

# Converting Colors

XYZ(128.3513, 171.7159,  
53.0818)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(128.3513, 171.7159, 53.0818)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(82.1108, 94.8243,  
40.7633)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFF91
RGB	255, 255, 145
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 57%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.43, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 78%
HSV	60°, 43%, 100%
XYZ	82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633
YIQ	242.4600, 35.3100, -34.2100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

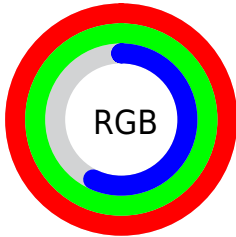
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	145, 255, 145
Decimal	16777105
CIE Lab	97.96, -15.02, 52.34
CIE LCh	98, 54.455, 106.010
Yxy	94.8243, 0.3772, 0.4356
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967185 (0xFFFFFFFF91)
YUV	242.4600, -48.0478, 10.9976
Hunter-Lab	97.3778, -19.8965, 43.3451

# Details

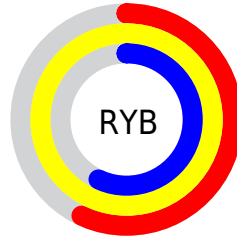
The XYZ color **82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **39.8535, 33.4918, 98.9718**, and the grayscale version is **85.1111, 89.5435, 97.5129**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.5426, 96.9970, 69.3667**, and **44.8908, 52.8966, 17.9693** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.3600, 94.1240, 31.5439**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.3033, 95.7013, 52.3092**.

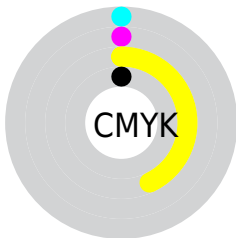
# Distribution



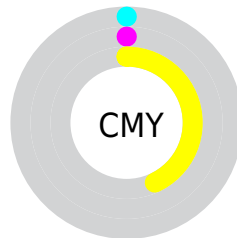
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 82.1108, 94.8243,  
40.7633


 82.1108, 94.8243,  
40.7633


490.6471,  
543.6023, 364.9777

 61.7713, 71.9887,  
27.8159


 135.2644,  
154.0218, 77.5742

 45.1028, 53.1495,  
17.9491


 168.8092,  
191.1526, 102.2748

 31.7400, 37.9221,  
10.7444


207.4864,  
233.8173, 131.7301

 21.3176, 25.9222,  
5.7832

251.6615,  
282.4002, 166.3588

 13.4701, 16.7655,  
2.6471

301.6997,  
337.2858, 206.5794

 7.8323, 10.0674,  
0.9166

357.9665,

 4.0387, 5.4437,

398.8584, 252.8103

0.0000

420.8272,  
467.5024, 305.4702

■ 1.7241, 2.5099,  
0.0000

■ 0.4713, 0.8816,  
0.0000

■ 82.1108, 94.8243,  
40.7633

■ 82.1108, 94.8243,  
40.7633

■ 80.3600, 94.1240,  
31.5439

■ 84.3033, 95.7013,  
52.3092

■ 79.0204, 93.5881,  
24.4899

■ 86.9641, 96.7656,  
66.3206

■ 78.0586, 93.2034,  
19.4256

■ 90.1183, 98.0273,  
82.9300

■ 77.4359, 92.9543,  
16.1465

■ 93.7890, 99.4956,  
102.2596

■ 77.1049, 92.8220, 95.0500, 100.0000,  
14.4038 108.9000

■ 76.9998, 92.7799,  
13.8500

# Harmonies

## Analogous

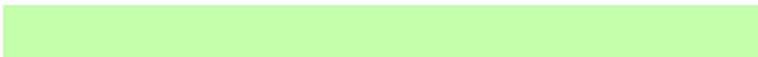
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.5698, 94.8243, 40.3431



82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633



70.2368, 94.8243, 54.3666

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633



70.8716, 94.8243, 178.1417



122.4533, 94.8243, 125.4215

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633



39.8535, 33.4918, 98.9718

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



113.4585, 94.8243, 175.0805



82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633



83.0739, 94.8243, 210.9527

# Square

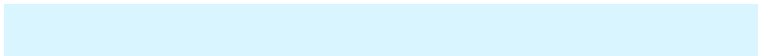
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633



64.2774, 94.8243, 128.7796



98.6500, 94.8243, 209.6938



122.1181, 94.8243, 81.3350



# Rectangle

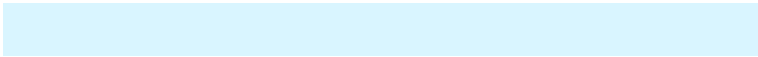
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633



65.4229, 94.8243, 72.1309



98.6500, 94.8243, 209.6938



120.3795, 94.8243, 142.2295

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.1110, 94.8244, 40.7646



90.1647, 98.0459, 83.1744



56.4770, 43.5562, 32.2199



19.1403, 20.9224, 16.9671



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

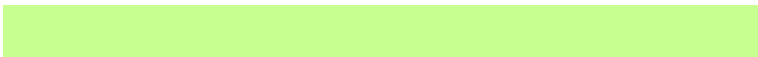
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.1110, 94.8244, 40.7646



80.5376, 94.1950, 32.4792



64.6909, 85.8440, 39.9493



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2340, 48.4795, 7.2369



3.9174, 4.7203, 0.7046



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.8535, 33.4918, 98.9718



33.1416, 25.4044, 97.7645



51.9957, 39.7513, 99.5400



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657

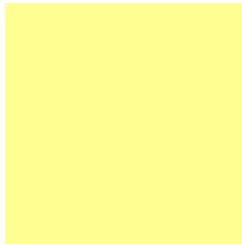


0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 82.1108, 94.8243,



# Color Blindness Simulation

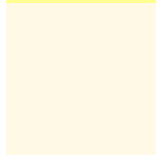
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



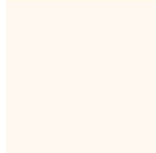
### Original Color

82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633



### Protanopia

89.2585, 94.6685, 87.6972



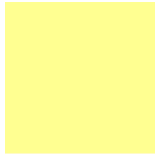
### Deuteranopia

90.6846, 94.7457, 96.7272

## **Tritanopia**

92.2304, 94.8734, 106.3798

# Trichromacy



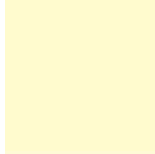
## Original Color

82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633



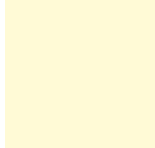
## Protanomaly

85.9302, 94.3316, 67.1049



## Deuteranomaly

86.8778, 94.7106, 72.0945



## Tritanomaly

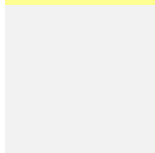
87.5632, 94.4863, 77.2409

# Monochromacy



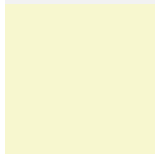
## Original Color

82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633



## Achromatopsia

84.3971, 88.7923, 96.6948



## Achromatomaly

82.8810, 90.8007, 72.1895

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 82.1108, 94.8243, 40.7633 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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