

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.3296, 6.6368, 11.2509)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.3296, 6.6368, 11.2509)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.3481, 6.6478,
11.1693)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F005E
RGB	143, 0, 94
RGB Percent	56%, 0%, 37%
CMY	0.4392, 0.9999, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.34, 0.44
HSL	321°, 100%, 28%
HSV	321°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693
YIQ	53.4730, 55.0540, 59.5500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

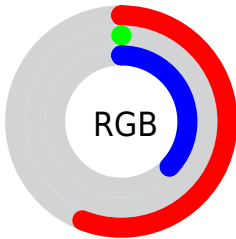
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 0, 94
Decimal	9371742
CIE _{Lab}	30.99, 57.35, -12.60
CIE _{LCh}	31, 58.715, 347.604
Yxy	6.6478, 0.4283, 0.2133
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287561822 (0xFF8F005E)
YUV	53.4730, 19.9798, 78.5152
Hunter-Lab	25.7833, 47.2891, -7.6360

Details

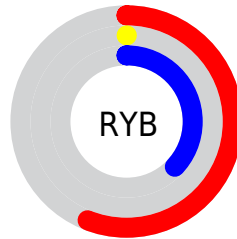
The XYZ color **13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **10.3774, 19.8670, 6.1953**, and the grayscale version is **3.4142, 3.5920, 3.9117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.5702, 19.3287, 28.4524**, and **4.4640, 2.2396, 2.9933** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.3479, 6.6477, 11.1680**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.7365, 7.0613, 12.4185**.

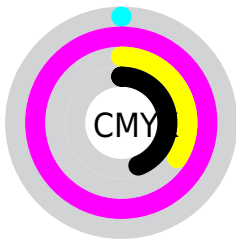
Distribution



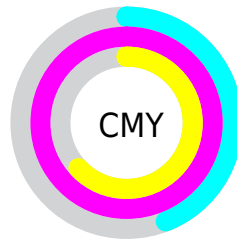
- Red (56%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 13.3481, 6.6478,
11.1693


 13.3481, 6.6478,
11.1693


206.7295,
164.7043, 209.6043


 7.7473, 3.2428,
6.0652


 31.5238, 19.2611,
28.6142


 3.9841, 1.2598,
2.8153

 44.8294, 29.2382,
41.7922

 1.6932, 0.1097,
1.0011

 61.4340, 42.1748,
58.4985

 0.4520, 0.0000,
0.0000


 81.7030, 58.4553,
79.1517

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 106.0017, 78.4641,
104.1703

 134.6954,

102.5856, 133.9730

 168.1496,
131.2042, 168.9781

 13.3481, 6.6478,
11.1693

 13.3481, 6.6478,
11.1693


 13.3479, 6.6477,
11.1680

 13.7365, 7.0613,
12.4185

 14.2464, 7.6951,
13.7783

 14.9329, 8.6591,
15.2683

 15.8163, 9.9932,
16.8965

 16.9140, 11.7321,
18.6697

■ 18.2414, 13.9062,
20.5944

■ 19.8124, 16.5429,
22.6761

■ 21.6399, 19.6676,
24.9202

■ 23.7358, 23.3036,
27.3318

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.3072, 6.6478, 23.8779



13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693



13.1365, 6.6478, 3.4459

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693



4.7981, 6.6478, 0.0000



3.2906, 6.6478, 26.1894

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693



10.3774, 19.8670, 6.1953

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.3949, 6.6478, 13.1170



13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693



3.0673, 6.6478, 0.9679

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693



7.5730, 6.6478, 0.0000



2.3278, 6.6478, 4.3584



5.2108, 6.6478, 36.0538

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693



11.7481, 6.6478, 1.2562



2.3278, 6.6478, 4.3584



2.8885, 6.6478, 21.7132

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.3483, 6.6482, 11.1694



35.2856, 29.2949, 40.3598



6.1619, 2.6041, 26.1646



7.8383, 6.2904, 8.9261



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.3483, 6.6482, 11.1694



23.8212, 11.8719, 19.5646



11.4912, 5.9053, 1.3900



5.5488, 5.4800, 6.3879



11.8121, 5.8818, 9.9276



0.1233, 0.0604, 0.1496

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.3483, 6.6482, 11.1694



23.8212, 11.8719, 19.5646



13.1627, 20.9811, 20.8622



5.5488, 5.4800, 6.3879



11.8121, 5.8818, 9.9276



0.1233, 0.0604, 0.1496

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

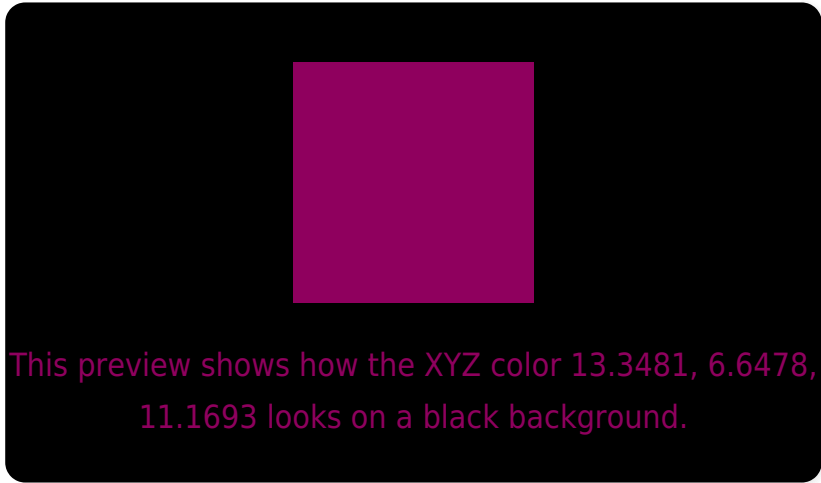
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

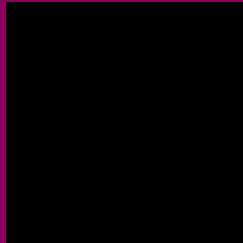
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.3481, 6.6478,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693

Protanopia

8.0185, 7.2718, 23.5352

Deuteranopia

7.3521, 7.2218, 10.2390



Tritanopia

11.6752, 6.9586, 2.6472

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693

Protanomaly

7.9136, 5.2039, 18.0401

Deuteranomaly

8.3415, 5.5960, 10.3134

Tritanomaly

11.9313, 6.5445, 4.7720

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693

Achromatopsia

3.3839, 3.5601, 3.8770

Achromatomaly

5.4532, 3.5398, 5.8647

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 0, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 0, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 0, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 0, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 0, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 0, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 0, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 0, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 0, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 0, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.3481, 6.6478, 11.1693 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 0, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143, 0,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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