

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.3582, 11.8481, 1.5829)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.3582, 11.8481, 1.5829)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.3195, 11.8065,
1.5769)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	875600
RGB	135, 86, 0
RGB Percent	53%, 34%, 0%
CMY	0.4706, 0.6627, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 1.00, 0.47
HSL	38°, 100%, 26%
HSV	38°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769
YIQ	90.8470, 56.8100, -16.3580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

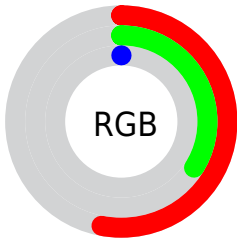
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 135, 0
Decimal	8869376
CIE Lab	40.91, 14.42, 49.36
CIE LCh	41, 51.428, 73.716
Yxy	11.8065, 0.4988, 0.4421
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287059456 (0xFF875600)
YUV	90.8470, -44.7876, 38.7222
Hunter-Lab	34.3606, 9.0625, 21.3314

Details

The XYZ color **13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **5.4716, 3.9460, 23.3948**, and the grayscale version is **9.9991, 10.5198, 11.4561**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.5350, 29.2412, 7.8529**, and **4.0174, 3.2481, 0.4152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.3196, 11.8068, 1.5769**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.8004, 12.6470, 2.1118**.

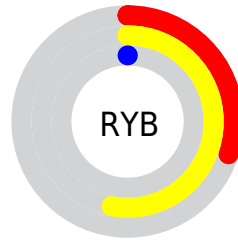
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (34%)

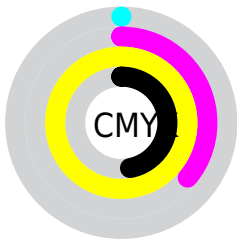
Blue (0%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (0%)

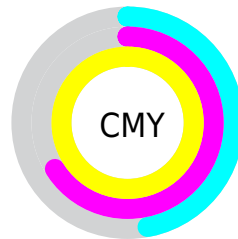


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.3195, 11.8065,
1.5769

■ 13.3195, 11.8065,
1.5769

■ 206.5517,
203.1200, 115.4164

■ 7.7274, 6.6121,
0.2743

■ 31.4731, 29.1422,
7.8480

■ 3.9714, 3.2207,
0.0000

■ 44.7652, 42.0522,
13.8050

■ 1.6860, 1.2480,
0.0000

■ 61.3549, 58.3029,
22.2011

■ 0.4475, 0.1004,
0.0000


■ 81.6073, 78.2787,
33.4548


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 105.8878,
102.3639, 47.9847


■ 134.5618,


130.9429, 66.2092


 167.9947,
164.4001, 88.5469


 13.3195, 11.8065,
1.5769


 13.3195, 11.8065,
1.5769


 13.3196, 11.8068,
1.5769

 13.8004, 12.6470,
2.1118

 14.3545, 13.5600,
2.8980

 15.0082, 14.5574,
4.0716

 15.7708, 15.6437,
5.6790

 16.6503, 16.8229,
7.7595

■ 17.6537, 18.0985,
10.3484

■ 18.7876, 19.4739,
13.4775

■ 20.0579, 20.9521,
17.1757

■ 21.4700, 22.5361,
21.4702

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1355, 11.8065, 3.3347



13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769



9.6299, 11.8065, 1.5197

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769



5.6665, 11.8065, 18.2688



16.8406, 11.8065, 33.7000

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769



5.4716, 3.9460, 23.3948

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.9799, 11.8065, 44.1908



13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769



6.8542, 11.8065, 32.4968

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769



5.7186, 11.8065, 7.9794



9.3567, 11.8065, 43.6589



19.4519, 11.8065, 19.3973

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769



7.7421, 11.8065, 2.3064



9.3567, 11.8065, 43.6589



15.6133, 11.8065, 38.0662

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.3198, 11.8071, 1.5771



33.5005, 34.7021, 23.7256



10.5567, 5.3770, 3.4432



7.5806, 7.8233, 4.9971



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.3198, 11.8071, 1.5771



23.6973, 20.8325, 2.7721



16.0001, 21.1098, 3.2314



4.9014, 5.1463, 4.9644



12.2953, 10.9132, 1.4584



0.0496, 0.0517, 0.0074

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.4716, 3.9460, 23.3948



9.6570, 6.7836, 41.8488



4.6227, 1.8780, 23.0404



4.5626, 4.8009, 5.8869



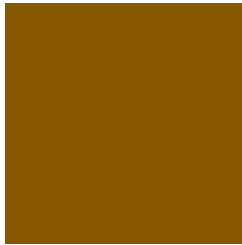
5.0572, 3.6622, 21.5770



0.0240, 0.0257, 0.0769

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

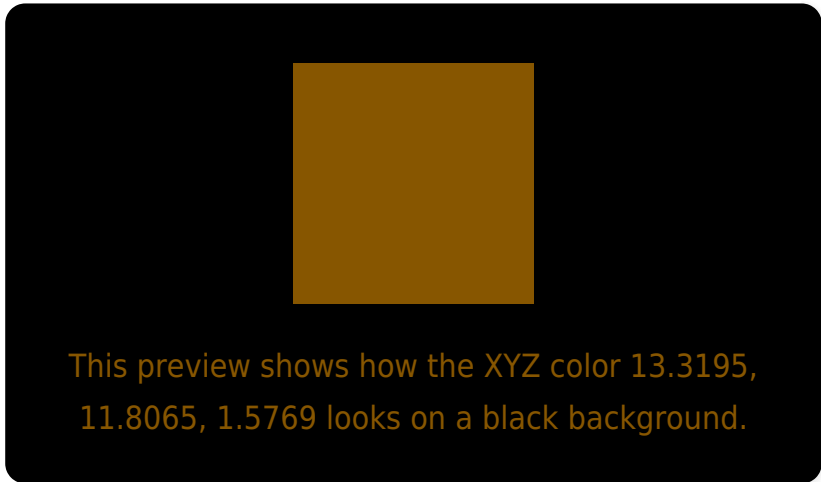
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.3195, 11.8065,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769

Protanopia

10.6362, 11.8225, 2.0085

Deuteranopia

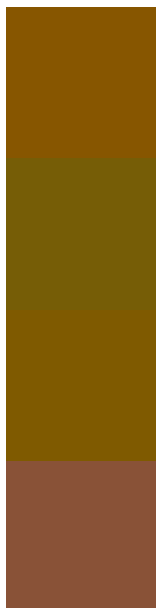
11.9955, 11.8652, 1.6580



Tritanopia

15.0296, 11.8125, 10.2920

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769

Protanomaly

11.4184, 11.6934, 1.8275

Deuteranomaly

12.4086, 11.8244, 1.6283

Tritanomaly

14.0234, 11.6288, 5.1199

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769

Achromatopsia

9.9438, 10.4616, 11.3927

Achromatomaly

10.3995, 10.5760, 5.4963

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 86, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 86, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 86, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 86, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 86, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 86, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 86, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 86, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 86, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 86, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.3195, 11.8065, 1.5769 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 86, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135, 86,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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