

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.0403, 7.0670, 1.3927)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.0403, 7.0670, 1.3927)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.9632, 7.0385,
1.3848)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	961415
RGB	150, 20, 21
RGB Percent	59%, 8%, 8%
CMY	0.4118, 0.9215, 0.9176
CMYK	0.00, 0.87, 0.86, 0.41
HSL	360°, 76%, 33%
HSV	360°, 87%, 59%
XYZ	12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848
YIQ	58.9840, 77.1590, 27.8710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

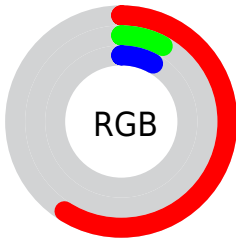
Format	Color
R_{YB}	150, 20, 21
Decimal	9835541
CIE _{Lab}	31.89, 50.93, 35.89
CIE _{LCh}	32, 62.307, 35.173
Yxy	7.0385, 0.6061, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288025621 (0xFF961415)
YUV	58.9840, -18.7261, 79.8210
Hunter-Lab	26.5302, 40.7911, 15.4763

Details

The XYZ color **12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **16.6209, 24.1317, 32.2212**, and the grayscale version is **4.1732, 4.3905, 4.7813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.6868, 19.9679, 7.2378**, and **4.2164, 2.1737, 0.1973** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.6655, 6.6062, 0.7832**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.4957, 7.8136, 2.4569**.

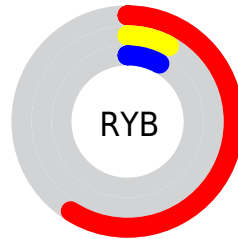
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (8%)

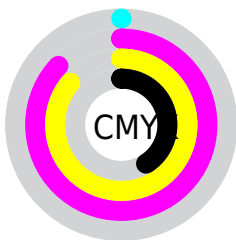
Blue (8%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (8%)

Blue (8%)

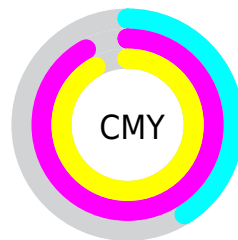


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (86%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (92%)

Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.9632, 7.0385,
1.3848

■ 12.9632, 7.0385,
1.3848

■ 204.3241,
167.9832, 111.9440

■ 7.4800, 3.4862,
0.1298

■ 30.8395, 20.0506,
7.2780

■ 3.8131, 1.3905,
0.0000

■ 43.9634, 30.2792,
12.9709

■ 1.5969, 0.2097,
0.0000

■ 60.3649, 43.5020,
21.0526

■ 0.3904, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 80.4094, 60.1035,
31.9419


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 104.4622, 80.4679,
46.0571

■ 132.8886,

104.9797, 63.8168


 166.0541,
134.0234, 85.6396


 12.9632, 7.0385,
1.3848


 12.9632, 7.0385,
1.3848


 12.6655, 6.6062,
0.7832


 13.4957, 7.8136,
2.4569

 12.5838, 6.4865,
0.6215

 14.3113, 9.0034,
4.0893

 15.4420, 10.6555,
6.3445

 16.9155, 12.8106,
9.2766

 18.7563, 15.5050,
12.9337

■ 20.9868, 18.7716,
17.3597

■ 23.6276, 22.6406,
22.5950

■ 26.6979, 27.1403,
28.6771

■ 30.2156, 32.2970,
35.6411

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.7175, 7.0385, 6.2035



12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848



9.5691, 7.0385, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848



2.5608, 7.0385, 2.4438



7.2511, 7.0385, 41.1759

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848



16.6209, 24.1317, 32.2212

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.4553, 7.0385, 36.6512



12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848



2.2889, 7.0385, 9.3368

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848



3.7721, 7.0385, 0.2838



2.8596, 7.0385, 22.6298



10.8210, 7.0385, 32.3880

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848



7.2126, 7.0385, 0.0000



2.8596, 7.0385, 22.6298



6.1930, 7.0385, 41.2040

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.9634, 7.0389, 1.3849



37.0996, 33.2191, 30.7598



17.9380, 8.9831, 29.6424



7.9338, 6.9400, 6.2456



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.9634, 7.0389, 1.3849



22.2049, 11.4461, 1.0812



15.7850, 12.6967, 2.2812



5.8025, 5.8161, 6.0660



10.4374, 5.3800, 0.5183



0.1281, 0.0660, 0.0082

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.9634, 7.0389, 1.3849



22.2049, 11.4461, 1.0812



9.2160, 9.1953, 30.1431



5.8025, 5.8161, 6.0660



10.4374, 5.3800, 0.5183



0.1281, 0.0660, 0.0082

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

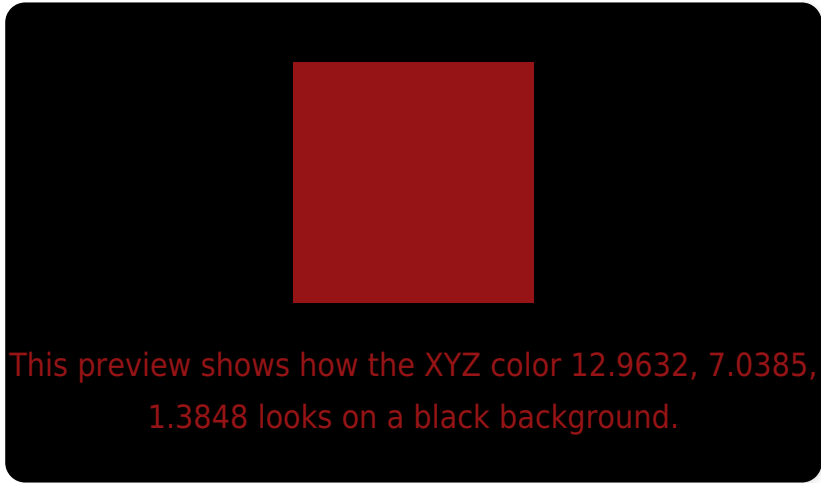
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.9632, 7.0385,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848

Protanopia

6.7804, 7.4017, 2.5847

Deuteranopia

7.3123, 7.3065, 1.0249



Tritanopia

12.9370, 7.0280, 1.2470

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848

Protanomaly

7.9426, 6.1683, 1.9344

Deuteranomaly

8.5655, 6.3689, 1.0076

Tritanomaly

12.9454, 7.0314, 1.2910

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848

Achromatopsia

4.1570, 4.3735, 4.7627

Achromatomaly

5.8257, 4.3415, 3.0136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 20, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 20, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 20, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 20, 21) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 20, 21) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 20, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 20, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 20, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 20, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 20,  
21) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.9632, 7.0385, 1.3848 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 20, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150, 20,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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