

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.5217, 6.8250, 36.5570)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.5217, 6.8250, 36.5570)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.5066, 6.8200,
36.6809)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C1DA6
RGB	108, 29, 166
RGB Percent	42%, 11%, 65%
CMY	0.5765, 0.8863, 0.3490
CMYK	0.35, 0.83, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	275°, 70%, 38%
HSV	275°, 83%, 65%
XYZ	13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809
YIQ	68.2390, 3.1070, 59.3550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

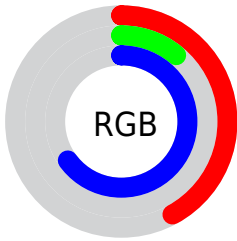
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 29, 166
Decimal	7085478
CIE _{Lab}	31.39, 56.64, -57.45
CIE _{LCh}	31, 80.673, 314.592
Yxy	6.8200, 0.2369, 0.1196
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285275558 (0xFF6C1DA6)
YUV	68.2390, 48.1962, 34.8704
Hunter-Lab	26.1151, 46.6177, -64.9972

Details

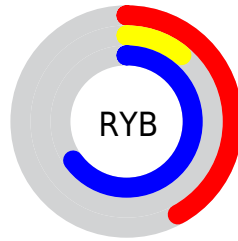
The XYZ color **13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **17.7884, 29.3874, 5.8972**, and the grayscale version is **5.4577, 5.7419, 6.2529**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.8722, 19.6139, 71.2133**, and **4.3459, 1.8961, 15.7597** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.3834, 5.7912, 36.5417**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.9186, 8.3230, 36.8967**.

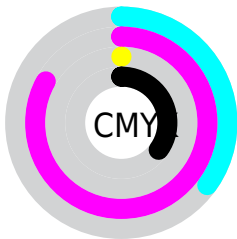
Distribution



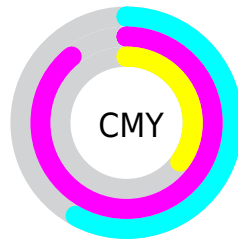
- Red (42%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.5066, 6.8200,
36.6809

■ 13.5066, 6.8200,
36.6809

207.7120,
166.1595, 347.0539

■ 7.8577, 3.3498,
24.6667

■ 31.8046, 19.6102,
71.2626

■ 4.0551, 1.3170,
15.6121

■ 45.1844, 29.6989,
94.6671

■ 1.7333, 0.1543,
9.0987

■ 61.8719, 42.7626,
122.7055

■ 0.4770, 0.0000,
4.7079

■ 82.2324, 59.1857,
155.7962

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.0212

■ 106.6313, 79.3526,
194.3579

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.5683

■ 135.4340,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

103.6475, 238.8091

0.0000

169.0058,
132.4551, 289.5682

13.5066, 6.8200,
36.6809

13.5066, 6.8200,
36.6809

12.3834, 5.7912,
36.5417

14.9186, 8.3230,
36.8967

11.6780, 5.2251,
36.4696

16.6507, 10.3620,
37.1990

18.7307, 12.9902,
37.5967

21.1829, 16.2536,
38.0973

24.0291, 20.1938,
38.7078

■ 27.2892, 24.8486,
39.4345

■ 30.9817, 30.2530,
40.2830

■ 35.1240, 36.4398,
41.2589

■ 39.7322, 43.4396,
42.3671

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.6158, 6.8200, 55.5229



13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809



17.0622, 6.8200, 14.9365

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809



8.7443, 6.8200, 0.0000



1.5287, 6.8200, 14.4591

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809



17.7884, 29.3874, 5.8972

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.5396, 6.8200, 2.9809



13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809



4.7336, 6.8200, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809



13.6333, 6.8200, 0.0000



2.4473, 6.8200, 0.0000



2.4071, 6.8200, 36.0415

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809



17.5459, 6.8200, 5.8006



2.4473, 6.8200, 0.0000



1.4451, 6.8200, 9.3293

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.5070, 6.8202, 36.6811



47.7110, 42.4803, 71.1602



10.9096, 10.0542, 37.4422



10.2271, 8.8636, 15.8239



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.5070, 6.8202, 36.6811



21.1061, 9.4724, 66.1912



22.2398, 11.4155, 32.8700



7.5304, 7.5061, 9.4703



9.1099, 4.0797, 28.2828



0.2782, 0.1284, 0.6908

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8855, 9.6739, 9.9410



30.5407, 15.5510, 11.7501



14.4950, 27.6746, 6.4228



7.6580, 7.5930, 8.5160



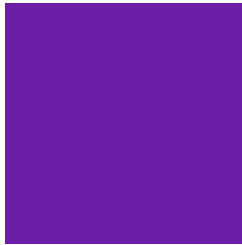
13.0811, 6.6411, 5.2384



0.3440, 0.1719, 0.2630

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

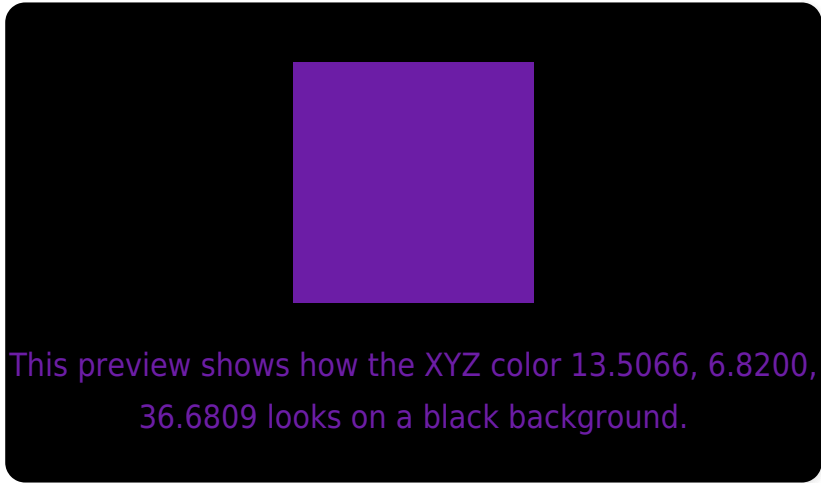
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

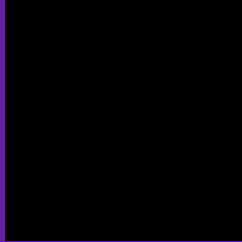
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.5066, 6.8200,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809

Protanopia

7.9849, 6.9017, 30.6171

Deuteranopia

6.8187, 6.9737, 22.8165



Tritanopia

7.5806, 6.9243, 7.4156

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809

Protanomaly

8.3367, 5.6940, 32.5579

Deuteranomaly

7.4866, 5.6767, 27.0867

Tritanomaly

8.9028, 6.2413, 14.6454

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809

Achromatopsia

5.4944, 5.7805, 6.2950

Achromatomaly

7.3851, 5.4768, 13.7646

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 29, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 29, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 29, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 29, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 29, 166) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 29, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 29, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 29, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 29, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 29,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.5066, 6.8200, 36.6809 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 29, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108, 29,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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