

# Converting Colors

XYZ(13.5208, 6.4844, 22.5848)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(13.5208, 6.4844, 22.5848)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(13.5937, 6.5187,  
22.7321)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	830085
RGB	131, 0, 133
RGB Percent	51%, 0%, 52%
CMY	0.4863, 1.0000, 0.4784
CMYK	0.02, 1.00, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	299°, 100%, 26%
HSV	299°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321
YIQ	54.3310, 35.3830, 69.1350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

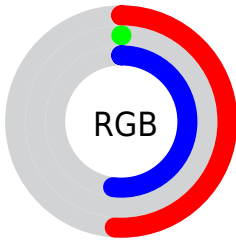
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	131, 0, 133
Decimal	8585349
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	30.69, 60.25, -38.16
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	31, 71.315, 327.655
Yxy	6.5187, 0.3173, 0.1521
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286775429 (0xFF830085)
YUV	54.3310, 38.7838, 67.2387
Hunter-Lab	25.5317, 50.3570, -34.9164

# Details

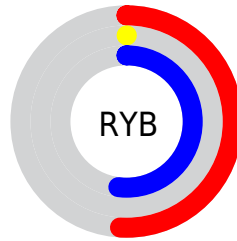
The XYZ color **13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **8.4127, 16.7881, 2.7972**, and the grayscale version is **3.4983, 3.6805, 4.0080**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.0912, 19.0443, 48.9982**, and **4.6219, 2.2023, 8.3651** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.5939, 6.5188, 22.7322**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.7728, 6.8306, 22.7829**.

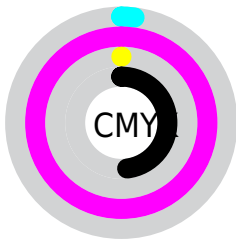
# Distribution



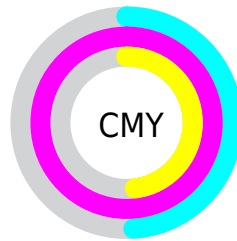
- Red (51%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 13.5937, 6.5187,  
22.7321

■ 13.5937, 6.5187,  
22.7321

208.2500,  
163.6024, 279.4232

■ 7.9184, 3.1630,  
14.1924

■ 31.9587, 18.9982,  
48.8707

■ 4.0942, 1.2174,  
8.1143

■ 45.3791, 28.8908,  
67.3066

■ 1.7555, 0.0758,  
4.0794

■ 62.1119, 41.7311,  
89.8783

■ 0.4907, 0.0000,  
1.6690

■ 82.5225, 57.9035,  
117.0044

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3393


■ 106.9763, 77.7924,  
149.1034


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 135.8386,

101.7823, 186.5939

 169.4747,  
130.2575, 229.8943

 13.5937, 6.5187,  
22.7321

 13.5937, 6.5187,  
22.7321


 13.5939, 6.5188,  
22.7322

 13.7728, 6.8306,  
22.7829

 14.0389, 7.3168,  
22.8628

 14.4428, 8.0782,  
22.9885

 15.0008, 9.1481,  
23.1656

 15.7275, 10.5551,  
23.3988

■ 16.6354, 12.3244,  
23.6925

■ 17.7360, 14.4790,  
24.0504

■ 19.0397, 17.0398,  
24.4759

■ 20.5564, 20.0265,  
24.9725

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.7838, 6.5187, 40.3532



13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321



15.3835, 6.5187, 7.8982

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321



6.4693, 6.5187, 0.0000



2.0009, 6.5187, 19.9485

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321



8.4127, 16.7881, 2.7972

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.6695, 6.5187, 6.3533



13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321



3.6137, 6.5187, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321



10.4307, 6.5187, 0.0000



2.1306, 6.5187, 1.0328



3.2975, 6.5187, 37.9434



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321



14.8314, 6.5187, 2.7759



2.1306, 6.5187, 1.0328



1.7999, 6.5187, 14.4944

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.5940, 6.5190, 22.7322



31.6145, 25.6407, 43.0213



4.2579, 1.7418, 22.3022



6.9566, 5.4516, 9.6383



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.5940, 6.5190, 22.7322



24.3312, 11.6674, 40.7080



10.7385, 5.4129, 6.0636



4.8512, 4.7594, 5.8637



12.9490, 6.2096, 21.6528



0.0454, 0.0218, 0.0750



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.6840, 4.9911, 0.5106



17.3365, 8.9356, 0.8859



9.3213, 17.1486, 7.7122



4.6752, 4.6898, 4.9019



9.2243, 4.7541, 0.4876



0.0321, 0.0165, 0.0026



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

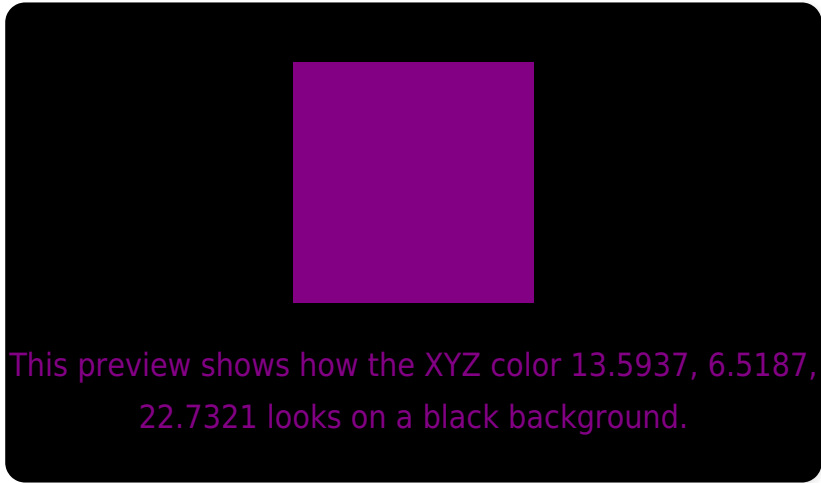
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

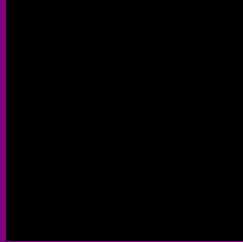
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.5937, 6.5187,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321

### Protanopia

8.2153, 7.0982, 31.5089

### Deuteranopia

7.2824, 7.1631, 20.4008



## Tritanopia

9.9678, 6.8791, 4.5438

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321



## Protanomaly

7.3842, 4.6577, 27.7040



## Deuteranomaly

7.8549, 5.1683, 21.0057



## Tritanomaly

10.6015, 6.0878, 9.0038

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321



## Achromatopsia

3.5063, 3.6889, 4.0173



## Achromatomaly

5.6130, 3.5624, 8.5754

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 0, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 0, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 0, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 0, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 0, 133) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 0, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 0, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 0, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 0, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 0,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.5937, 6.5187, 22.7321 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 0, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131, 0,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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