

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734)
contains.

XYZ(13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(13.1842, 18.4901,
28.0734)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0A848D
RGB	10, 132, 141
RGB Percent	4%, 52%, 55%
CMY	0.9607, 0.4823, 0.4471
CMYK	0.93, 0.06, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	184°, 87%, 30%
HSV	184°, 93%, 55%
XYZ	13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734
YIQ	96.5480, -75.6010, -23.0650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

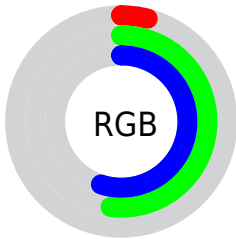
Format	Color
RYB	10, 73, 141
Decimal	689293
CIELab	50.09, -26.02, -13.35
CIElCh	50, 29.250, 207.165
Yxy	18.4901, 0.2207, 0.3095
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278879373 (0xFF0A848D)
YUV	96.5480, 21.9148, -75.9026
Hunter-Lab	43.0001, -20.5206, -8.6085

Details

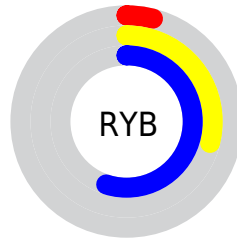
The XYZ color **13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **11.2729, 6.1514, 0.8811**, and the grayscale version is **11.2151, 11.7991, 12.8493**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.2238, 40.7128, 57.8424**, and **4.9056, 6.7899, 10.9496** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.9661, 18.2398, 28.0369**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.5710, 18.8858, 28.1297**.

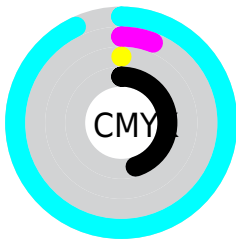
Distribution



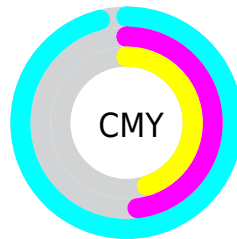
- Red (4%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.1842, 18.4901,
28.0734

■ 13.1842, 18.4901,
28.0734

205.7087,
243.6192, 306.7404

■ 7.6334, 11.3024,
18.1415

■ 31.2328, 40.8707,
57.6261

■ 3.9111, 6.2706,
10.8811

■ 44.4613, 56.8324,
78.0840

■ 1.6520, 3.0103,
5.8738

■ 60.9798, 76.4876,
102.8876

■ 0.4259, 1.1371,
2.7009

■ 81.1535, 100.2206,
132.4555

■ 0.0000, 0.0094,
0.9439

■ 105.3479,
128.4159, 167.2061

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 133.9284,

161.4578, 207.5582

167.2601,
199.7308, 253.9301

■ 13.1842, 18.4901,
28.0734

■ 13.1842, 18.4901,
28.0734

■ 12.9661, 18.2398,
28.0369

■ 13.5710, 18.8858,
28.1297

■ 14.1322, 19.3729,
28.1942

■ 14.8920, 19.9642,
28.2683

■ 15.8703, 20.6699,
28.3529

■ 17.0845, 21.4991,
28.4490

■ 18.5504, 22.4599,
28.5572

■ 20.2823, 23.5596,
28.6782

■ 22.2934, 24.8052,
28.8126

■ 24.5963, 26.2030,
28.9610

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.7026, 18.4901, 19.3753



13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734



14.7991, 18.4901, 36.1725

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734



22.5270, 18.4901, 29.7644



17.8435, 18.4901, 8.2778

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734



11.2729, 6.1514, 0.8811

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.6763, 18.4901, 9.7128



13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734



23.5551, 18.4901, 20.9094

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734



20.1637, 18.4901, 37.3179



22.8445, 18.4901, 13.8510



15.2167, 18.4901, 9.2486

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734



16.3988, 18.4901, 39.3498



22.8445, 18.4901, 13.8510



18.8046, 18.4901, 8.4832

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.1848, 18.4908, 28.0738



34.4905, 41.0348, 51.2305



9.7660, 19.1609, 3.7890



7.4494, 9.0026, 11.4245



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.1848, 18.4908, 28.0738



23.1699, 32.5639, 50.1922



6.9275, 5.9763, 25.9881



5.5290, 6.0538, 6.9059



11.8272, 16.6404, 25.5656



0.1192, 0.1714, 0.2465

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.2585, 7.5465, 22.4828



27.0207, 13.0807, 39.6211



14.2290, 12.0636, 1.8665



5.6105, 5.5047, 6.7128



13.7729, 6.6662, 20.2534



0.1348, 0.0650, 0.2100

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

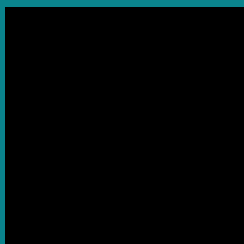
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

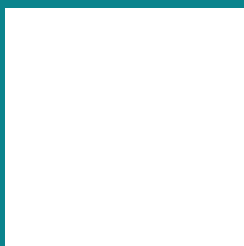
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734.

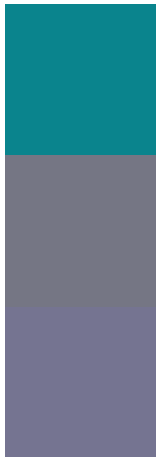


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.1842, 18.4901,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734

Protanopia

17.9794, 18.4047, 24.4346

Deuteranopia

18.6923, 18.3170, 29.3384



Tritanopia

13.3149, 18.5489, 28.4697

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734

Protanomaly

14.5980, 17.5349, 25.5368

Deuteranomaly

15.1355, 17.5524, 28.9758

Tritanomaly

13.2997, 18.5411, 28.4690

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734

Achromatopsia

11.3621, 11.9538, 13.0177

Achromatomaly

10.7365, 13.4679, 17.6565

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(10, 132, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(10, 132, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 132, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(10, 132, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(10, 132, 141) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(10, 132, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(10, 132, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(10, 132, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 132, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 132,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.1842, 18.4901, 28.0734 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(10, 132, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(10, 132,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor