

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.4915, 17.2753, 3.1540)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.4915, 17.2753, 3.1540)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.4911, 17.2745,
3.1536)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E7A11
RGB	110, 122, 17
RGB Percent	43%, 48%, 7%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5216, 0.9333
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.86, 0.52
HSL	67°, 76%, 27%
HSV	67°, 86%, 48%
XYZ	13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536
YIQ	106.4420, 26.5530, -35.1990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

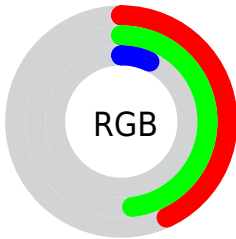
Format	Color
RYB	17, 122, 29
Decimal	7240209
CIELab	48.60, -17.65, 49.97
CIELCh	49, 52.991, 109.452
Yxy	17.2745, 0.3977, 0.5093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285430289 (0xFF6E7A11)
YUV	106.4420, -44.0949, 3.1204
Hunter-Lab	41.5626, -14.7940, 24.5951

Details

The XYZ color **13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **4.2206, 2.0677, 18.5900**, and the grayscale version is **13.9341, 14.6597, 15.9644**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.6156, 38.6325, 11.9214**, and **4.1862, 5.6949, 0.8786** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.2444, 17.1566, 2.7515**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.7895, 17.4147, 3.8104**.

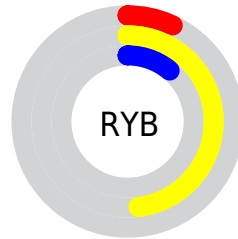
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (48%)

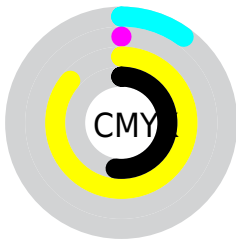
Blue (7%)



Red (7%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (11%)

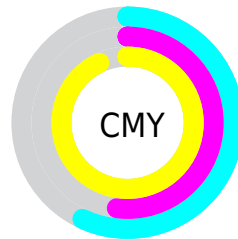


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (86%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.4911, 17.2745,
3.1536

■ 13.4911, 17.2745,
3.1536

207.6161,
236.7493, 138.2935

■ 7.8469, 10.4304,
1.1736

■ 31.7772, 38.7971,
12.0052

■ 4.0481, 5.6852,
0.0000

■ 45.1497, 54.2445,
19.7138

■ 1.7294, 2.6546,
0.0000

■ 61.8291, 73.3283,
30.1690

■ 0.4746, 0.9542,
0.0000

■ 82.1807, 96.4331,
43.7895

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 106.5699,
123.9432, 60.9936

■ 135.3619,

156.2430, 82.1999

168.9222,
193.7169, 107.8271

13.4911, 17.2745,
3.1536

13.4911, 17.2745,
3.1536

13.2444, 17.1566,
2.7515

13.7895, 17.4147,
3.8104

13.1510, 17.1115,
2.6097

14.1502, 17.5795,
4.7826

14.5800, 17.7723,
6.1038

15.0842, 17.9951,
7.8029

15.6679, 18.2501,
9.9060

■ 16.3356, 18.5390,
12.4368

■ 17.0914, 18.8634,
15.4170

■ 17.9392, 19.2250,
18.8672

■ 18.8828, 19.6252,
22.8063

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.1953, 17.2745, 2.8369



13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536



10.2768, 17.2745, 6.1985

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536



11.0482, 17.2745, 47.4691



27.4652, 17.2745, 24.1636

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536



4.2206, 2.0677, 18.5900

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.6208, 17.2745, 42.2138



13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536



14.7621, 17.2745, 59.4669

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536



9.0716, 17.2745, 29.2396



19.7423, 17.2745, 57.1736



26.9379, 17.2745, 11.2109

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536



9.1130, 17.2745, 10.8725



19.7423, 17.2745, 57.1736



26.8526, 17.2745, 29.8922

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.4915, 17.2753, 3.1540



28.6671, 32.5834, 21.6061



8.5313, 4.9856, 1.0432



6.4786, 7.4174, 4.6477



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.4915, 17.2753, 3.1540



23.0634, 30.0655, 4.5877



8.8651, 14.8903, 2.9374



4.2648, 4.6118, 4.2899



13.8408, 18.0124, 2.7473



65.5652, 85.6855, 13.0833

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.2206, 2.0677, 18.5900



6.4310, 2.6014, 32.5561



7.0222, 3.5120, 18.7211



3.8363, 3.9135, 4.9964



3.8840, 1.5750, 19.4846



18.1449, 7.3160, 92.9256

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

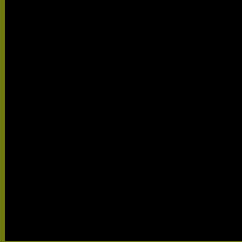
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.4911, 17.2745,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536

Protanopia

15.5375, 17.2711, 2.9667

Deuteranopia

17.3321, 17.0316, 3.3512



Tritanopia

17.0257, 17.1373, 20.8228

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536

Protanomaly

14.7403, 17.2052, 3.0343

Deuteranomaly

15.6877, 17.0020, 3.2655

Tritanomaly

15.0481, 16.8439, 10.8456

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536

Achromatopsia

13.6994, 14.4128, 15.6956

Achromatomaly

13.0936, 15.2086, 8.7240

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 122, 17)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 122, 17)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 122, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 122, 17) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 122, 17) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 122, 17) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 122, 17)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 122, 17); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 122, 17);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 122,  
17) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.4911, 17.2745, 3.1536 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 122, 17) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
122, 17) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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