

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.2152, 10.5825, 18.6430)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.2152, 10.5825, 18.6430)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.1960, 10.5687,
18.7972)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	734F77
RGB	115, 79, 119
RGB Percent	45%, 31%, 47%
CMY	0.5490, 0.6902, 0.5333
CMYK	0.03, 0.34, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	294°, 20%, 39%
HSV	294°, 34%, 47%
XYZ	13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972
YIQ	94.3240, 8.6160, 20.0720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

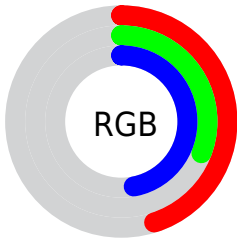
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 79, 119
Decimal	7556983
CIE _{Lab}	38.84, 22.51, -16.80
CIE _{LCh}	39, 28.087, 323.253
Yxy	10.5687, 0.3100, 0.2483
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285747063 (0xFF734F77)
YUV	94.3240, 12.1653, 18.1329
Hunter-Lab	32.5095, 15.5635, -11.5251

Details

The XYZ color **13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **11.5757, 15.5974, 9.7981**, and the grayscale version is **10.6870, 11.2435, 12.2442**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.3494, 26.9656, 42.0807**, and **3.8961, 2.6882, 6.1079** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.2580, 8.9232, 18.5292**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.2904, 12.5235, 19.1170**.

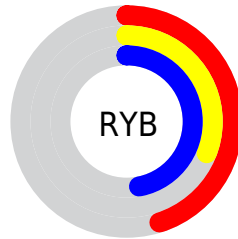
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (31%)

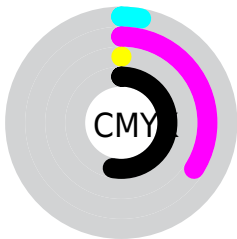
Blue (47%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (47%)

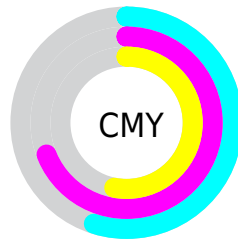


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.1960, 10.5687,
18.7972

■ 13.1960, 10.5687,
18.7972

205.7823,
194.6842, 257.7122

■ 7.6416, 5.7776,
11.3485

■ 31.2538, 26.8598,
42.2233

■ 3.9163, 2.7103,
6.1846

■ 44.4879, 39.1286,
59.0377

■ 1.6549, 0.9824,
2.8871

■ 61.0125, 54.6588,
79.8111

■ 0.4278, 0.0000,
1.0373

■ 81.1932, 73.8348,
104.9621

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 105.3951, 97.0409,
134.9092

133.9837,

124.6616, 170.0708

167.3243,
157.0812, 210.8657

■ 13.1960, 10.5687,
18.7972

■ 13.1960, 10.5687,
18.7972

■ 12.2580, 8.9232,
18.5292

■ 14.2904, 12.5235,
19.1170

■ 11.4671, 7.5692,
18.3095

■ 15.5478, 14.8015,
19.4904

■ 10.8147, 6.4893,
18.1355

■ 16.9756, 17.4173,
19.9201

■ 10.2909, 5.6636,
18.0037

■ 18.5805, 20.3842,
20.4081

■ 9.8843, 5.0693,
17.9104

■ 20.3688, 23.7148,
20.9568

■ 9.5799, 4.6764,
17.8506

■ 22.3464, 27.4212,
21.5679

■ 9.4055, 4.4640,
17.8188

■ 24.5192, 31.5147,
22.2436

■ 26.8926, 36.0064,
22.9854

■ 29.4718, 40.9067,
23.7954

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.5261, 10.5687, 23.7337



13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972



14.0369, 10.5687, 12.7548

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972



10.4718, 10.5687, 4.0328



7.1016, 10.5687, 16.0491

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972



11.5757, 15.5974, 9.7981

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.8926, 10.5687, 10.3444



13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972



8.6970, 10.5687, 4.4235

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972



12.3432, 10.5687, 5.0914



7.4407, 10.5687, 6.3983



8.0518, 10.5687, 21.8347

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972



13.9489, 10.5687, 9.3132



7.4407, 10.5687, 6.3983



6.9476, 10.5687, 14.0220

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.1963, 10.5692, 18.7974



28.6655, 28.0093, 35.1486



9.6479, 9.1812, 18.7165



6.7263, 6.5152, 8.3097



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.1963, 10.5692, 18.7974



22.3606, 16.6924, 33.2965



12.8522, 10.4936, 14.1804



3.7923, 3.7402, 4.6123



9.9882, 4.7404, 18.9311



48.2639, 22.8894, 92.2346

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.9654, 10.1389, 9.5103



19.8453, 15.8213, 13.9509



11.8872, 15.6824, 13.2274



3.6975, 3.7063, 3.9336



8.1506, 4.1940, 0.7355



39.5638, 20.3757, 2.7666

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.1960, 10.5687,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972

Protanopia

10.9458, 10.6202, 21.8951

Deuteranopia

10.7975, 10.6229, 18.3110



Tritanopia

11.6924, 10.6318, 11.3334

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972

Protanomaly

11.5437, 10.4634, 20.8133

Deuteranomaly

11.5276, 10.5050, 18.5596

Tritanomaly

12.1243, 10.5708, 13.7133

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972

Achromatopsia

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

Achromatomaly

11.5000, 10.9488, 14.3392

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 79, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 79, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 79, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 79, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 79, 119) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 79, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 79, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 79, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 79, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 79,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.1960, 10.5687, 18.7972 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 79, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 79,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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