

# Converting Colors

XYZ(13.3026, 17.2999, 2.0820)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(13.3026, 17.2999, 2.0820)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(13.5134, 17.4809,  
2.6619)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E7B00
RGB	110, 123, 0
RGB Percent	43%, 48%, 0%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5176, 1.0000
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 1.00, 0.52
HSL	66°, 100%, 24%
HSV	66°, 100%, 48%
XYZ	13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619
YIQ	105.0910, 31.7350, -41.0090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

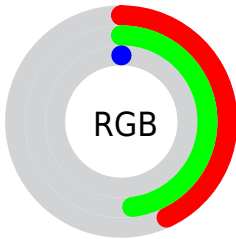
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 123, 13
Decimal	7240448
CIELab	48.86, -18.61, 53.78
CIELCh	49, 56.910, 109.085
Yxy	17.4809, 0.4015, 0.5194
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285430528 (0xFF6E7B00)
YUV	105.0910, -51.8099, 4.3052
Hunter-Lab	41.8102, -15.4751, 25.4923

# Details

The XYZ color **13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **3.7416, 1.5159, 18.8353**, and the grayscale version is **13.5826, 14.2900, 15.5618**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.7724, 39.0294, 10.7093**, and **4.1937, 5.7971, 0.8979** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.5137, 17.4816, 2.6620**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.7450, 17.5930, 3.0291**.

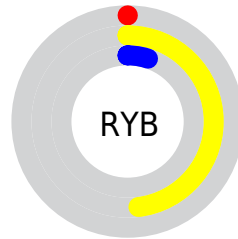
# Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (48%)

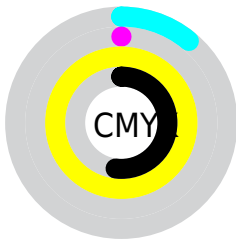
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (5%)

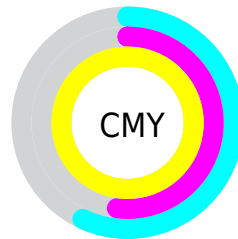


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 13.5134, 17.4809,  
2.6619

■ 13.5134, 17.4809,  
2.6619

207.7541,  
237.9286, 131.9306

■ 7.8624, 10.5780,  
0.9242

■ 31.8166, 39.1508,  
10.7821

■ 4.0581, 5.7838,  
0.0000

■ 45.1996, 54.6865,  
18.0022

■ 1.7351, 2.7141,  
0.0000

■ 61.8906, 73.8686,  
27.8870

■ 0.4781, 0.9843,  
0.0000


■ 82.2551, 97.0815,  
40.8550


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 106.6583,  
124.7095, 57.3249


■ 135.4656,


157.1371, 77.7151


 169.0424,  
194.7487, 102.4441


 13.5134, 17.4809,  
2.6619


 13.5134, 17.4809,  
2.6619


 13.5137, 17.4816,  
2.6620

 13.7450, 17.5930,  
3.0291

 14.0134, 17.7195,  
3.5793

 14.3424, 17.8705,  
4.4361

 14.7389, 18.0487,  
5.6358

 15.2088, 18.2566,  
7.2094

■ 15.7573, 18.4963,  
9.1845

■ 16.3893, 18.7695,  
11.5863

■ 17.1091, 19.0782,  
14.4377

■ 17.9208, 19.4240,  
17.7600

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.6114, 17.4809, 2.3835



13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619



10.0665, 17.4809, 5.6404

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619



10.8162, 17.4809, 50.5205



28.7022, 17.4809, 25.0836

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619



3.7416, 1.5159, 18.8353

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.5226, 17.4809, 45.1140



13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619



14.7668, 17.4809, 64.2001

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619



8.7525, 17.4809, 30.2037



20.1584, 17.4809, 61.8203



28.1669, 17.4809, 11.0257



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619



8.8251, 17.4809, 10.4305



20.1584, 17.4809, 61.8203



28.0096, 17.4809, 31.4062

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.5138, 17.4817, 2.6623



29.2581, 33.5712, 20.4002



8.3041, 4.4816, 0.4276



6.7947, 7.8651, 4.4353



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.5138, 17.4817, 2.6623



24.1272, 31.2669, 4.7635



8.3599, 14.8248, 2.4211



4.2680, 4.6135, 4.2900



13.9764, 18.0823, 2.7536



66.2411, 86.0339, 13.1149



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.7416, 1.5159, 18.8353



6.6331, 2.6799, 33.7243



6.3845, 2.8784, 18.9590



3.8334, 3.9120, 4.9962



3.8676, 1.5666, 19.4838



18.0859, 7.2856, 92.9228



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.5134, 17.4809,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619

### Protanopia

15.6055, 17.3161, 2.5198

### Deuteranopia

17.5653, 17.3170, 3.1262



## Tritanopia

17.2002, 17.3866, 21.1883

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619

## Protanomaly

14.7652, 17.4046, 2.5812

## Deuteranomaly

15.8762, 17.2771, 2.8788

## Tritanomaly

14.9389, 16.9856, 9.6989

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619

## Achromatopsia

13.4271, 14.1263, 15.3836

## Achromatomaly

12.8707, 15.1194, 7.5502

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 123, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 123, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 123, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 123, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 123, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 123, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 123, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 123, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 123, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 123,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.5134, 17.4809, 2.6619 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 123, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
123, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor