

# Converting Colors

XYZ(13.4750, 28.8914, 5.0585)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(13.4750, 28.8914, 5.0585)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(14.7909, 29.5204,  
5.1195)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00AC07
RGB	0, 172, 7
RGB Percent	0%, 67%, 3%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3255, 0.9725
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.96, 0.33
HSL	122°, 100%, 34%
HSV	122°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195
YIQ	101.7620, -49.5470, -87.7790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

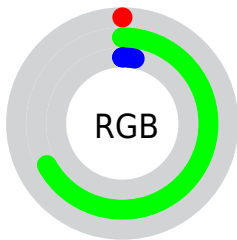
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	0, 165, 172
Decimal	44039
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.24, -63.98, 60.98
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 88.390, 136.375
Yxy	29.5204, 0.2992, 0.5972
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278234119 (0xFF00AC07)
YUV	101.7620, -46.7177, -89.2453
Hunter-Lab	54.3327, -46.4894, 32.4463

# Details

The XYZ color **14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **23.8043, 11.4872, 36.5538**, and the grayscale version is **12.6957, 13.3568, 14.5456**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.1827, 59.0612, 16.6195**, and **6.4784, 12.9569, 2.1595** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.7916, 29.5216, 5.1201**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.1478, 29.6912, 5.7706**.

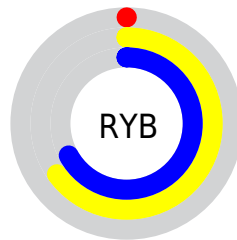
# Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (67%)

Blue (3%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (67%)

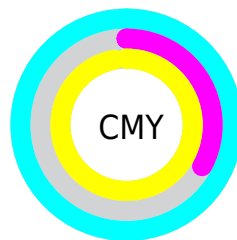


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (96%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (33%)


Yellow (97%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 14.7909, 29.5204,  
5.1195


 14.7909, 29.5204,  
5.1195


215.5106,  
299.6625, 159.9568


 8.7581, 19.4748,  
2.2576


 34.0606, 58.9029,  
16.5189


 4.6396, 12.0139,  
0.7073


 48.0283, 79.0086,  
25.8934


 2.0700, 6.7531,  
0.0000


 65.3716, 103.2365,  
38.2760

 0.6728, 3.3082,  
0.0000

 86.4559, 131.9710,  
54.0850

 0.0000, 1.2947,  
0.0000

 111.6466,  
165.5964, 73.7390


 0.0000, 0.1371,  
0.0000


 141.3091,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


204.4972, 97.6566


0.0000


 175.8087,  
249.0578, 126.2564


 14.7909, 29.5204,  
5.1195


 14.7909, 29.5204,  
5.1195


 14.7916, 29.5216,  
5.1201

 15.1478, 29.6912,  
5.7706

 15.8094, 30.0065,  
6.9674

 16.8754, 30.5164,  
8.8084

 18.3964, 31.2455,  
11.3669

 20.4159, 32.2147,  
14.7062

■ 22.9720, 33.4427,  
18.8827

■ 26.0994, 34.9460,  
23.9477

■ 29.8297, 36.7401,  
29.9482

■ 34.1922, 38.8391,  
36.9282

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.2176, 29.5204, 1.5398



14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195



11.4611, 29.5204, 19.3003

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195



23.1162, 29.5204, 143.0972



55.4254, 29.5204, 17.2644

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195



23.8043, 11.4872, 36.5538

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.8636, 29.5204, 49.6998



14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195



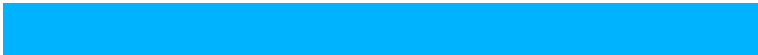
34.8421, 29.5204, 140.9563

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195



15.2914, 29.5204, 104.2982



47.5437, 29.5204, 99.6093



46.4738, 29.5204, 4.5074



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195



11.1931, 29.5204, 39.7861



47.5437, 29.5204, 99.6093



56.6439, 29.5204, 25.5468

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.7916, 29.5216, 5.1202



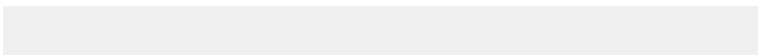
47.0135, 63.2347, 42.9056



30.5356, 37.6424, 5.6564



9.6922, 13.4900, 8.4758



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.7916, 29.5216, 5.1202



26.8134, 53.5466, 9.1852



16.6734, 30.2743, 15.0295



7.9172, 8.9445, 8.5892



11.0119, 21.9700, 3.8365



0.3105, 0.6129, 0.1288



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.8043, 11.4872, 36.5538



43.1621, 20.8303, 66.2020



18.4719, 9.3542, 8.4736



8.3228, 8.1424, 10.0104



17.7187, 8.5500, 27.2276

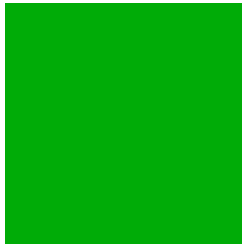


0.4972, 0.2395, 0.7798



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

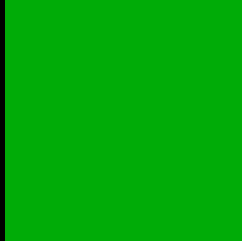
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

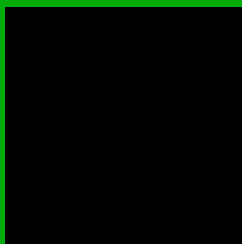
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.7909, 29.5204,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195

### Protanopia

26.1596, 28.9744, 4.2139

### Deuteranopia

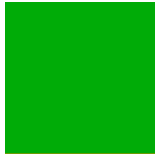
29.5901, 28.9195, 5.8562



## Tritanopia

22.7861, 29.5365, 44.0353

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195



## Protanomaly

17.8488, 26.8477, 4.3275



## Deuteranomaly

18.7357, 26.0639, 5.0803



## Tritanomaly

17.3828, 28.3240, 20.1737

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195



## Achromatopsia

12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694



## Achromatomaly

10.7825, 16.7078, 7.9668

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 172, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 172, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 172, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 172, 7) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 172, 7) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 172, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 172, 7)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 172, 7); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 172, 7); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 172, 7) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.7909, 29.5204, 5.1195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 172, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 172,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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