

# Converting Colors

XYZ(13.5110, 26.3068, 4.3678)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(13.5110, 26.3068, 4.3678)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(13.5761, 26.4413,  
4.3881)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1CA300
RGB	28, 163, 0
RGB Percent	11%, 64%, 0%
CMY	0.8902, 0.3608, 1.0000
CMYK	0.83, 0.00, 1.00, 0.36
HSL	110°, 100%, 32%
HSV	110°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881
YIQ	104.0530, -28.1370, -79.3130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

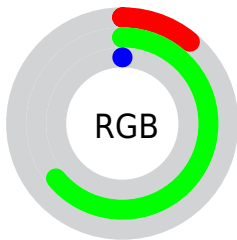
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	0, 163, 135
Decimal	1876736
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.45, -59.55, 59.80
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 84.395, 134.883
Yxy	26.4413, 0.3057, 0.5955
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280066816 (0xFF1CA300)
YUV	104.0530, -51.2981, -66.6985
Hunter-Lab	51.4211, -42.8597, 30.9352

# Details

The XYZ color **13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **16.6055, 7.7969, 35.2816**, and the grayscale version is **13.3118, 14.0051, 15.2515**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.8680, 53.8976, 14.8546**, and **5.5759, 11.1519, 1.8586** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.5764, 26.4422, 4.3883**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.1282, 26.7156, 4.9146**.

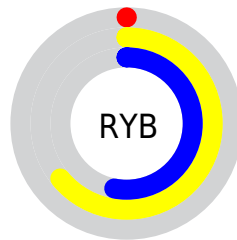
# Distribution



Red (11%)

Green (64%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (53%)

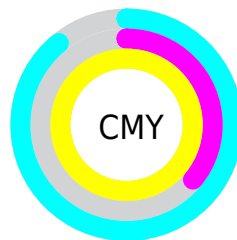


Cyan (83%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (89%)

Magenta (36%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 13.5761, 26.4413,  
4.3881


 13.5761, 26.4413,  
4.3881


208.1414,  
284.9417, 152.4461


 7.9062, 17.1541,  
1.8406


 31.9276, 53.9860,  
14.8954


 4.0863, 10.3444,  
0.4545


 45.3398, 73.0123,  
23.6922


 1.7510, 5.6279,  
0.0000

 62.0635, 96.0537,  
35.4092

 0.4879, 2.6202,  
0.0000

 82.4640, 123.4947,  
50.4650


 0.0000, 0.9368,  
0.0000


 106.9067,  
155.7196, 69.2780


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 135.7569,


193.1128, 92.2668


 169.3800,  
236.0587, 119.8500


 13.5761, 26.4413,  
4.3881


 13.5761, 26.4413,  
4.3881

 13.5764, 26.4422,  
4.3883

 14.1282, 26.7156,  
4.9146

 14.9426, 27.1155,  
5.8569

 16.0695, 27.6637,  
7.3889

 17.5383, 28.3737,  
9.5859

 19.3745, 29.2575,  
12.5122

■ 21.6013, 30.3256,  
16.2243

■ 24.2400, 31.5879,  
20.7734

■ 27.3101, 33.0535,  
26.2061

■ 30.8300, 34.7310,  
32.5657

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.3753, 26.4413, 1.3955



13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881



10.4388, 26.4413, 16.3754

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881



20.3075, 26.4413, 125.7635



49.5765, 26.4413, 16.5294

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881



16.6055, 7.7969, 35.2816

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.5436, 26.4413, 46.2827



13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881



30.5760, 26.4413, 125.9237

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881



13.5382, 26.4413, 90.3254



41.8801, 26.4413, 90.6766



41.9605, 26.4413, 4.4350



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881



10.1006, 26.4413, 33.8994



41.8801, 26.4413, 90.6766



50.5155, 26.4413, 24.2218

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.5767, 26.4424, 4.3887



43.1232, 56.4320, 36.7010



23.5091, 24.5952, 3.5087



9.2427, 12.4628, 7.4747



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.5767, 26.4424, 4.3887



24.1957, 47.2934, 7.8533



13.7094, 26.4402, 7.5858



7.0937, 7.9508, 7.5409



10.5788, 20.5641, 3.4117



0.2522, 0.4475, 0.0731



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.6055, 7.7969, 35.2816



29.5877, 13.8854, 63.1768



17.9958, 8.9434, 15.9294



7.2444, 7.1404, 8.8995



12.9380, 6.0763, 27.4207

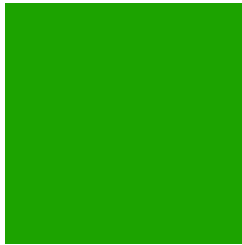


0.3015, 0.1429, 0.5776



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

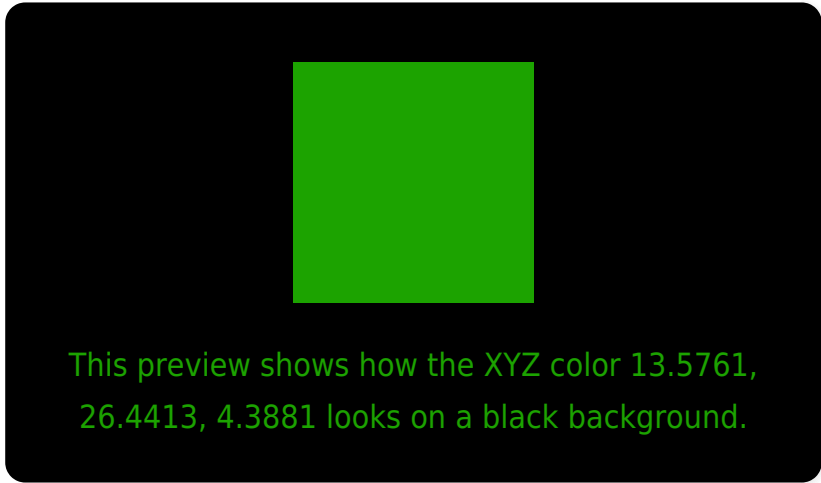
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

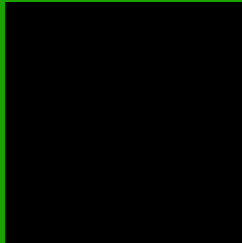
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.5761, 26.4413,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881

### Protanopia

23.4786, 26.0253, 3.7859

### Deuteranopia

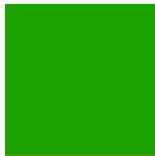
26.2338, 25.7378, 5.1753



## Tritanopia

20.6767, 26.5533, 39.1575

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881



## Protanomaly

17.1454, 24.5593, 3.8368



## Deuteranomaly

17.9933, 23.8404, 4.4124



## Tritanomaly

16.0745, 25.6463, 17.1997

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881



## Achromatopsia

13.1579, 13.8432, 15.0752



## Achromatomaly

11.2975, 16.5971, 7.7624

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 163, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 163, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 163, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 163, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 163, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 163, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 163, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 163, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 163, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 163, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.5761, 26.4413, 4.3881 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 163, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 163,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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