

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.2445, 10.4341, 1.3159)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.2445, 10.4341, 1.3159)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.2640, 10.4730,
1.3224)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C4A00
RGB	140, 74, 0
RGB Percent	55%, 29%, 0%
CMY	0.4510, 0.7098, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 1.00, 0.45
HSL	32°, 100%, 27%
HSV	32°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224
YIQ	85.2980, 63.0900, -9.0220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

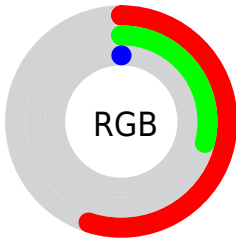
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 140, 0
Decimal	9193984
CIE Lab	38.68, 23.67, 48.30
CIE LCh	39, 53.786, 63.897
Yxy	10.4730, 0.5293, 0.4179
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287384064 (0xFF8C4A00)
YUV	85.2980, -42.0519, 47.9737
Hunter-Lab	32.3620, 16.5271, 20.2307

Details

The XYZ color **13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **6.6817, 5.7897, 25.5761**, and the grayscale version is **8.7739, 9.2308, 10.0523**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.3257, 26.5839, 7.0946**, and **3.9825, 2.6695, 0.3054** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.2641, 10.4734, 1.3225**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.8075, 11.4333, 1.8947**.

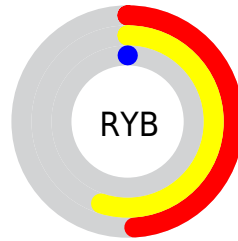
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (29%)

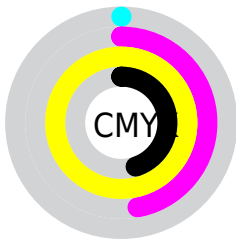
Blue (0%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (0%)

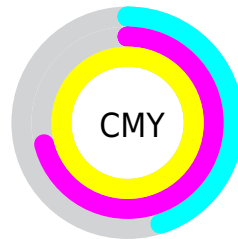


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.2640, 10.4730,
1.3224

■ 13.2640, 10.4730,
1.3224

■ 206.2063,
194.0154, 110.7636

■ 7.6888, 5.7137,
0.0800

■ 31.3746, 26.6814,
7.0881

■ 3.9466, 2.6718,
0.0000

■ 44.6407, 38.8994,
12.6914

■ 1.6720, 0.9629,
0.0000

■ 61.2011, 54.3723,
20.6662

■ 0.4386, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 81.4213, 73.4846,
31.4312


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 105.6666, 96.6206,
45.4049


■ 134.3023,


124.1649, 63.0058


 167.6937,
156.5017, 84.6525


 13.2640, 10.4730,
1.3224


 13.2640, 10.4730,
1.3224


 13.2641, 10.4734,
1.3225

 13.8075, 11.4333,
1.8947

 14.4495, 12.5087,
2.7516

 15.2183, 13.7131,
4.0355

 16.1249, 15.0528,
5.7973

 17.1787, 16.5336,
8.0807

■ 18.3880, 18.1606,
10.9243

■ 19.7607, 19.9389,
14.3630

■ 21.3037, 21.8729,
18.4290

■ 23.0238, 23.9670,
23.1521

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.7504, 10.4730, 3.6142



13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224



9.4982, 10.4730, 0.9106

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224



4.5855, 10.4730, 12.7820



14.2594, 10.4730, 36.4875

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224



6.6817, 5.7897, 25.5761

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.4247, 10.4730, 44.0639



13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224



5.3013, 10.4730, 26.1196

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224



5.0028, 10.4730, 4.7910



7.2467, 10.4730, 39.4444



17.4142, 10.4730, 22.3271

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224



7.4408, 10.4730, 1.2483



7.2467, 10.4730, 39.4444



12.9782, 10.4730, 40.1752

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.2642, 10.4736, 1.3226



34.6769, 34.9465, 24.9059



11.8485, 5.9888, 5.9473



7.7764, 7.7776, 5.1954



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.2642, 10.4736, 1.3226



23.2235, 18.1413, 2.2776



19.8041, 24.1309, 3.6140



5.2373, 5.4575, 5.3298



11.8057, 9.3458, 1.1817



0.0931, 0.0914, 0.0127

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.6817, 5.7897, 25.5761



11.6216, 9.8902, 45.0394



4.7629, 1.9086, 24.9281



4.9563, 5.2556, 6.3591



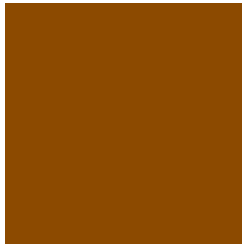
5.9564, 5.1832, 22.7322



0.0540, 0.0634, 0.1558

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

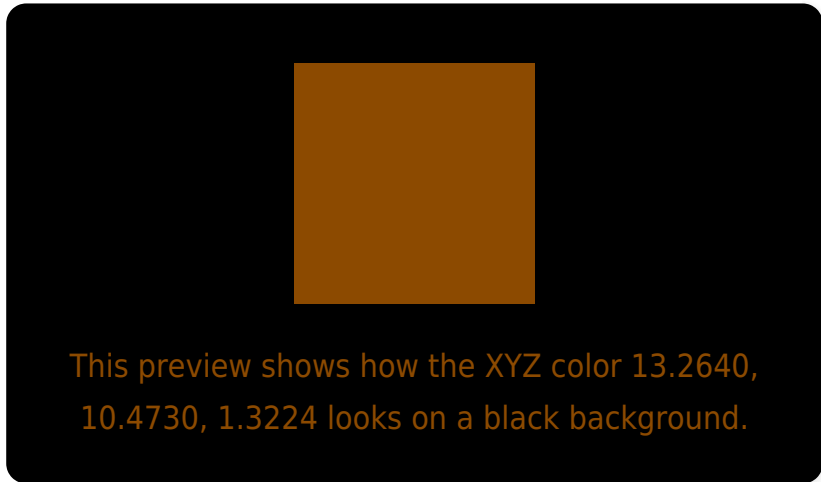
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.2640, 10.4730,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224

Protanopia

9.6024, 10.6239, 1.8923

Deuteranopia

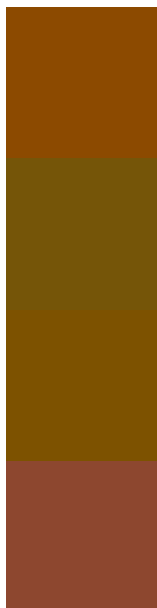
10.6107, 10.5294, 1.4731



Tritanopia

14.5195, 10.5014, 7.7403

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224

Protanomaly

10.6284, 10.2964, 1.6570

Deuteranomaly

11.4747, 10.3946, 1.4016

Tritanomaly

13.7508, 10.3744, 3.9670

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224

Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927

Achromatomaly

9.4340, 9.1545, 4.7598

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 74, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 74, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 74, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 74, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 74, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 74, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 74, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 74, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 74, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 74, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.2640, 10.4730, 1.3224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 74, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 74,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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