

# Converting Colors

XYZ(13.0516, 14.8079, 22.4194)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(13.0516, 14.8079, 22.4194)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(13.1046, 14.9145,  
22.2668)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	52707F
RGB	82, 112, 127
RGB Percent	32%, 44%, 50%
CMY	0.6784, 0.5608, 0.5020
CMYK	0.35, 0.12, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	200°, 22%, 41%
HSV	200°, 35%, 50%
XYZ	13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668
YIQ	104.7400, -22.6950, -1.6950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	82, 100, 127
Decimal	5402751
CIE Lab	45.52, -6.85, -11.77
CIE LCh	46, 13.619, 239.781
Yxy	14.9145, 0.2606, 0.2966
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283592831 (0xFF52707F)
YUV	104.7400, 10.9742, -19.9430
Hunter-Lab	38.6193, -7.0138, -7.1514

# Details

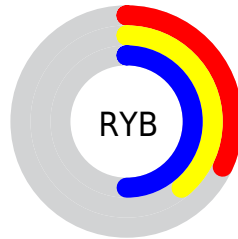
The XYZ color **13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **14.5503, 13.6707, 9.8548**, and the grayscale version is **13.3330, 14.0274, 15.2758**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.1865, 34.8328, 48.2597**, and **3.8682, 4.5569, 7.8834** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.6448, 13.4851, 22.0681**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.7918, 16.4944, 22.4831**.

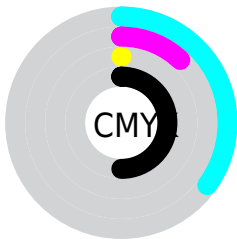
# Distribution



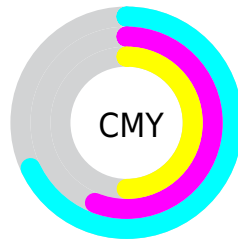
- Red (32%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 13.1046, 14.9145,  
22.2668

■ 13.1046, 14.9145,  
22.2668

205.2110,  
222.8481, 276.9352

■ 7.5781, 8.7594,  
13.8529

■ 31.0913, 34.7031,  
48.0944

■ 3.8757, 4.5846,  
7.8808

■ 44.2822, 49.1054,  
66.3452

■ 1.6321, 2.0057,  
3.9321

■ 60.7586, 67.0256,  
88.7119

■ 0.4132, 0.6108,  
1.5882

■ 80.8859, 88.8480,  
115.6133

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.2824

■ 105.0295,  
114.9571, 147.4678

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

133.5546,

145.7372, 184.6939

166.8267,  
181.5727, 227.7102

■ 13.1046, 14.9145,  
22.2668

■ 13.1046, 14.9145,  
22.2668

■ 11.6448, 13.4851,  
22.0681

■ 14.7918, 16.4944,  
22.4831

■ 10.3993, 12.1980,  
21.8853

■ 16.7156, 18.2290,  
22.7165

■ 9.3559, 11.0469,  
21.7181

■ 18.8866, 20.1244,  
22.9679

■ 8.5005, 10.0238,  
21.5657

■ 21.3141, 22.1860,  
23.2379

■ 7.8169, 9.1202,  
21.4273

■ 24.0070, 24.4187,  
23.5269

■ 7.2797, 8.3222,  
21.3016

■ 26.9739, 26.8273,  
23.8355

■ 7.0534, 7.9776,  
21.2470

■ 30.2227, 29.4164,  
24.1640

■ 33.7612, 32.1903,  
24.5129

■ 37.5968, 35.1532,  
24.8826

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.3632, 14.9145, 19.5488



13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668



14.1674, 14.9145, 23.3325

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668



16.4741, 14.9145, 16.2633



13.1183, 14.9145, 11.3925

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668



14.5503, 13.6707, 9.8548

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.1841, 14.9145, 10.7527



13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668



16.1573, 14.9145, 13.3262

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668



16.1482, 14.9145, 19.5957



15.3038, 14.9145, 11.4114



12.3709, 14.9145, 13.2900



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668



14.9279, 14.9145, 22.8657



15.3038, 14.9145, 11.4114



13.4493, 14.9145, 11.0355

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.1051, 14.9151, 22.2671



31.4998, 34.0234, 40.8632



13.1922, 17.8220, 13.8718



7.2754, 7.8785, 9.5556



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.1051, 14.9151, 22.2671



21.1974, 24.4933, 39.5667



10.9881, 10.6811, 21.5615



4.3294, 4.6529, 5.4832



7.1122, 8.0429, 21.4275



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.6947, 11.7168, 16.8170



24.6009, 18.1234, 27.7905



16.8428, 18.2558, 10.6190



4.4391, 4.3888, 5.1168



10.4669, 5.2064, 9.0483



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

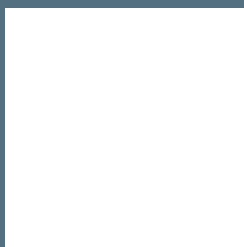
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.1046, 14.9145,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668

### Protanopia

14.6585, 14.9487, 20.8517

### Deuteranopia

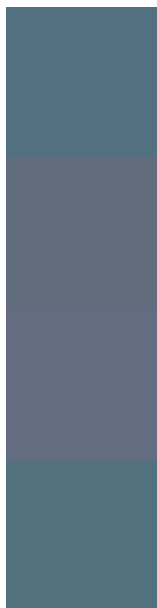
15.1322, 14.8498, 22.4908



## Tritanopia

12.8113, 14.9647, 20.6256

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668

## Protanomaly

14.0365, 14.9339, 21.2115

## Deuteranomaly

14.4044, 14.9363, 22.5459

## Tritanomaly

12.9366, 15.0148, 21.2851

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668

## Achromatopsia

13.4271, 14.1263, 15.3836

## Achromatomaly

13.2730, 14.4588, 17.7140

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(82, 112, 127) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 112, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 112, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 112, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 112, 127) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 112, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 112, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 112, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 112, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 112,  
127) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.1046, 14.9145, 22.2668 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 112, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 112,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor