

# Converting Colors

XYZ(13.3394, 25.6299, 7.6796)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(13.3394, 25.6299, 7.6796)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(13.4107, 25.7561,  
7.7546)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A136
RGB	0, 161, 54
RGB Percent	0%, 63%, 21%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3686, 0.7882
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.66, 0.37
HSL	140°, 100%, 32%
HSV	140°, 100%, 63%
XYZ	13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546
YIQ	100.6630, -61.6090, -67.4090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

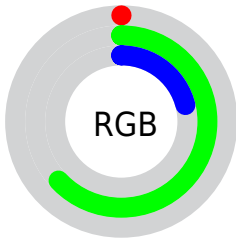
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 121, 161
Decimal	41270
CIELab	57.80, -57.82, 44.35
CIELCh	58, 72.872, 142.514
Yxy	25.7561, 0.2858, 0.5489
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278231350 (0xFF00A136)
YUV	100.6630, -23.0049, -88.2815
Hunter-Lab	50.7505, -41.6451, 26.4659

# Details

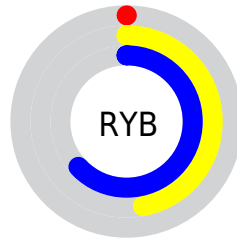
The XYZ color **13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **17.3524, 8.6389, 14.6628**, and the grayscale version is **12.3520, 12.9952, 14.1518**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.5791, 52.8193, 21.8954**, and **5.3626, 10.7251, 1.7875** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.4113, 25.7572, 7.7552**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.9063, 25.9801, 9.2378**.

# Distribution



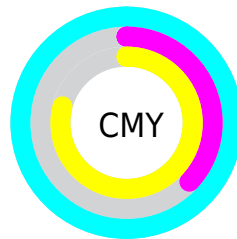
- Red (0%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (37%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (79%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 13.4107, 25.7561,  
7.7546


 13.4107, 25.7561,  
7.7546


207.1181,  
281.5827, 183.6565


 7.7909, 16.6413,  
3.8528


 31.6348, 52.8812,  
22.0141


 4.0121, 9.9791,  
1.5449


 44.9697, 71.6603,  
33.2089

 1.7090, 5.3851,  
0.2511

 61.6071, 94.4296,  
47.6718

 0.4619, 2.4749,  
0.0000

 81.9123, 121.5734,  
65.8213

 0.0000, 0.8640,  
0.0000

 106.2507,  
153.4763, 88.0760

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 134.9875,

190.5225, 114.8544

168.4882,  
233.0965, 146.5751

■ 13.4107, 25.7561,  
7.7546

■ 13.4107, 25.7561,  
7.7546

■ 13.4113, 25.7572,  
7.7552

■ 13.9063, 25.9801,  
9.2378

■ 14.6312, 26.3146,  
11.0373

■ 15.6624, 26.8001,  
13.1733

■ 17.0344, 27.4537,  
15.6625

■ 18.7766, 28.2903,  
18.5200

■ 20.9149, 29.3232,  
21.7605

■ 23.4732, 30.5642,  
25.3974

■ 26.4731, 32.0242,  
29.4438

■ 29.9348, 33.7135,  
33.9119

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.5873, 25.7561, 2.9297



13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546



11.3022, 25.7561, 22.2234

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546



22.3533, 25.7561, 108.0698



43.5420, 25.7561, 13.3453

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546



17.3524, 8.6389, 14.6628

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.2351, 25.7561, 34.8014



13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546



31.5036, 25.7561, 100.2504

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546



15.6033, 25.7561, 86.2789



40.4029, 25.7561, 68.7709



36.2120, 25.7561, 4.5544



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546



11.4559, 25.7561, 39.8322



40.4029, 25.7561, 68.7709



44.8503, 25.7561, 18.8465

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.4113, 25.7572, 7.7552



41.7580, 54.6002, 45.0966



18.8492, 28.6374, 4.5341



8.7455, 11.7743, 9.3116



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.4113, 25.7572, 7.7552



23.9348, 46.0939, 13.4523



17.0603, 27.2167, 26.9704



7.0790, 7.9324, 8.0278



10.7281, 20.5776, 6.2849



0.2467, 0.4409, 0.2440



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3524, 8.6389, 14.6628



30.9804, 15.4329, 25.7585



14.8945, 7.6557, 1.7195



7.2628, 7.1616, 8.3705



13.8778, 6.9072, 11.8128



0.3122, 0.1534, 0.3566



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.4107, 25.7561,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546

### Protanopia

22.9484, 25.2604, 6.4625

### Deuteranopia

25.8363, 25.2607, 8.3646



## Tritanopia

19.8574, 25.9014, 38.6032

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546



## Protanomaly

15.8916, 23.3847, 6.6937



## Deuteranomaly

16.7953, 22.9235, 7.8144



## Tritanomaly

16.2109, 25.3442, 22.7764

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546



## Achromatopsia

12.3695, 13.0136, 14.1719



## Achromatomaly

10.7975, 15.8960, 10.8866

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 161, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 161, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 161, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 161, 54) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 161, 54) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 161, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 161, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 161, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 161, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 161, 54)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.4107, 25.7561, 7.7546 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 161, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 161,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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