

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.0952, 13.0672, 13.7625)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.0952, 13.0672, 13.7625)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.1925, 13.1588,
13.9012)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E6364
RGB	110, 99, 100
RGB Percent	43%, 39%, 39%
CMY	0.5686, 0.6118, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.09, 0.57
HSL	355°, 5%, 41%
HSV	355°, 10%, 43%
XYZ	13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012
YIQ	102.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 99, 100
Decimal	7234404
CIE Lab	43.00, 4.56, 1.02
CIE LCh	43, 4.676, 12.594
Yxy	13.1588, 0.3277, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285424484 (0xFF6E6364)
YUV	102.4030, -1.1847, 6.6626
Hunter-Lab	36.2751, 1.4355, 2.6716

Details

The XYZ color **13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **13.4823, 14.9089, 16.6358**, and the grayscale version is **12.7370, 13.4003, 14.5930**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.3926, 31.7284, 33.7478**, and **3.9023, 3.8274, 3.9012** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.7658, 11.0331, 11.1821**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.8213, 15.5934, 16.9813**.

Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (39%)

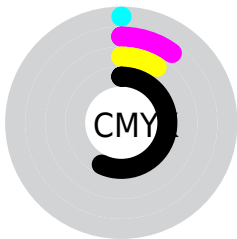
Blue (39%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (39%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.1925, 13.1588,
13.9012

■ 13.1925, 13.1588,
13.9012

205.7605,
211.9329, 228.0223

■ 7.6391, 7.5380,
7.9140

■ 31.2476, 31.5888,
33.6282

■ 3.9148, 3.8008,
3.9530

■ 44.4800, 45.1667,
48.2051

■ 1.6540, 1.5628,
1.5996

■ 61.0028, 62.1659,
66.4824

■ 0.4272, 0.3323,
0.2905

■ 81.1814, 82.9706,
88.8785

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

105.3811,
107.9652, 115.8120

133.9673,

137.5342, 147.7014

167.3053,
172.0620, 184.9654

■ 13.1925, 13.1588,
13.9012

■ 13.1925, 13.1588,
13.9012

■ 11.7658, 11.0331,
11.1821

■ 14.8213, 15.5934,
16.9813

■ 10.5324, 9.2023,
8.8099

■ 16.6586, 18.3467,
20.4340

■ 9.4842, 7.6539,
6.7710

■ 18.7118, 21.4303,
24.2716

■ 8.6122, 6.3738,
5.0504

■ 20.9876, 24.8546,
28.5055

■ 7.9068, 5.3468,
3.6319

■ 23.4924, 28.6296,
33.1464

■ 7.3572, 4.5560,
2.4982

■ 26.2324, 32.7649,
38.2050

■ 6.9516, 3.9826,
1.6298

■ 29.2135, 37.2698,
43.6913

■ 6.6763, 3.6049,
1.0051

■ 32.4413, 42.1530,
49.6151

■ 6.4852, 3.3370,
0.5890

■ 35.9215, 47.4232,
55.9859

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.1770, 13.1588, 14.9269



13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012



13.0218, 13.1588, 13.0316

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012



12.0459, 13.1588, 12.9218



12.3018, 13.1588, 16.2969

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012



13.4823, 14.9089, 16.6358

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.0060, 13.1588, 15.7070



13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012



11.8602, 13.1588, 13.7447

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012



12.3572, 13.1588, 12.4846



11.8458, 13.1588, 14.7628



12.6581, 13.1588, 16.3438

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012



12.8273, 13.1588, 12.6442



11.8458, 13.1588, 14.7628



12.1922, 13.1588, 16.1543

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.1929, 13.1594, 13.9015



25.1090, 26.0085, 28.0864



13.5711, 13.2950, 16.6029



5.7962, 5.9824, 6.4475



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.1929, 13.1594, 13.9015



22.5561, 22.1957, 23.2489



13.5731, 13.9966, 13.7914



3.3957, 3.4060, 3.6103



7.7846, 4.0062, 0.6758



38.6305, 19.8975, 2.5863

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.1929, 13.1594, 13.9015



22.5561, 22.1957, 23.2489



13.0735, 14.0047, 16.7661



3.3957, 3.4060, 3.6103



7.7846, 4.0062, 0.6758



38.6305, 19.8975, 2.5863

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

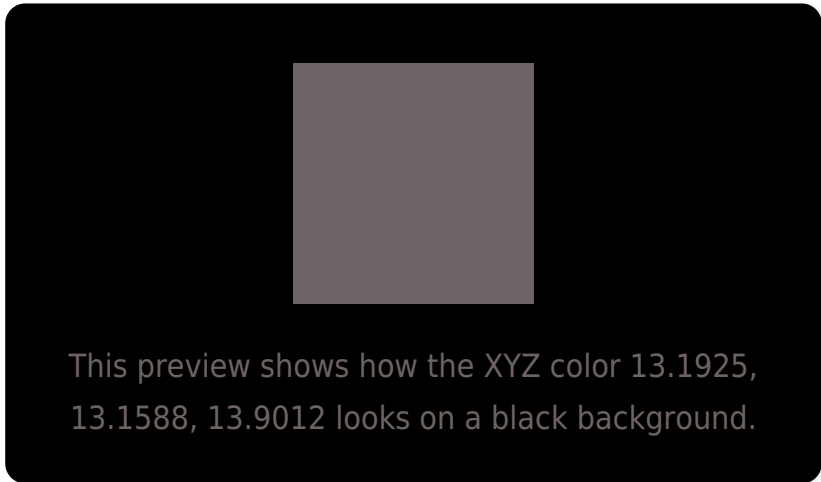
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012.

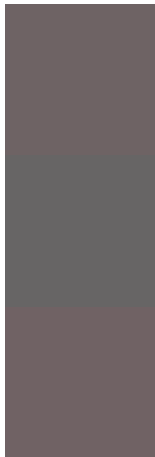


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.1925, 13.1588,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012

Protanopia

12.5962, 13.1305, 14.1825

Deuteranopia

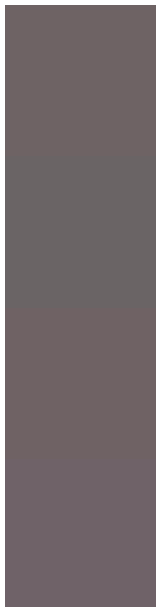
13.3500, 13.1002, 13.8816



Tritanopia

13.5247, 13.1555, 15.4621

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012

Protanomaly

12.8500, 13.1181, 14.1667

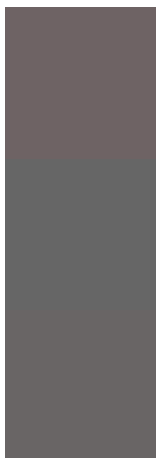
Deuteranomaly

13.2235, 13.0350, 13.8756

Tritanomaly

13.4219, 13.1143, 14.9206

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012

Achromatopsia

12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Achromatomaly

12.8283, 13.2502, 14.1933

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 99, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 99, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 99, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 99, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 99, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 99, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 99, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 99, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 99, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 99,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.1925, 13.1588, 13.9012 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 99, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 99,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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