

# Converting Colors

XYZ(13.6272, 8.9587, 4.3123)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(13.6272, 8.9587, 4.3123)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(13.6631, 9.0001,  
4.2659)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	913734
RGB	145, 55, 52
RGB Percent	57%, 22%, 20%
CMY	0.4314, 0.7843, 0.7961
CMYK	0.00, 0.62, 0.64, 0.43
HSL	2°, 47%, 39%
HSV	2°, 64%, 57%
XYZ	13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659
YIQ	81.5680, 54.6030, 18.1470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

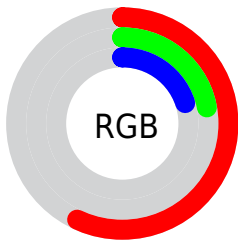
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	145, 55, 52
Decimal	9516852
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	35.98, 37.85, 21.70
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	36, 43.631, 29.826
Yxy	9.0001, 0.5074, 0.3342
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287706932 (0xFF913734)
YUV	81.5680, -14.5770, 55.6299
Hunter-Lab	30.0002, 28.7947, 12.5693

# Details

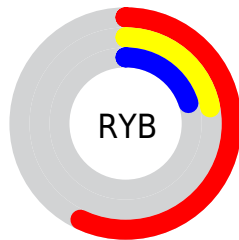
The XYZ color **13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **16.1992, 22.1187, 30.2035**, and the grayscale version is **7.9547, 8.3689, 9.1138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.0348, 23.9054, 14.7302**, and **4.1637, 2.1414, 0.4236** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.8109, 7.7406, 2.6106**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.8056, 10.6798, 6.5131**.

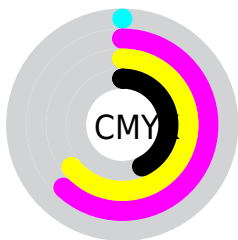
# Distribution



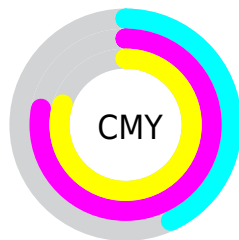
- Red (57%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (43%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (80%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 13.6631, 9.0001,  
4.2659


 13.6631, 9.0001,  
4.2659


208.6776,  
183.3786, 151.1365


 7.9669, 4.7412,  
1.7723


 32.0813, 23.8970,  
14.6185


 4.1254, 2.0963,  
0.4096

 45.5340, 35.3038,  
23.3146


 1.7733, 0.6625,  
0.0000

 62.3029, 49.8620,  
34.9153

 0.5015, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 82.7533, 67.9561,  
49.8391

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 107.2506, 89.9704,  
68.5046

 136.1602,

116.2893, 91.3303

169.8474,  
147.2973, 118.7348

■ 13.6631, 9.0001,  
4.2659

■ 13.6631, 9.0001,  
4.2659

■ 12.8109, 7.7406,  
2.6106

■ 14.8056, 10.6798,  
6.5131

■ 12.2223, 6.8628,  
1.4911

■ 16.2607, 12.8109,  
9.4004

■ 11.8664, 6.3239,  
0.8393

■ 18.0493, 15.4230,  
12.9718

■ 11.7278, 6.1214,  
0.5634

■ 20.1903, 18.5431,  
17.2671

■ 22.7011, 22.1962,  
22.3230

■ 25.5980, 26.4054,  
28.1739

■ 28.8964, 31.1926,  
34.8519

■ 32.6108, 36.5786,  
42.3876

■ 36.7549, 42.5830,  
50.8097

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.5876, 9.0001, 9.8431



13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659



11.3199, 9.0001, 1.9037

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659



4.9207, 9.0001, 4.2228



8.5392, 9.0001, 32.2081

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659



16.1992, 22.1187, 30.2035

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.2804, 9.0001, 28.1089



13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659



4.4671, 9.0001, 9.7562

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659



6.3019, 9.0001, 1.8892



4.9102, 9.0001, 18.7801



11.2882, 9.0001, 28.1968



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659



9.4677, 9.0001, 1.3847



4.9102, 9.0001, 18.7801



7.7016, 9.0001, 31.7133

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.6633, 9.0006, 4.2661



38.2056, 36.1884, 35.0422



17.8971, 10.4726, 27.2437



8.2487, 7.6859, 7.2914



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.6633, 9.0006, 4.2661



22.4163, 13.0797, 3.6674



16.8588, 15.3916, 5.3312



5.4220, 5.4503, 5.6556



10.0632, 5.2582, 0.4845



0.0984, 0.0547, 0.0054



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.1992, 22.1187, 30.2035



27.3074, 38.4663, 53.9590



10.7971, 11.3146, 28.4028



5.5455, 6.0868, 6.9114



12.4709, 17.9277, 25.7802



0.1223, 0.1775, 0.2475



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

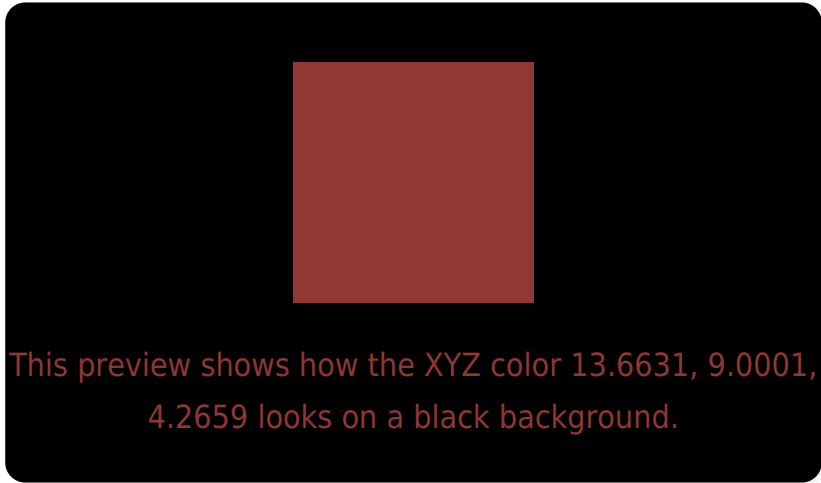
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

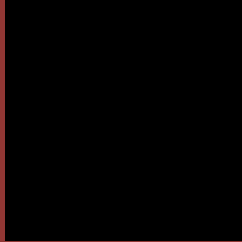
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659.



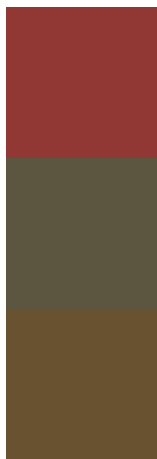
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.6631, 9.0001,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659

### Protanopia

8.5875, 9.1425, 6.1625

### Deuteranopia

9.2393, 9.1829, 3.9748



## Tritanopia

13.7347, 8.9535, 4.8752

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659

## Protanomaly

9.8199, 8.6033, 5.4180

## Deuteranomaly

10.4795, 8.7784, 4.0478

## Tritanomaly

13.6858, 8.9339, 4.6175

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659

## Achromatopsia

8.0200, 8.4376, 9.1886

## Achromatomaly

9.2804, 8.0929, 7.0342

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 55, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 55, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 55, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 55, 52) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 55, 52) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 55, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 55, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 55, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 55, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 55,  
52) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.6631, 9.0001, 4.2659 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 55, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 55,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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