

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.4132, 7.5824,
1.7339)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	971E1A
RGB	151, 30, 26
RGB Percent	59%, 12%, 10%
CMY	0.4078, 0.8823, 0.8980
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.83, 0.41
HSL	2°, 71%, 35%
HSV	2°, 83%, 59%
XYZ	13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339
YIQ	65.7230, 73.4000, 24.4080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

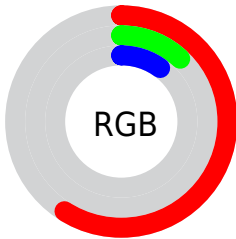
Format	Color
RYB	151, 30, 26
Decimal	9903642
CIELab	33.10, 48.69, 34.33
CIELCh	33, 59.577, 35.190
Yxy	7.5824, 0.5901, 0.3336
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288093722 (0xFF971E1A)
YUV	65.7230, -19.5834, 74.7879
Hunter-Lab	27.5362, 38.7613, 15.5419

Details

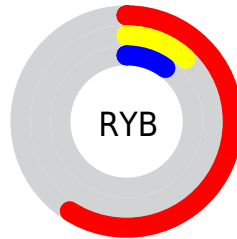
The XYZ color **13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **16.4442, 23.3186, 32.9121**, and the grayscale version is **5.1575, 5.4261, 5.9090**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.6165, 21.1076, 8.3690**, and **4.3144, 2.2241, 0.2019** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.9987, 6.9561, 0.9712**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.0885, 8.5883, 3.0222**.

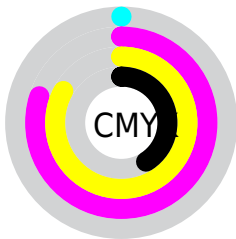
Distribution



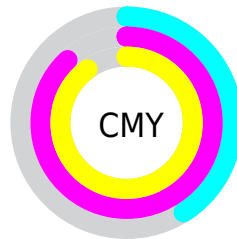
- Red (59%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.4132, 7.5824,
1.7339

■ 13.4132, 7.5824,
1.7339

207.1336,
172.4189, 118.0975

■ 7.7926, 3.8289,
0.3838

■ 31.6392, 21.1356,
8.2996

■ 4.0132, 1.5783,
0.0000

■ 44.9753, 31.7041,
14.4611

■ 1.7096, 0.3429,
0.0000

■ 61.6140, 45.3131,
23.0996

■ 0.4623, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 81.9207, 62.3470,
34.6338


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 106.2606, 83.1901,
49.4821


■ 134.9992,


108.2268, 68.0631


 168.5017,
137.8417, 90.7954


 13.4132, 7.5824,
1.7339


 13.4132, 7.5824,
1.7339


 12.9987, 6.9561,
0.9712


 14.0885, 8.5883,
3.0222

 12.8149, 6.6844,
0.6148

 15.0575, 10.0195,
4.9075

 16.3486, 11.9165,
7.4504

 17.9869, 14.3149,
10.7040

 19.9950, 17.2467,
14.7160

■ 22.3934, 20.7414,
19.5300

■ 25.2014, 24.8263,
25.1862

■ 28.4368, 29.5268,
31.7222

■ 32.1165, 34.8670,
39.1733

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.1267, 7.5824, 6.7773



13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339



10.0744, 7.5824, 0.2088

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339



2.9736, 7.5824, 2.8890



7.7716, 7.5824, 40.6264

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339



16.4442, 23.3186, 32.9121

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.9427, 7.5824, 36.3391



13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339



2.6859, 7.5824, 9.9354

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339



4.2375, 7.5824, 0.5856



3.2893, 7.5824, 22.9268



11.3143, 7.5824, 32.2663

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339



7.7293, 7.5824, 0.0000



3.2893, 7.5824, 22.9268



6.7084, 7.5824, 40.6556

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.4134, 7.5829, 1.7340



38.8648, 35.3408, 32.4849



18.5499, 9.4853, 29.2518



8.5144, 7.5676, 6.7428



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.4134, 7.5829, 1.7340



22.9558, 11.9650, 1.1560



16.6544, 14.0650, 2.8144



6.2239, 6.2529, 6.4847



10.9062, 5.6948, 0.5244



0.1668, 0.0926, 0.0091

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.4442, 23.3186, 32.9121



28.4669, 40.8914, 58.8261



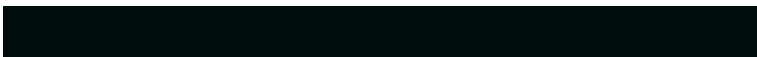
9.3731, 9.1763, 30.5551



6.3676, 6.9926, 7.9431



13.5214, 19.4395, 27.9472



0.2067, 0.2997, 0.4193

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

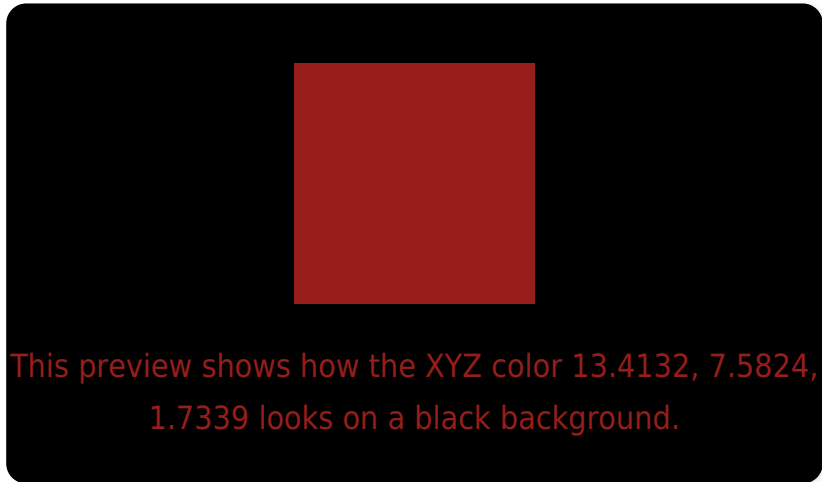
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.4132, 7.5824,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339

Protanopia

7.2594, 7.9585, 3.0730

Deuteranopia

7.8380, 7.7680, 1.4341



Tritanopia

13.4485, 7.5966, 1.9199

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339

Protanomaly

8.5669, 6.9402, 2.4015

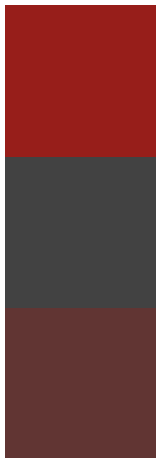
Deuteranomaly

9.2729, 7.0903, 1.4102

Tritanomaly

13.4364, 7.5917, 1.8558

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339

Achromatopsia

5.1784, 5.4480, 5.9329

Achromatomaly

6.8004, 5.3266, 3.8017

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 30, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 30, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 30, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 30, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 30, 26) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 30, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 30, 26)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 30, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 30, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 30,  
26) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.4132, 7.5824, 1.7339 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 30, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151, 30,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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