

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329)
contains.

XYZ(13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(13.1729, 10.9345,
1.7329)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	894F0B
RGB	137, 79, 11
RGB Percent	54%, 31%, 4%
CMY	0.4627, 0.6902, 0.9568
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.92, 0.46
HSL	32°, 85%, 29%
HSV	32°, 92%, 54%
XYZ	13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329
YIQ	88.5900, 56.3960, -8.8520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

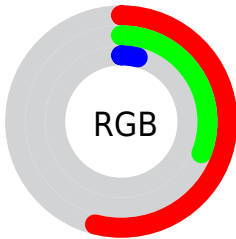
Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 137, 11
Decimal	8998667
CIE Lab	39.47, 19.66, 45.33
CIE LCh	39, 49.409, 66.556
Yxy	10.9345, 0.5098, 0.4232
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287188747 (0xFF894F0B)
YUV	88.5900, -38.2519, 42.4556
Hunter-Lab	33.0674, 13.2404, 20.0400

Details

The XYZ color **13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **6.7814, 6.1334, 24.4931**, and the grayscale version is **9.4783, 9.9719, 10.8594**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.0943, 27.3882, 8.2050**, and **3.9654, 2.8934, 0.3495** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.7612, 10.2078, 1.2977**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.7617, 11.9332, 2.4810**.

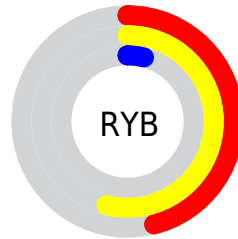
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (31%)

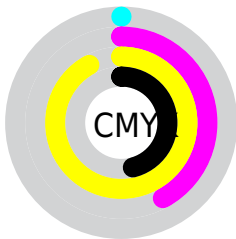
Blue (4%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (4%)

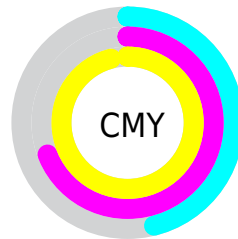


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.1729, 10.9345,
1.7329

■ 13.1729, 10.9345,
1.7329

■ 205.6381,
197.2176, 118.0809

■ 7.6255, 6.0228,
0.3831

■ 31.2127, 27.5390,
8.2968

■ 3.9061, 2.8590,
0.0000

■ 44.4359, 40.0006,
14.4570

■ 1.6491, 1.0585,
0.0000

■ 60.9484, 55.7476,
23.0940

■ 0.4241, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 81.1156, 75.1644,
34.6264


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 105.3028, 98.6354,
49.4728


■ 133.8754,


126.5450, 68.0516


 167.1987,
159.2776, 90.7814


 13.1729, 10.9345,
1.7329


 13.1729, 10.9345,
1.7329


 12.7612, 10.2078,
1.2977

 13.7617, 11.9332,
2.4810

 14.4668, 13.0489,
3.6242

 15.2990, 14.2880,
5.2125

 16.2673, 15.6560,
7.2884

 17.3798, 17.1577,
9.8893

■ 18.6439, 18.7976,
13.0488

■ 20.0663, 20.5800,
16.7979

■ 21.6533, 22.5090,
21.1652

■ 23.4108, 24.5883,
26.1773

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.4752, 10.9345, 3.9503



13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329



9.6745, 10.9345, 1.3730

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329



5.2161, 10.9345, 14.1392



14.7221, 10.9345, 33.7306

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329



6.7814, 6.1334, 24.4931

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.1460, 10.9345, 41.2562



13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329



6.0289, 10.9345, 26.6248

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329



5.5316, 10.9345, 5.9699



8.0345, 10.9345, 38.1269



17.4956, 10.9345, 20.8597

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329



7.7703, 10.9345, 1.8527



8.0345, 10.9345, 38.1269



13.5477, 10.9345, 37.2144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.1731, 10.9351, 1.7331



34.2095, 34.7041, 25.4975



11.5354, 5.9974, 6.3112



7.4661, 7.5216, 5.1831



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.1731, 10.9351, 1.7331



22.6888, 17.9517, 2.2692



18.6472, 22.8855, 3.7513



5.2418, 5.4664, 5.3312



11.8992, 9.5328, 1.2128



0.0937, 0.0927, 0.0129

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.7814, 6.1334, 24.4931



11.1157, 9.2936, 43.5911



4.8354, 2.1488, 23.8266



4.9519, 5.2468, 6.3576



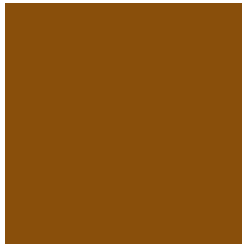
5.8766, 5.0236, 22.7056



0.0534, 0.0621, 0.1556

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

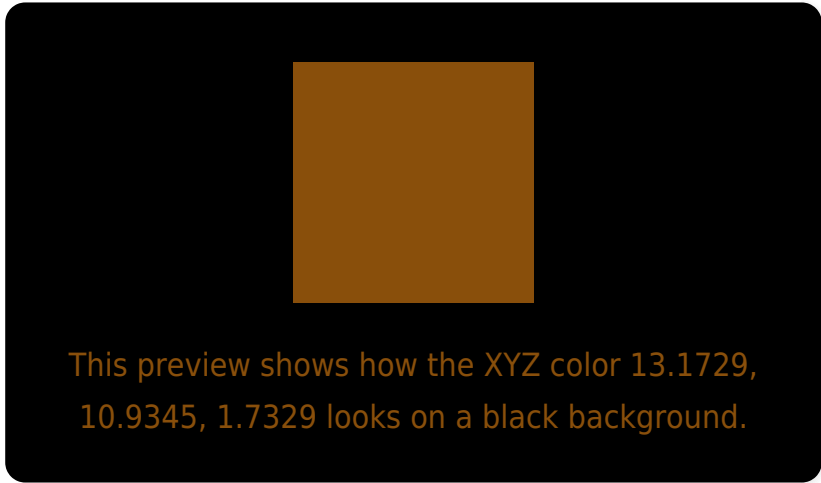
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.1729, 10.9345,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329

Protanopia

9.9219, 11.0461, 2.0994

Deuteranopia

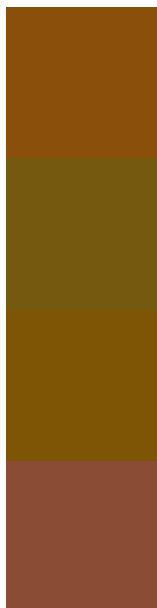
11.0436, 10.9963, 1.5404



Tritanopia

14.6753, 11.0375, 8.7541

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329

Protanomaly

10.9878, 10.9584, 1.9515

Deuteranomaly

11.7279, 10.8657, 1.5940

Tritanomaly

13.8978, 10.9242, 4.8661

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329

Achromatopsia

9.4954, 9.9899, 10.8790

Achromatomaly

10.0347, 9.8981, 5.7965

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 79, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 79, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 79, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 79, 11) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 79, 11) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 79, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 79, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 79, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 79, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 79,  
11) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.1729, 10.9345, 1.7329 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 79, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137, 79,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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