

# Converting Colors

XYZ(13.3069, 13.1744, 1.8416)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(13.3069, 13.1744, 1.8416)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(13.3280, 13.2165,  
1.8486)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	816100
RGB	129, 97, 0
RGB Percent	51%, 38%, 0%
CMY	0.4941, 0.6196, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 1.00, 0.49
HSL	45°, 100%, 25%
HSV	45°, 100%, 51%
XYZ	13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486
YIQ	95.5100, 50.2090, -23.3830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

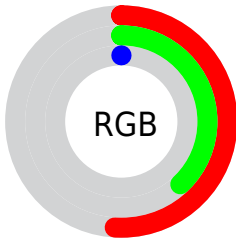
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	43, 129, 0
Decimal	8478976
CIELab	43.09, 5.08, 50.47
CIELCh	43, 50.727, 84.257
Yxy	13.2165, 0.4694, 0.4655
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286669056 (0xFF816100)
YUV	95.5100, -47.0864, 29.3707
Hunter-Lab	36.3545, 1.8199, 22.4333

# Details

The XYZ color **13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **4.4791, 2.6182, 21.0381**, and the grayscale version is **11.1017, 11.6799, 12.7194**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.4728, 31.6223, 8.5826**, and **4.0855, 3.8635, 0.5304** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.3281, 13.2169, 1.8486**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.7020, 13.8493, 2.3286**.

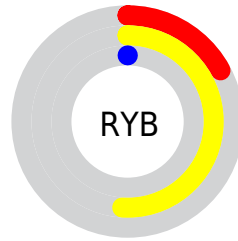
# Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (38%)

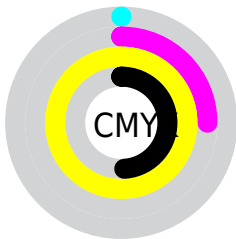
Blue (0%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (0%)

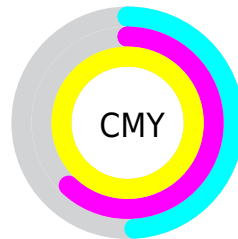


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (62%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 13.3280, 13.2165,  
1.8486


 13.3280, 13.2165,  
1.8486


 206.6046,  
212.3006, 119.9797


 7.7333, 7.5778,  
0.4597


 31.4881, 31.6922,  
8.6226


 3.9752, 3.8260,  
0.0000

 44.7843, 45.2980,  
14.9277


 1.6881, 1.5767,  
0.0000

 61.3784, 62.3282,  
23.7362

 0.4488, 0.3418,  
0.0000


 81.6357, 83.1674,  
35.4668


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 105.9217,  
108.1998, 50.5379


 134.6015,


137.8098, 69.3680


 168.0407,  
172.3820, 92.3758


 13.3280, 13.2165,  
1.8486


 13.3280, 13.2165,  
1.8486


 13.3281, 13.2169,  
1.8486

 13.7020, 13.8493,  
2.3286

 14.1280, 14.5217,  
3.0243

 14.6310, 15.2444,  
4.0653

 15.2189, 16.0208,  
5.4926

 15.8985, 16.8539,  
7.3415

■ 16.6759, 17.7461,  
9.6429

■ 17.5565, 18.7001,  
12.4254

■ 18.5454, 19.7178,  
15.7146

■ 19.6473, 20.8015,  
19.5348

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4763, 13.2165, 3.0444



13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486



9.7236, 13.2165, 2.3428

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486



6.8861, 13.2165, 25.1518



19.6919, 13.2165, 30.9540

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486



4.4791, 2.6182, 21.0381

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.9048, 13.2165, 44.2323



13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486



8.6677, 13.2165, 39.8392

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486



6.4759, 13.2165, 12.3450



11.8257, 13.2165, 48.1254



21.6079, 13.2165, 16.6504



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486



8.0180, 13.2165, 3.8324



11.8257, 13.2165, 48.1254



18.5620, 13.2165, 35.9297

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.3283, 13.2172, 1.8489



31.3221, 33.3632, 21.8693



9.3175, 4.7729, 1.8149



6.9605, 7.4137, 4.5364



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.3283, 13.2172, 1.8489



23.7443, 23.4215, 3.2694



12.7536, 18.2283, 2.8464



4.5779, 4.8444, 4.6139



12.9985, 12.8933, 1.8036



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.4791, 2.6182, 21.0381



7.9149, 4.4763, 37.6394



4.5661, 1.8963, 20.8942



4.1888, 4.3717, 5.4363



4.3699, 2.5584, 20.5134

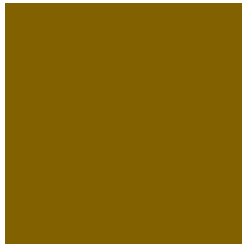


0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.3280, 13.2165,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486

### Protanopia

11.8600, 13.1629, 2.1166

### Deuteranopia

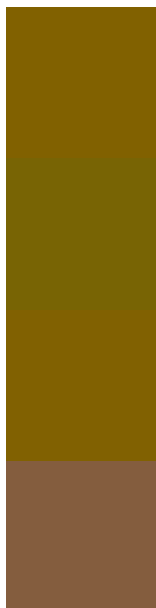
13.3389, 13.2209, 1.9063



## Tritanopia

15.6453, 13.2437, 13.0410

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486

## Protanomaly

12.3248, 13.1162, 1.9970

## Deuteranomaly

13.3334, 13.2187, 1.8774

## Tritanomaly

14.2996, 13.0820, 6.3288

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486

## Achromatopsia

11.1181, 11.6971, 12.7381

## Achromatomaly

11.2095, 11.8908, 6.1192

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 97, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 97, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 97, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 97, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 97, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 97, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 97, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 97, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 97, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 97, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.3280, 13.2165, 1.8486 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 97, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129, 97,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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