

# Converting Colors

XYZ(13.0497, 17.2919, 12.5238)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(13.0497, 17.2919, 12.5238)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(13.0265, 17.1969,  
12.5303)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	577C5B
RGB	87, 124, 91
RGB Percent	34%, 49%, 36%
CMY	0.6588, 0.5137, 0.6431
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.27, 0.51
HSL	126°, 18%, 41%
HSV	126°, 30%, 49%
XYZ	13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303
YIQ	109.1750, -11.4590, -18.1070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

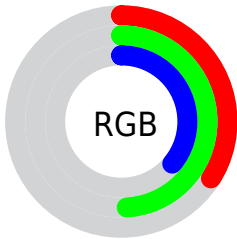
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	87, 120, 124
Decimal	5733467
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.51, -20.26, 13.94
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 24.590, 145.472
Yxy	17.1969, 0.3047, 0.4022
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283923547 (0xFF577C5B)
YUV	109.1750, -8.9603, -19.4475
Hunter-Lab	41.4691, -16.4997, 11.1134

# Details

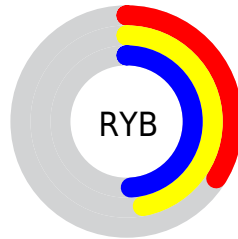
The XYZ color **13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **15.1112, 12.4580, 19.3783**, and the grayscale version is **14.6129, 15.3739, 16.7422**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.0111, 38.7706, 31.0483**, and **3.8648, 5.6727, 3.3739** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.5243, 16.4741, 10.1505**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.7988, 18.0518, 15.2906**.

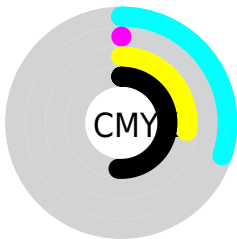
# Distribution



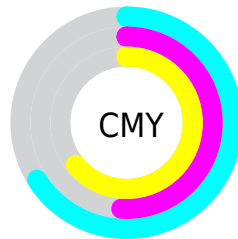
- Red (34%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 13.0265, 17.1969,  
12.5303

■ 13.0265, 17.1969,  
12.5303

204.7216,  
236.3045, 218.9861

■ 7.5239, 10.3750,  
6.9790

■ 30.9523, 38.6640,  
31.1360

■ 3.8411, 5.6483,  
3.3707

■ 44.1062, 54.0780,  
45.0276

■ 1.6126, 2.6324,  
1.2869

■ 60.5413, 73.1248,  
62.5363

■ 0.4006, 0.9430,  
0.0510

■ 80.6229, 96.1887,  
84.0807

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 104.7164,  
123.6543, 110.0793

133.1871,

155.9059, 140.9508

166.4004,  
193.3278, 177.1135

■ 13.0265, 17.1969,  
12.5303

■ 13.0265, 17.1969,  
12.5303

■ 11.5243, 16.4741,  
10.1505

■ 14.7988, 18.0518,  
15.2906

■ 10.2777, 15.8748,  
8.1335

■ 16.8523, 19.0427,  
18.4458

■ 9.2728, 15.3927,  
6.4617

■ 19.1989, 20.1759,  
22.0111

■ 8.4937, 15.0201,  
5.1158

■ 21.8495, 21.4568,  
26.0004

■ 7.9228, 14.7482,  
4.0745

■ 24.8145, 22.8904,  
30.4270

■ 7.5398, 14.5672,  
3.3140

■ 28.1038, 24.4816,  
35.3037

■ 7.2870, 14.4479,  
2.8054

■ 31.7267, 26.2348,  
40.6426

■ 7.2833, 14.4461,  
2.7991

■ 35.6923, 28.1547,  
46.4555

■ 40.0094, 30.2452,  
52.7537

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.5502, 17.1969, 9.6013



13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303



12.3921, 17.1969, 17.7610

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303



16.0051, 17.1969, 34.0343



20.5810, 17.1969, 13.8751

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303



15.1112, 12.4580, 19.3783

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.0604, 17.1969, 19.7223



13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303



18.2819, 17.1969, 32.3236

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303



14.0083, 17.1969, 30.9330



20.1844, 17.1969, 26.6831



18.9284, 17.1969, 10.2433



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303



12.5119, 17.1969, 22.2367



20.1844, 17.1969, 26.6831



20.8908, 17.1969, 15.6031

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.0270, 17.1976, 12.5307



29.8978, 33.6265, 32.8300



16.7161, 19.1189, 11.8263



6.9289, 7.8652, 7.5601



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.0270, 17.1976, 12.5307



21.0202, 29.3459, 19.0437



13.9098, 17.5508, 17.1796



3.9669, 4.4564, 4.3594



7.4033, 14.6850, 2.8425



35.1531, 69.9843, 12.7102



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.1112, 12.4580, 19.3783



25.3254, 19.5511, 33.1848



14.1093, 12.0572, 14.1025



4.1367, 4.0704, 4.9176



11.3438, 5.5137, 15.6332



53.9203, 26.2245, 73.5675



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.0265, 17.1969,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303

### Protanopia

16.0194, 17.1605, 11.4848

### Deuteranopia

17.2692, 16.9466, 12.9505



## Tritanopia

15.1754, 17.1583, 23.2809

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303

## Protanomaly

14.6703, 16.9764, 11.7361

## Deuteranomaly

15.3090, 16.7648, 12.7850

## Tritanomaly

14.2463, 17.1367, 18.7765

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303

## Achromatopsia

14.5356, 15.2926, 16.6537

## Achromatomaly

13.7824, 15.7606, 14.8861

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 124, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 124, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 124, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 124, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 124, 91) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 124, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 124, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 124, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 124, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 124,  
91) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.0265, 17.1969, 12.5303 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 124, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 124,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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