, 90.4838,  
26.1844

■ 85.7264, 96.0195,  
71.1440

■ 71.0136, 89.5412,  
20.4699

■ 90.1182, 97.9008,  
88.6445

■ 69.3124, 88.7479,  
16.6092

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 67.9356, 88.0863,  
14.3702

■ 66.8111, 87.5274,  
13.3733

■ 66.8110, 87.5274,  
13.3732

# Harmonies

## Analogous

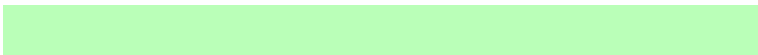
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.3637, 92.8746, 41.2709



78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277



68.3238, 92.8746, 59.4995

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277



72.1974, 92.8746, 176.7752



118.5529, 92.8746, 113.1037

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277



44.9594, 38.0031, 99.5735

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



111.7739, 92.8746, 158.6829



78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277



84.3078, 92.8746, 201.4417

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277



64.9844, 92.8746, 133.2042



98.8613, 92.8746, 194.0478



116.5544, 92.8746, 74.6594

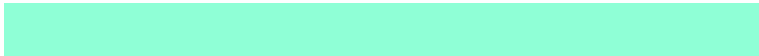


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277



64.5483, 92.8746, 78.1586



98.8613, 92.8746, 194.0478



117.2009, 92.8746, 128.1991

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.4721, 92.8747, 43.9290



89.1967, 97.5071, 84.9254



60.4276, 50.4352, 36.6884



18.9655, 20.8165, 17.6705



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

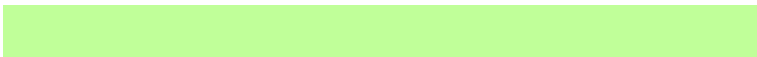
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.4721, 92.8747, 43.9290



76.1051, 91.8328, 35.7600



63.2740, 85.0398, 43.2177



19.3384, 20.9759, 19.1738



34.9938, 45.7780, 6.9917



3.4642, 4.4866, 0.6834



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.9594, 38.0031, 99.5735



38.4156, 30.0888, 98.3907



57.7314, 44.5873, 100.1712



17.2015, 17.4801, 22.7173



9.7735, 3.9489, 49.6817

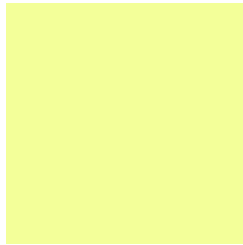


1.0122, 0.4157, 4.8402



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

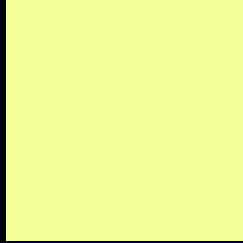
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.4719, 92.8746,

43.9277.

# Color Blindness Simulation

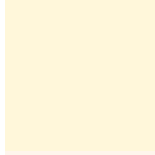
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



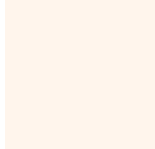
### Original Color

78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277



### Protanopia

87.1557, 92.8435, 79.6567



### Deuteranopia

89.0327, 92.6209, 92.5420



## Tritanopia

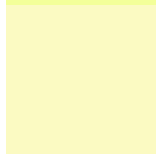
90.5456, 92.6168, 107.7123

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277



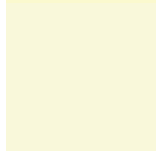
## Protanomaly

83.7069, 92.7755, 64.5346



## Deuteranomaly

84.7999, 92.7168, 71.8192



## Tritanomaly

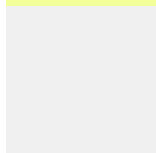
85.2892, 92.3365, 79.6572

# Monochromacy



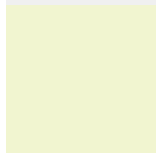
## Original Color

78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277



## Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919



## Achromatomaly

80.3132, 88.5597, 72.5353

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 255, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 255, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 255, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 255, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 255, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 255, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 255, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 255, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 255, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 255,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 78.4719, 92.8746, 43.9277 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 255, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
255, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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